

## **CAPSULE SUMMARY**

**BA-0006**

**Albert Smith House**

**701 Frederick Road, Catonsville, Baltimore County**

**ca. 1819**

**Private**

Built around 1819, the Albert Smith House is one of the oldest buildings in Catonsville, dating to the same period as the founding of the town. Though a large one-story storefront has been added to the façade, the rest of the house remains largely intact, and reflects early-19th century domestic stone building traditions in the Catonsville area. Its alteration to accommodate a commercial use in the 1880s reflects Frederick Road's function as Catonsville's primary commercial thoroughfare during the 19th and early-20th centuries. During the 1880s, Catonsville resident Albert Smith used the first floor of the house as office space and as a store to sell commodities produced locally at his steam mill.

This three-bay wide vernacular dwelling is two-and-a-half stories in height. Reflecting its early-19th century construction date, the house is constructed of rough-cut limestone, with large stone quoins accentuating the corners. The main block of the structure has an I-house form enlarged by a two-story rear ell at the center of the south elevation. The cross gable roof, covering the main block and its contemporary ell, is clad with standing seam metal and has wide overhanging eaves. A projecting front gable with a single window opening was added to the primary elevation in the latter part of the 19th century to give the building a vernacular Gothic Revival style interpretation. The original portion of the building has two large brick, interior chimneys with corbeled caps. A two-story wood frame porch runs the depth of the masonry ell on the west elevation. Extant by 1899, a one-story wood frame addition was constructed on the northwest elevation. This rectangular space provided a separate commercial space for the property. Between 1899 and 1904, a one-story commercial storefront was added to the façade of the former dwelling when its use had been converted to a drug store in the late 19th century. This storefront was replaced, or extensively altered, between 1919 and 1925 to its present configuration encompassing the one-story commercial space on the northwest elevation. A two-story ell of wood frame was constructed between 1904 and 1910, replacing a one-story ell. The 20th century ell is clad with asbestos shingles and has a shallow pitched gable roof with standing seam metal.



## 7. Description

Inventory No. BA-0006

### Condition

excellent       deteriorated  
 good             ruins  
 fair               altered

Prepare both a one-paragraph summary and a comprehensive description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

Constructed around 1819, this three-bay wide vernacular dwelling is two-and-a-half stories in height. The masonry building has a T-shaped plan augmented by a two-story ell. The building is located in the town of Catonsville at the southwest corner of Frederick Road and Bloomsbury Avenue, with a paved parking lot to the rear. Reflecting its early-19<sup>th</sup> century construction date, the house is constructed of rough-cut limestone, with large stone quoins accentuating the corners. The main block of the structure has an I-house form enlarged by a two-story rear ell at the center of the south elevation. It measures three bays wide and one room deep with a central entry now obscured by a one-story commercial storefront. The cross gable roof, covering the main block and its contemporary ell, is clad with standing seam metal and has wide overhanging eaves. A projecting front gable with a single window opening was added to the primary elevation in the latter part of the 19<sup>th</sup> century to give the building its present Gothic Revival interpretation. The original portion of the building has two large brick, interior chimneys with corbeled caps. A two-story wood frame porch runs the depth of the masonry ell on the west elevation. Extant by 1899, a one-story wood frame addition was constructed on the northwest elevation. This rectangular space provided a separate commercial space for the property. Between 1899 and 1904, a one-story commercial storefront was added to the façade of the former dwelling when its use had been converted to a drug store in the late 19<sup>th</sup> century. This storefront was replaced, or extensively altered, between 1919 and 1925 to its present configuration encompassing the one-story northwest side addition. A two-story ell of wood frame was constructed between 1904 and 1910, replacing a one-story ell. The 20<sup>th</sup> century ell is clad with asbestos shingles and has a shallow pitched gable roof with standing seam metal.

According to historic photos, the house had already been converted to commercial use by 1881, when the first story of the façade featured two projecting display windows and cut stone cladding distinctly different from the rougher stonework on the main block. The commercial use of the building continued into the 20<sup>th</sup> century. As a result of the on-going use of the first floor as commercial space, little, if any, of the original first story façade remains.

### EXTERIOR

The façade, facing north on Frederick Road, is dominated by the one-story, flat-roofed storefront addition. This addition can be divided into three levels. At the base, the storefront is clad with brick laid in stretcher bond and capped by a projecting course of rowlock bricks. The center section of the storefront is composed of twelve plate glass windows with metal framing. The recessed cant entry features a single-leaf plate glass and metal door with a one-light transom. Above the windows is the entablature, which projects slightly over the windows. Clad with vertical-groove metal siding, it features the applied neon lettering, "DIXON SIGNS." The second story of the main block remains exposed, with three equally spaced window openings. The openings have 2/2 replacement windows with jack-arched stone lintels. The late 19<sup>th</sup> century center gable is clad with German siding, and is pierced by a semi-circular arched window. Queen Anne in style, the upper sash features a single rectangular pane surrounded by smaller panes of colored glass, while the lower sash has two panes.

