

CARR-1300

3831 Lineboro Road
Lineboro (vicinity)

This farm at 3831 Lineboro Road is on land that was originally part of Conrad Kerlinger's Mill Farm (CARR-818), and because it was not the primary residence on the farm, its history is somewhat obscure. Before 1838 Martin Kroh had purchased the mill. In 1845, Martin Kroh sold his real estate, the mill going to George Grove and the stone mill house and 210-acre farm being sold to John Kroh for \$9,000.00. The 1862 map shows that John Kroh was still living in Kerlinger's house. The map also shows an unlabeled building in the vicinity of 3831 Lineboro Road. By 1876, John Kroh was dead. The 1877 map still shows the house in this location and labels it as John Kroh's. In 1879 Kroh's 210-acre farm was deeded to Cornelius R. Wentz. Wentz sold 114 acres in 1883 and the remaining 96 acres to Oliver F.B. Wentz in 1887. The latter property contains the stone house at 3831 Lineboro Road. Wentz retained the property until 1916. The style of the house, along with the log and brick smokehouse on the property, suggest a date of construction from the second-quarter of the nineteenth century. All of the interior details, however, appear to be from the post Civil War era.

KS/lh:7/15/92:signif17

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF
HISTORIC PROPERTIES

Magi No.

DOE yes no

1. Name (indicate preferred name)

historic

and/or common

2. Location

street & number 3831 Lineboro Road not for publicationcity, town Lineboro vicinity of congressional district

state Maryland county Carroll

3. Classification

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use
<input type="checkbox"/> district	<input type="checkbox"/> public	<input type="checkbox"/> occupied	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture <input type="checkbox"/> museum
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> building(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private	<input type="checkbox"/> unoccupied	<input type="checkbox"/> commercial <input type="checkbox"/> park
<input type="checkbox"/> structure	<input type="checkbox"/> both	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> work in progress	<input type="checkbox"/> educational <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private residence
<input type="checkbox"/> site	Public Acquisition	Accessible	<input type="checkbox"/> entertainment <input type="checkbox"/> religious
<input type="checkbox"/> object	<input type="checkbox"/> in process	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> yes: restricted	<input type="checkbox"/> government <input type="checkbox"/> scientific
	<input type="checkbox"/> being considered	<input type="checkbox"/> yes: unrestricted	<input type="checkbox"/> industrial <input type="checkbox"/> transportation
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> not applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> no	<input type="checkbox"/> military <input type="checkbox"/> other:

4. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name Justus C. Denner and Sallie Stoltz

street & number 2023 Hanover Pike telephone no.: 239-2608
374-2901

city, town Hampstead state and zip code Maryland 21074

5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Courthouse Annex liber 1218

street & number 55 North Court Street folio 128

city, town Westminster state Maryland

6. Representation in Existing Historical Surveys

title

date federal state county local

depository for survey records

city, town state

7. Description

Survey No. CARR-1300

Condition		Check one	Check one	
<input type="checkbox"/> excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> deteriorated	<input type="checkbox"/> unaltered	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> original site	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> good	<input type="checkbox"/> ruins	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> altered	<input type="checkbox"/> moved	date of move _____
<input type="checkbox"/> fair	<input type="checkbox"/> unexposed			

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

Summary: The property at 3831 Lineboro Road is located on the southeast side of the road, approximately one mile southwest of Lineboro. It is located in the middle of a low ridge, close to Lineboro Road, which has been moved. The complex is laid out on a linear farm plan and consists of a stone house, stone summer kitchen, log and brick smokehouse/bake oven, frame wagon shed and frame bank barn. The house is two-stories high and three bays by two bays. It is built of rubble fieldstone, with quoins. The house is banked on the southeast. The first story of the northwest elevation has a center entrance with two-light transom. There is a raised, shed-roof porch on the first story. The southeast elevation has a center entrance with a two-light transom and a one-story, one-bay, shed-roof porch. The plan of the house has a central passage. Southwest of the house is a one-story rubble stone summer kitchen. Southeast of the summer kitchen is a one-story, square smokehouse/bake oven. The southeast half is built of V-notched log with diagonally-laid stone chinking set in mortar. The northwest half of the building contains the squirrel-tail-flue bakeoven. East of these buildings is a wood-frame wagon shed. Southwest of the house is a large, frame bank barn with clapboard siding and a rubble stone foundation with quoins. There is a concrete, wire-bound silo, with metal dome roof, attached to the south bay. Part of the stone barnyard wall survives northwest of the barn. The interior of the lower story is deteriorated but virtually intact.

The property at 3831 Lineboro Road is located on the southeast side of the road approximately one mile southwest of Lineboro. It is located in the middle of a low ridge, close to Lineboro road, which has been moved. Formerly, Lineboro Road was located east of the buildings and was very close to the barn. The complex is laid out on a linear farm plan and consists of a stone house, stone summer kitchen, log and brick smokehouse/bakeoven, frame wagon shed and frame bank barn.

The house is two-stories high and three bays by two bays. It is built of rubble fieldstone, with quoins. The gable roof has wood shakes, although there is evidence that the roof covering was formerly slate. The house is banked on the southeast, with the cellar of the northwest elevation exposed. This wall has doors at either end with a window in the center bay. The house has predominantly 2/2 double-hung sash with wood sills, stone lintels, and blinds. Several windows have been replaced with 1/1 sash. The first story of the northwest elevation has a center entrance with two-light transom. There is a raised, shed-roof porch on the first story supported by a stone pier on the north end, and four turned posts, at the cellar level. Above are five chamfered posts and a balustrade of square-in-plan vertical balusters above a horizontal board rail. The stairs are on the northeast end of the porch. Two extend beyond the porch and the remaining six are within the porch proper, running alongside the stone pier under the porch roof. There is a box cornice and an internal brick chimney at each end. The northeast

Description (continued)

Section 7 Page 2

elevation has two two-light sash in the cellar and two small 2/2 sash in the gable end. The southwest elevation contains a 1/1 sash in the west bay of the cellar and two small 2/2 sash in the gable end, as well. The southeast elevation has a center entrance with a two-light transom and a one-story, one-bay, shed-roof porch on stone piers. It has four chamfered posts and a balustrade that matches the northwest porch.

The plan of the house has a central passage with stair hall on the southwest wall toward the northwest end of the house. The open-stringer stairs have a turned baluster and newel. The passage is narrower to the southeast in order to make the south room larger. This room has been altered, but was originally entered from the passage. The west room can be entered from either the foot of the stairs or under the stair landing. There is evidence that the northeast room was originally divided in two, the north half being larger. None of the rooms had fireplaces, although it is likely that the north and west rooms had stoves, since they have brick chimneys. The cellar contains a brick wall in the center, running northwest to southeast. The joists are sawn, as are the rafters.

Southwest of the house is a one-story rubble stone summer kitchen. The gable roof has wood shakes and is carried beyond the eave on the northwest to form an integral porch supported by four square posts. There is an internal brick chimney on the southwest gable end. The northwest elevation is two bays, with a recent door and wood infill in the north bay and a 6/6 sash in the west bay. The southwest elevation has two 4/2 sash in the gable end. The southeast elevation has a 6/6 sash in the south bay. There is a single 6/6 sash centered on the northeast elevation.

Southeast of the summer kitchen is a one-story square smokehouse/bakeoven with a corrugated metal gable roof and a rubble stone foundation. The building is divided in half by a brick wall that runs northeast to southwest under the roof ridge. The southeast half is built of V-notched log with diagonally-laid stone chinking set in mortar, and is the smokehouse. The brick firebox is in the south corner, with an opening in the southwest wall. The northeast elevation has a vertical board door. The smokehouse has four beams that rest on the end girts and parallel the brick wall. Two of them have metal hooks and two have wood pegs on the sides. The northwest half of the building contains the squirrel-tail-flue bakeoven. The brick oven is set on a stone base to the southwest and fills less than half the space. The arched opening to the oven is on the northeast. The opening to the fire pit is at ground level on the southwest side. There is a wood post in the south corner, and was formerly one in the north corner that supported the plate and roof rafters. Some of the clapboard siding on the southwest and northwest elevations of the bakehouse survives. The entire northeast gable end of the bakeoven is open below the girt for access. Both gable ends of the structure are covered with board and batten siding. The chimney of the bakeoven exits the oven at the top front, above the oven door. It rises several feet straight up, then turns southeast on a forty-five degree angle,

Description (continued)

Section 7 Page 3

supported by a board, until it reaches the brick center wall, where it turns upright again and exits through the roof.

East of these buildings is a wood frame wagon shed. It has beaded-edge-and-center vertical board siding on the northwest, southwest, and southeast, with plain vertical boards on the northeast. The frame is sawn and nailed and the gable roof has standing seam metal. The southwest gable end has a large opening, the southeast elevation has a 3/1 sash east of center, and the northeast elevation has a four-panel door against the east corner.