Largely obscured from public view by 1919-1925 commercial storefront, the west elevation consists of the main block with contemporary ell, one-story pre-1881 commercial space of wood frame, and the two-story rear ell.

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With the expansion of the commercial space by 1925, the first story between the main block and the pre-1881 structure was removed. An opening was created to hold an air conditioning unit on the second story of the main block, above the half-hipped roof of the pre-1881 structure. A single 2/2 replacement window is located in the gable end. Further north, within the masonry ell, the first and second stories are symmetrically pierced by two window openings with stone lintels. The openings on the first story have been boarded over with plywood. The second story opening hold 2/2 windows. The west elevation of the two-story wood frame ell has a 2/2 window and a single-leaf wood door on the first story, and a 6/6 window on the second story. The pre-1881 commercial space was enlarged by the middle part of the 20<sup>th</sup> century by the construction of a one-story concrete block addition. Covered by a flat roof, the addition has a single entry holding a four-panel and two-light door.

The south elevation of the original masonry ell, visible over the two-story wood frame addition, is pierced on the second story by a single 4/4 window with a stone lintel on the second story and a 2/2 window with a lug wood lintel in the gable end. Both openings have wood sills. The south elevation of the later wood frame ell has a 6/6 window on the first story, and two 4/4 windows on the second story. The east elevation of the ell is similarly marked with two 2/2 windows on the first story and two 4/4 windows on the second story. A one-story wood frame addition was built on the northern end of the wood frame ell. This asbestos-clad addition has a half-hipped roof of standing seam metal. It is pierced on the south elevation by a single entry holding a six-lights above two-panel door. A semi-circular arched pediment covers the opening. The east elevation of the addition has a 2/2 window.

The east elevation of the masonry ell has a two-story, two-bay wide porch with a sloping roof. This porch is maintained on the first story by wrought-iron supports and balustrade. The second story of the porch has chamfered wood posts and wrought-iron balustrade. Two elongated 4/1 windows with stone sills and lintels, and a single-leaf wood entry pierce the first story of the ell. This entry holds a two-light and two-panel wood door crowned by a single-light transom.<sup>1</sup> The second story has two 4/4 windows with stone lintels and a single-leaf four-panel door with one light and a stone lintel. The main block of the building is presently not pierced by any window or door openings. Historically, however, the first story contained a narrow entry opening, located in the southernmost bay. The opening has a rough cut stone sill and smooth-finished stone lintel. It has since been infilled with brick.

### INTERIOR

The interior of the Albert Smith House has been substantially altered to accommodate a succession of additions, alterations, and commercial uses, which began at least as early as the 1880s. Detailing, including the stair and mantels, suggest the interior of the building was renovated in the latter part of the 19<sup>th</sup> century to reflect the

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<sup>1</sup> A historic photo indicates that the door historically had four octagonal panels, representative of the Victorian-era.

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stylistic fashions of the Victorian-era. The main block of the house, on the first story, consists of a single room that includes the pre-1881 northwest commercial space. This space, presently undergoing renovations, retains no historic fabric. The floors have wall-to-wall carpeting; the walls are clad with painted plywood paneling; and the ceiling is clad with composition-board tiles. The walls have vinyl baseboard trim, and the windows and door in the storefront have aluminum framing. The interior doors have modern square-edged wood casings.

The contemporary rear ell features a two-room plan, including stair hall and rear parlor. The stair hall, with access to the two-story side porch, features wall-to-wall carpeting, smooth plaster walls, and a rough-textured plaster ceiling. The wood baseboards are five inches high with two fillets, and the window and door casings are four inches wide with squared edges and interior beading. The most striking feature of the room is the straight-flight, open-stringer stair. It features an imposing Victorian-era turned newel post, fancy-turned balusters, and scrolled stringer brackets.

The parlor on the south side of the hall is currently used for work and storage. At the center of the parlor is a projecting chimney breast with a Victorian-era mantel. It features a square-edged shelf and a semi-circular-arched opening. Made of slate, the mantel has a painted marble finish. The opening has been sealed with concrete, although it has a stovepipe hole. Triangular panels and an applied keystone mark the face of the mantel.

On the second floor, the room on the northeast corner of the house contains a similar marbleized mantel on the east wall. The ceiling is composed of beaded boards. In addition, this beaded vertical board is seen over the single entries flanking the chimney breast. These closets have four-panel wood doors with fluted surrounds and bulls-eye corner blocks. The main entry to the room, holding a wider four-panel door, has square-edged surrounds. The second story of the rear frame addition features wall-to-wall carpeting, smooth sheet rock walls, and a rough-textured plaster ceiling. The seven-and-a-half inch baseboard has an ogee cap, and the windows and doors have fluted casements with corner blocks.

The two-room attic is partially finished with plaster over lathe. The floorboards are twelve-and-one-half inches wide, and the walls have square-edged baseboards. Some of the joists are exposed, consisting of unmilled logs.

# 8. Significance

Inventory No. BA-0006

Period	Areas of Significance	Check and justify below		
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> health/medicine	<input type="checkbox"/> performing arts
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> invention	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900-1999	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> entertainment/ recreation	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> 2000-	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> ethnic heritage	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science
	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/ settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> social history
	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning		<input type="checkbox"/> maritime history	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation		<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> other:

**Significance dates** c. 1819-1950

**Architect** Unknown

**Specific dates** c. 1819

**Builder** Unknown

Evaluation for:

National Register

Maryland Register

not evaluated

Prepare a one-paragraph summary statement of significance addressing applicable criteria, followed by a narrative discussion of the history of the resource and its context. (For compliance reports, complete evaluation on a DOE Form – see manual.)

Built around 1819, the Albert Smith House is one of the oldest buildings in Catonsville, dating to the same period as the founding of the town. Though a large one-story storefront has been added to the façade, the rest of the house remains largely intact, and reflects early-19<sup>th</sup> century domestic stone building traditions in the Catonsville area. Its alteration to accommodate a commercial use reflects Frederick Road's function as Catonsville's primary commercial thoroughfare during the 19<sup>th</sup> and early-20<sup>th</sup> centuries. During the 1880s, Catonsville resident Albert Smith used the first floor of the house as office space and as a store to sell commodities produced locally at his steam mill. The commercial use of the house has continued to the present time.

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## Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

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### HISTORY

In 1814, Walter Dorsey owned the property on which the Albert Smith House was constructed. Dorsey willed his lands to Rebecca Somerville. By the late 1830s, Somerville's holdings included portions of three tracts -- Dorsey's Manor, Taylor's Forest, and Fredickstadt Enlarged. In 1844, Rebecca Somerville sold the property with its improvements to George Brown for \$20,000. Brown, in turn, leased the property to Somerville for an annual rent of \$1,200. Ten years later, Somerville bought the Frederick Avenue property back from Isabella and George Brown. Somerville leased one of the three tracts for 99 years to John K. Smith, for an annual rent of \$100.

In June 1864, Henry A. Fenwick and Charles B. Tiernan, the executors for Rebecca Somerville's estate, deeded a portion of the property for \$2,000 to Gay R. Tiernan, who conveyed her half interest to Charles Tiernan in 1866 for \$3,200. An 1877 map of Catonsville indicates that "A. Smith" was occupying the lot during Tiernan's tenure as owner. Albert Smith purchased the property from Tiernan in 1885. Reflecting Frederick Road's function as Catonsville's commercial thoroughfare, by the 1880s, Albert Smith was using the first floor of the house as office and commercial space for commodities produced at his mill, while the rest of the house served as his residence. Located north of Frederick Road, Smith's mill was the first in the area to use stationary steam power to cut cordwood and grind mixed grain.

Signage from an 1881 photo of the store reads, "Office of Steam Mill. Flour, Meal, Chops & Feed of All Kinds. Wood Sawed & Split. All Kinds of Lumber Sawed." Another sign indicates that Smith also sold cigars and tobacco. The same photo shows that *The Argus*, established in 1881 as Catonsville's first newspaper, had a small office adjacent to the house in the pre-1881 northwest addition.

According to Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps, the building was being used as a drugstore in 1899, and the space next door, which had been occupied by *The Argus*, was vacant. That year, most of the commercial activity in Catonsville was concentrated along Frederick Road, on the two blocks between Winters Lane and Ingleside Avenue. The adjacent blocks were primarily residential. Within these two blocks were restaurants, a Chinese laundry, drugstores, plumbing and barber shops, grocery and hardware stores, tobacco stores, the First National Bank, the Railroad Hotel, and the Short Line passenger depot. Interspersed among these were a few dwellings and two buildings with grocery stores on the first floor and residential space on the second floor. The historic maps of Catonsville document that by 1899 at least three other dwellings fronting Frederick Road that had been converted for commercial use.

Albert Smith conveyed the former dwelling back to Charles Tiernan in 1910, who then leased it to Smith on the same day. Between 1910 and 1913, Tiernan willed the house to Gay B. Fenwick, Dorothy Urquhart, Nancy Robb, and Charles Darling. In 1913, it was conveyed to William S. Hoffman. In 1928, Hoffman deeded the lot to Milcah and Lula Smith. They held the property for thirty-seven years before it was conveyed to John H.

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Moss in 1965. In 1972, John and Helen Moss conveyed the property to the current owners, Louis and Agnes Gambino. A photo taken in 1972 indicates that the commercial space in the front of the building was being rented by "American Finance." In 1989, the Gambinos were renting the space to the Shepherd's Place Bookstore, and by 1999, renting it to Dixon Signs.