Southwest of the house is a large, frame bank barn with clapboard siding and a rubble stone foundation with quoins. The southeast side is banked. The northwest elevation of the lower story has clapboard siding, as well. Carved in it are "H of D Mar. 19, 1921" and "HWK? AD 1919". This elevation has a beaded-edge-and-center vertical board dutch door to the north, a four-light sash in a reduced opening, a matching door, a boarded opening, two matching doors, a four-light sash, a partially-boarded four-light sash, another matching door, a wood vent, and a matching door to the west. The upper story has three wood louvered vents, double doors, two vents, a second set of double doors, and two more vents to the west. The northeast elevation has an opening in the east bay of the lower story and a matching dutch door on strap hinges in the north bay. The upper story has an opening at the east corner, with the door now missing. There is a row of four vents, a row of three above, and one in the gable end. The southwest elevation is similar, but with two openings in the lower story.

The southeast elevation has an opening in the east bay of the lower story. The center of the upper story has a pair of doors on rollers to the east and a single door on rollers to the west. All the doors are of vertical, beaded-edge-and-center boards. On either side is a wood vent. The vent on the east has 4/2 sash below it. There is a concrete, wire-bound silo, with metal dome roof, attached to the south bay. Part of the stone barnyard wall survives northwest of the barn, paralleling the road. The interior of the lower story is deteriorated but virtually intact. There are pens at both ends, with an aisle on the interior side of each, and two pens in the center. The upper story has two side-by-side threshing floors, with a hay mow at each end and a granary in the east corner. There are four queen-post-truss bents, with braces fashioned out of reused timbers. Some 3/4 round log rafters survive, but most have been replaced by sawn 2x4's butted at the peak.

8. Significance

Survey No. CARR-1300

Period	Areas of Significance—Check and justify below		
<input type="checkbox"/> prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-historic	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation	<input type="checkbox"/> law
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> literature
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> military
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> music
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government
		<input type="checkbox"/> invention	<input type="checkbox"/> religion
			<input type="checkbox"/> science
			<input type="checkbox"/> sculpture
			<input type="checkbox"/> social/
			<input type="checkbox"/> humanitarian
			<input type="checkbox"/> theater
			<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
			<input type="checkbox"/> other (specify)

Specific dates _____ **Builder/Architect** _____

check: Applicable Criteria: A B C D
and/or

Applicable Exception: A B C D E F G

Level of Significance: national state local

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

Summary: This farm at 3831 Lineboro Road is on land that was originally part of Conrad Kerlinger's Mill Farm (CARR-818), and because it was not the primary residence on the farm, its history is somewhat obscure. Before 1838 Martin Kroh had purchased the mill. In 1845, Martin Kroh sold his real estate, the mill going to George Grove and the stone mill house and 210-acre farm being sold to John Kroh for \$9,000.00. The 1862 map shows that John Kroh was still living in Kerlinger's house. The map also shows an unlabeled building in the vicinity of 3831 Lineboro Road. By 1876, John Kroh was dead. The 1877 map still shows the house in this location and labels it as John Kroh's. In 1879 Kroh's 210-acre farm was deeded to Cornelius R. Wentz. Wentz sold 114 acres in 1883 and the remaining 96 acres to Oliver F.B. Wentz in 1887. The latter property contains the stone house at 3831 Lineboro Road. Wentz retained the property until 1916. The style of the house, along with the log and brick smokehouse on the property, suggest a date of construction from the second-quarter of the nineteenth century. All of the interior details, however, appear to be from the post Civil War era.

Historic Period Themes: Agriculture, Architecture
 Geographic Organization: Piedmont
 Chronological/Developmental Periods: Agricultural-Industrial Transition A.D. 1815-1870
 Industrial/Urban Dominance A.D. 1870-1930
 Resource Types: Small family farm; Rural vernacular

This farm at 3831 Lineboro Road is on land that was originally part of Conrad Kerlinger's Mill Farm (CARR-818), and because it was not the primary residence on the farm, its history is somewhat obscure. Conrad probably sold the mill and 100 acres to George Kerlinger in 1797. Before 1838 Martin Kroh had purchased the mill. Kroh was involved in the formal creation of Lineboro Road that year, which extended from his mill to the Baltimore to Hanover Turnpike. The plat of this road, (WW2-27) does not show the stone house at 3831 Lineboro Road, but that may simply be because Kroh owned it and leased it to a tenant, if it even existed at this time.

The 1841 tax assessment listed Kroh as the owner of 30 acres worth \$10,605.00. The buildings were not itemized; the list simply noted "good improvements". John Kroh, presumably Martin's son, was also listed as having "good improvements, though he

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

Survey No. CARR-1300

Significance

Section 8 Page 1

ADDENDA

The previous survey form noted that most of the interior details of the house date from the post Civil War era, though there was obviously a farm here earlier than that. It concluded that "since so much of the history of this property remains to be discovered, there are many other possible scenarios that might explain when, and why, this stone house was constructed." The following correspondence, printed in September 1882, answers many of those questions.