### CHAIN OF TITLE:

Parcel 1:

1814:

Taylor's Forest  
Pinkney to Walter Dorsey  
Land Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 129 Folio 221

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May 31, 1838: Taylor's Forest  
Hopewell Dorsey, widow of Walter Dorsey, Esquire, John and Mary Dorsey, Francis W. and Anna Marie Davidge, Edwin and Hopewell Dorsey, Emily Dorsey and Elizabeth Dorsey to Rebecca Somerville, widow  
Land Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 284 Folio 183

Parcel 2:

May 10, 1827: Jonathan Meredith to Anna Baker  
Land Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 188 Folio 614

November 14, 1829: Anna Baker to Henry V. Somerville  
Land Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 203 Folio 193

Parcel 3:

January 9, 1830 Dorsey's Manor  
Lennox Birkhead to Henry V. Somerville  
Land Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 203 Folio 195

Parcel 4:

April 21, 1831: John J. Donaldson to Henry V. Somerville  
Land Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 211 Folio 47

Parcel 5:

February 1, 1833: Frederickstadt Enlarged  
Peter and Marcia Krouse to Henry V. Somerville  
Land Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 228 Folio 144

All Parcels:

June 24, 1844: Rebecca Somerville, widow of Henry V. Somerville to George Brown  
Land Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 342 Folio 518

**Maryland Historical Trust**  
**Maryland Inventory of**  
**Historic Properties Form**

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- July 1, 1854: Isabella and George Brown to Rebecca Somerville  
Land Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 9 Folio 392
- June 18, 1864: Henry A. Fenwick and Charles B. Tiernan, executors of the estate of Rebecca Somerville, to Gay R. Tiernan  
Land Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 48 Folio 10
- November 2, 1866: Gay R. and Charles Tiernan to Charles Tiernan  
Land Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 53 Folio 396
- May 7, 1885: Charles B. Tiernan to Albert Smith, William P. Smith, Ann Smith, John K Smith, Milcha Herbert, Maria Blake, Henry Smith, Albert Smith, Owen, K. Smith  
Land Records of Baltimore County,  
Liber 145 Folio 411
- April 27, 1910: Albert Smith to Charles B. Tiernan  
Land Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 357 Folio 510
- April 27, 1910: Charles B. Tiernan leased to Mary C. and Albert Smith  
Land Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 357 Folio 512
- Charles B. Tiernan willed to Gay B. Fenwick, Dorothy Tait Urquhart, Nancy Darling Robb, and Charles Tiernan Darling  
Will Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 257 Folio 114
- June 14, 1913: Gay B. Fenwick, Dorothy Tait Urquhart, Hill Urquhart, Nancy Darling Robb, John Bernard Robb, Charles Tiernan Darling to William S. Hoffman  
Land Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 417 Folio 20
- March 8, 1915: Mary C. and Albert Smith to Milcah P. and Lula M. Smith  
Land Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 522 Folio 192
- July 23, 1928: Amy S. and William S. Hoffman to Milcah P. and Lula M Smith  
Land Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 660 Folio 185

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November 26, 1929: Milcah P. and Lula M Smith to Herbert F. Kuenne  
Land Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 837 Folio 502

November 26, 1929: Herbert F. Kuenne to Milcah P. and Lula M. Smith  
Land Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 837 Folio 503

August 4, 1965: Milcah P. Smith to Helen S. and John H. Moss  
Land Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 4497 Folio 302

March 24, 1971: Helen S. and John H. Moss to Urban Title Holding Company, Inc.  
Land Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 5174 Folio 804

March 24, 1971: Urban Title Holding Company, Inc to Helen S. and John H. Moss  
Land Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 5174 Folio 806

May 17, 1972: Helen S. and John H. Moss to Agnes R. and Louis C Gambino  
Land Records of Baltimore County  
Liber 5268 Folio 909

# Maryland Historical Trust

## Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

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Albert Smith House, 701 Frederick Road, Baltimore County  
**Continuation Sheet**

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### HISTORIC CONTEXT:

#### MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE PRESERVATION PLAN DATA

Geographic Organization:	Piedmont
Chronological/Developmental Period(s):	Agricultural-Industrial Transition (1815-1870) Industrial/Urban Dominance (1870-1930) Modern Period (1930-present)
Historic Period Theme(s):	Architecture, Landscape Architecture, and Community Planning Economic (Commercial and Industrial)
Resource Type:	
Category:	Building
Historic Environment:	Town
Historic Function(s) and Use(s):	DOMESTIC/Single Dwelling COMMERCE/TRADE/Specialty Store
Known Design Source:	Unknown

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## 9. Major Bibliographical References

Inventory No. BA-0006

Arnold, Joseph and Edward Orser. *Catonsville 1880 to 1940 From Village to Suburb*. Virginia Beach, Virginia: The Donning Company, 1989.

Brooks, Neal A. and Rockel, Eric G. *A History of Baltimore County*. Towson, Maryland: Friends of the Towson Library, Inc., 1979.  
Sanborn Maps of Catonsville: 1899, 1904, 1910, 1919, 1925, 1930. New York: Sanborn-Perris Map Co., Limited.

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## 10. Geographical Data

Acreage of project area	<u>Less than one acre</u>	
Acreage surveyed	<u>Less than one acre</u>	
Quadrangle name	<u>Baltimore West</u>	Quadrangle scale <u>1:24,000</u>

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### Verbal boundary description and justification

This building has been associated with this property since its construction around 1819. This property is defined as parcel 1300 on map 101 of Catonsville.

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## 11. Form Prepared by

name/title	Laura Trieschmann and Christopher Novelli/architectural historian	February 23, 2000
organization	EHT Tracerics, Inc.	
street & number	5420 Western Avenue	
city or town	Chevy Chase, Maryland	

The Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust  
DHCD/DHCP  
100 Community Place  
Crownsville, MD 21032  
410-514-7600

FREDERICK RD. (AV.)

BA-00006  
ALBERT SMITH HOUSE  
701 FREDERICK ROAD

J. S. WILSON & CO.  
CORL & LUMBER

LUMBER W. NO. 58

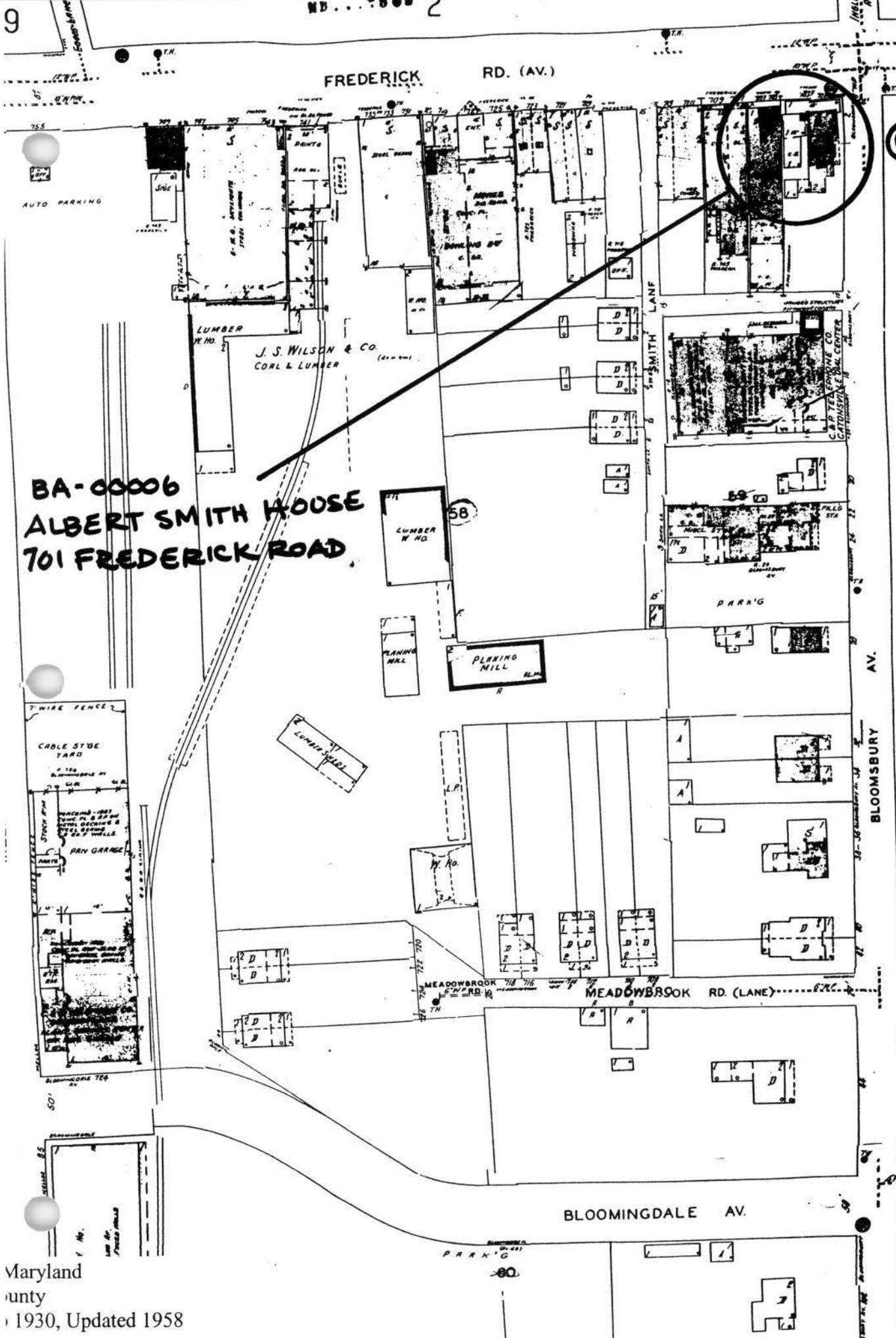
PLANING MILL

PARR'G

MEADOWBROOK RD. (LANE)

BLOOMINGDALE AV.

BLOOMSBURY AV.



FREDERICK RD. (AV.)



**BA-00006  
ALBERT SMITH HOUSE  
701 FREDERICK ROAD**

J. S. WILSON & CO.  
CORL & LUMBER

LUMBER N. NO. 58

PLANING MILL

MELLOR AV.

7 WIRE FENCE  
CABLE STOE YARD  
STOCK PILE  
DRIV GARAGE

SMITH LANE

BLOOMSBURY AV.

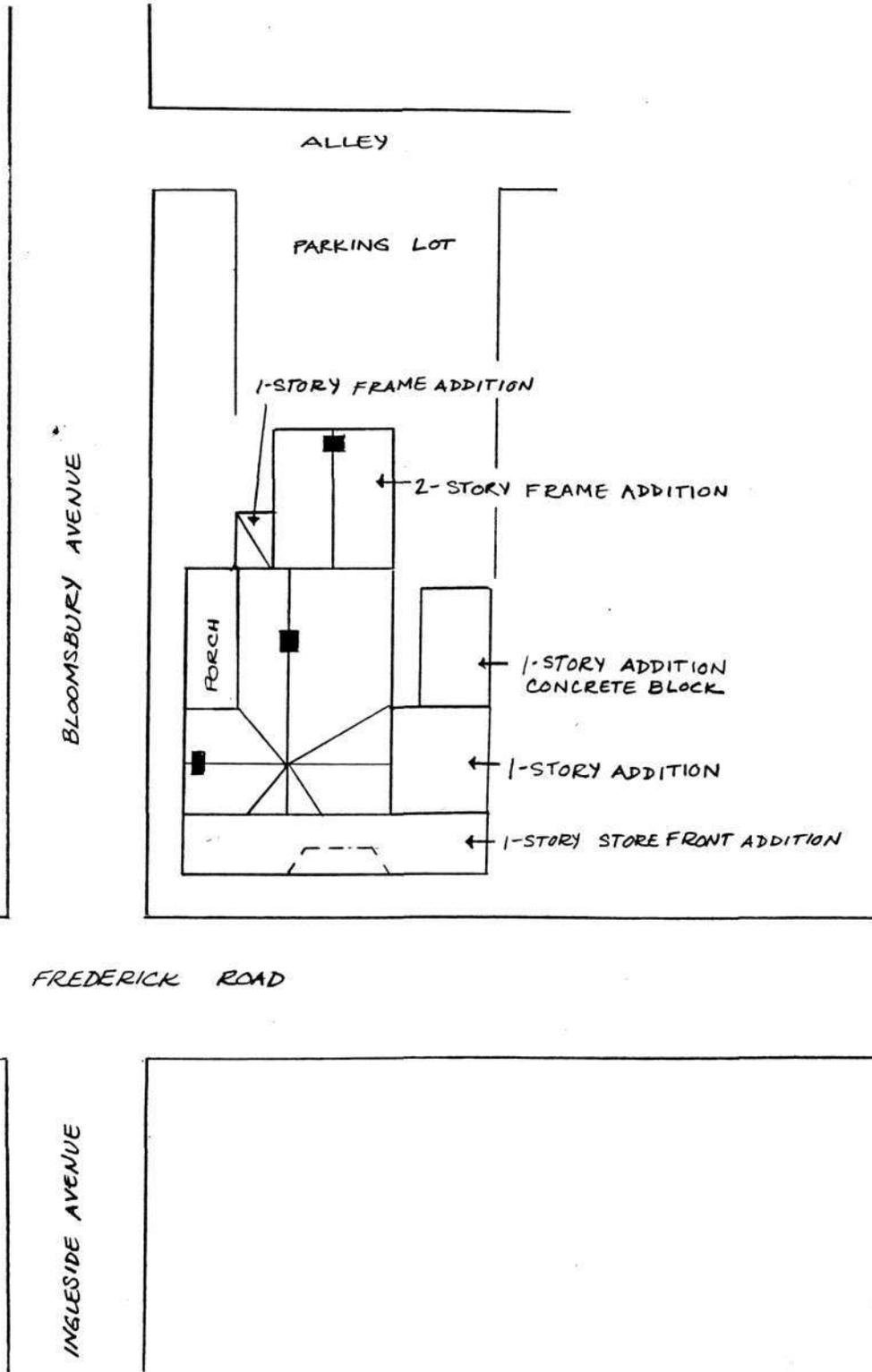
MEADOWBROOK RD. (LANE)

BLOOMINGDALE AV.

ALBERT SMITH HOUSE  
701 FREDERICK ROAD  
CATONSVILLE, MARYLAND  
BALTIMORE COUNTY

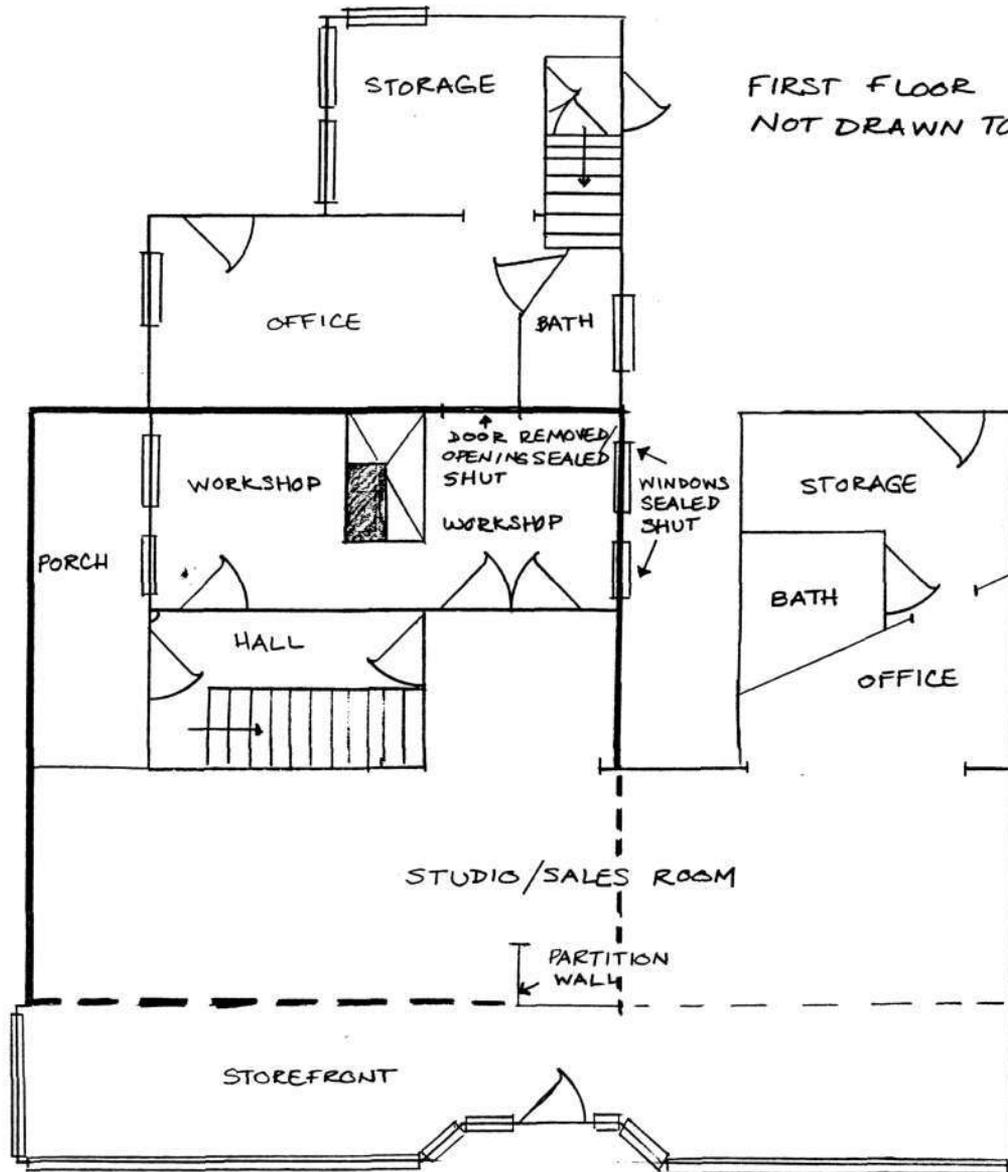
BA-00006

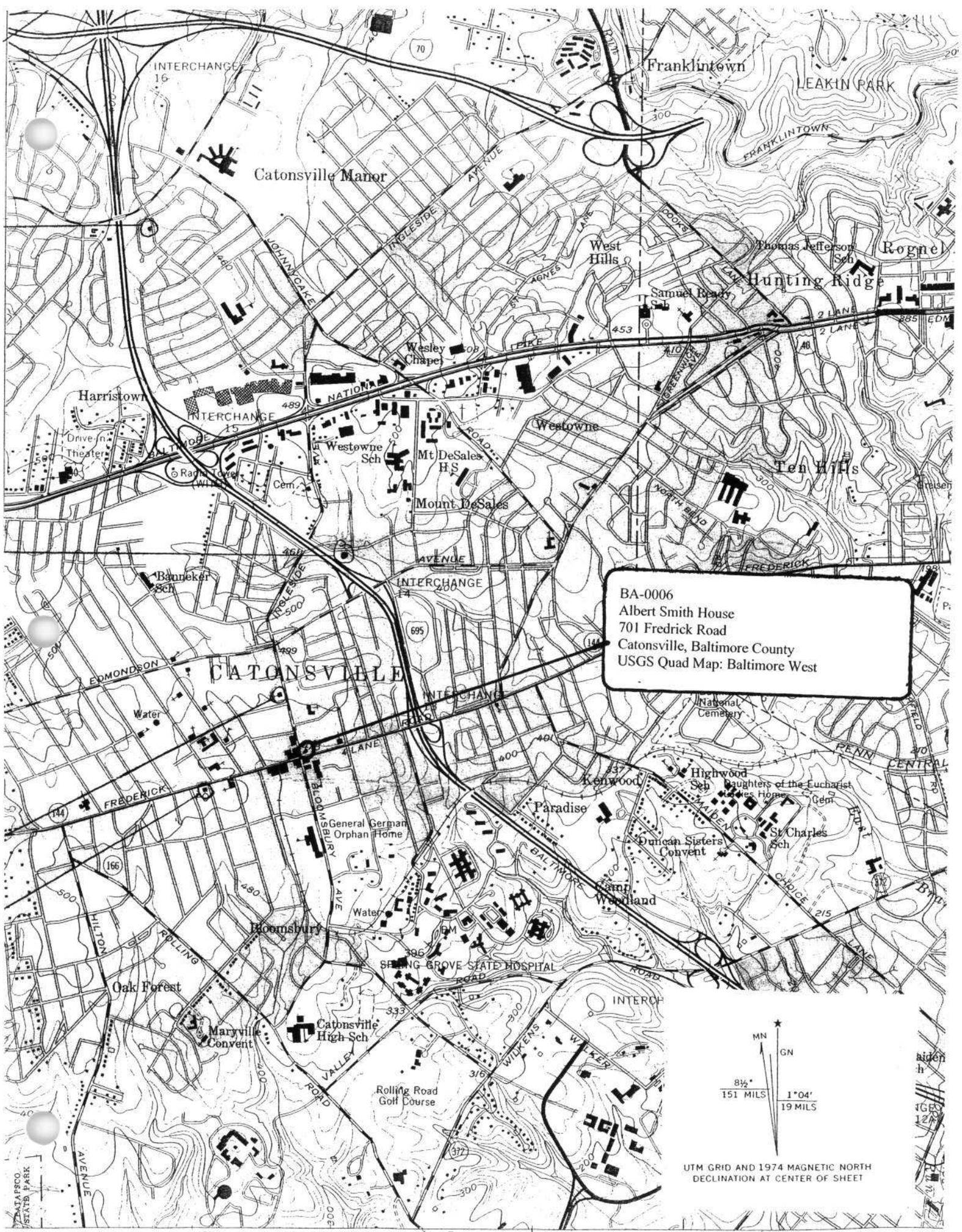
NOT DRAWN TO SCALE N ↓



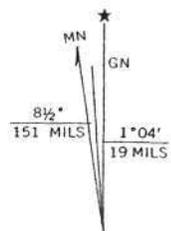
ALBERT SMITH HOUSE BA-00006  
701 FREDERICK ROAD  
CATONSVILLE, MARYLAND  
BALTIMORE COUNTY

FIRST FLOOR  
NOT DRAWN TO SCALE N ↓





BA-0006  
 Albert Smith House  
 701 Fredrick Road  
 Catonsville, Baltimore County  
 USGS Quad Map: Baltimore West



UTM GRID AND 1974 MAGNETIC NORTH DECLINATION AT CENTER OF SHEET



BA-00006

Albert Smith House

701 Frederick Road, Catonsville

Baltimore County

Traceries

1/00

Maryland SHPO

north elevation, LOOKING SOUTHWEST

1 OF 7



SIGNS

SERVING Customers Since 1977

BH-00006

Albert Smith House

701 Frederick Road, Catonsville

Baltimore County

Traceries

1/00

Maryland SHPO

east elevation, LOOKING SOUTH WEST

2 OF 7



BH-00006

Albert Smith House

701 Frederick Road, Catonsville

Baltimore County

Traceries

1/00

Maryland SHPO

South elevation, LOOKING NORTH

3 OF 7



BH-00006

Albert Smith House

701 Frederick Road, Catonsville

Baltimore County

Traceries

1/00

Maryland SHPO

west elevation, LOOKING NORTH

4 OF 7



BA-00006

ALBERT SMITH HOUSE

701 FREDERICK ROAD, CATONSVILLE

BALTIMORE COUNTY

TRACERIES

3/00

MARYLAND SHPO

1ST FLOOR, LOOKING NORTHEAST

5 OF 7



BA-00006

ALBERT SMITH HOUSE

701 FREDERICK ROAD, CATONSVILLE

BALTIMORE COUNTY

TRACERIES

3/00

MARYLAND SHPO

1ST FLOOR, LOOKING EAST

6 OF 7



BA-00006  
ALBERT SMITH HOUSE  
701 FREDERICK ROAD, CATONSVILLE  
BALTIMORE COUNTY  
TRACERIES

3/00  
MARYLAND SHPO

2ND FLOOR, NE ROOM, LOOKING SOUTHEAST  
7 OF 7



BA-6

Albert Smith House

701 Frederick Road, Catonsville

Baltimore County, MD

Tom Reinhart

March 28, 2011

Newel post in rear "L"

1/4



BA-6

Albert Smith House

701 Frederick Road, Catonsville

Baltimore County, MD

Tom Reinhart

March 28, 2011

Marble mantel 2<sup>nd</sup> floor main block

2/4

EPSON



BA-6

Albert Smith House

701 Frederick Road, Catonsville

Baltimore County, MD

Tom Reinhart

March 28, 2011

Attic of main block showing floor joist

3/4



BA-6

Albert Smith House

701 Frederick Road, Catonsville

Baltimore County, MD

Tom Reinhart

March 28, 2011

Attic of main block showing sash sawn floor boards

4/4

BA-6  
Albert Smith House  
701 Frederick Road  
Catonsville

1819

The Albert Smith House is situated at the southwest corner of Frederick Road and Bloomsbury Avenue. Bloomsbury Avenue was once a lane leading to the Lurman estate where Catonsville Senior High School is now located. The house is a small stone (gabbro) Victorian dwelling with a peaked gable. A modern store front houses a book shop. About 1890 it was marked "Office of the Steam Mill."