The new stone dwelling house on the farm of C. R. Wentz (formerly known as Kroh's farm), is rapidly approaching completion. Your correspondent having had occasion to pass by the new dwelling, an invitation was extended to alight, which was cheerfully accepted, and Mr. W. took pleasure in showing him through all the apartments, and after being shown through, it was evident that there was much economy in securing skilled workmanship, as the apartments are all very conveniently arranged. The rooms, of which there are eight, are of very convenient size, and there is a hall and basement. The house is not too large for one family, and yet so arranged that two families would be out of sight of each other. The dimensions of the building are 38 x 26 feet - Valentine D. Manchey, carpenter.

While the house was built by Cornelius Wentz, its sale shortly afterward to Oliver Wentz, combined with the statement that two families could live here, suggests that it was built for both the retiring father and the son who was taking over the farm.

Carpenter Valentine Manchey lived on a 25-acre farm at 3200 Ferrier Road (CARR-646) just north of Manchester. He built the Manchester school in 1878 and a house and barn on the Jonas Royer farm in Virginia in 1890. He was also likely responsible for the 1899-1900 addition to his house.

Source: Westminster Democratic Advocate, 30 September 1882, p. 3, c. 2. "Centre Valley Items."

Significance (continued)

Section 8 Page 2

owned no land. It is possible that he had built a farm on a portion of his father's land. He was certainly farming seriously, as he owned \$970.00 worth of livestock, where Martin Kroh owned \$130.00. Whether he was living in this stone house, his father's house, or a third structure, is unknown. Martin and John Kroh both owned one slave, which is very unusual to find in northeastern Carroll County. In 1845 Martin Kroh sold his real estate, the mill going to George Grove and the stone mill house and 210 acre farm being sold to John Kroh for \$9,000.00.

The 1850 census lists John Kroh as a 37-year-old farmer. Martin Kroh was 67 and living in Manchester. Both had been born in Pennsylvania. Two years later, when the tax lists mentioned John Kroh's house of stone, they were referring to what was formerly Conrad Kerlingers stone house. The 1862 map shows that John Kroh was still living in Kerlinger's house, and the immediate vicinity was referred to as the Kroh's Mill Post Office, although it had not been Kroh's Mill for many years. The map also shows an unlabeled building in the vicinity of 3831 Lineboro Road and one further southwest also labeled as John Kroh's. By 1876, John Kroh was dead, although his estate would not be settled for several more years. The stone house and brick barn were still considered the primary residence, but he also had a tenant house. Its low value, \$125.00, does not suggest the stone house at 3831 Lineboro Road. Nor does it seem likely that a stone structure would be used as a tenant house. The 1877 map still shows the house in this location and the one further southwest and labels them both as John Kroh's.

In 1879, Kroh's 210-acre farm was deeded to Cornelius R. Wentz. Wentz sold 114 acres in 1883 and the remaining 96 acres to Oliver F.B. Wentz in 1887. The latter property, for which Oliver paid \$6,256.25, contains the stone house at 3831 Lineboro Road. Wentz retained the property until 1916, when he sold it to John P. Krebs. Krebs sold the property to Edmund L. Carr in 1935.

The style of the house, along with the log and brick smokehouse on the property, suggest a date of construction from the second-quarter of the nineteenth century. All of the interior details, however, appear to be from the post Civil War era. Since there appears to have been a house here in 1862, one wonders whether this was the property John Kroh was living in when Martin Kroh was still operating the mill. Perhaps somewhere in its history, due to fire or neglect, the property was gutted and was rebuilt. If so, the work was most likely done for Oliver Wentz either just before or just after he purchased the farm from Cornelius Wentz. Since so much of the history of this property remains to be discovered, there are many other possible scenarios that might explain when, and why, this stone house was constructed.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey No. CARR-1300

Carroll County Land Records
Tax Assessments - 1841, 1852, 1866, 1876, 1876-96
1862 & 1877 maps
1850 Census

10. Geographical Data

Acreege of nominated property 4.8 acres

Quadrangle name Lineboro

Quadrangle scale 1:24000

UTM References do NOT complete UTM references

A	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
	Zone	Easting	Northing

B	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
	Zone	Easting	Northing

C	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
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D	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
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E	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
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F	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
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G	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
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H	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
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Verbal boundary description and justification

List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries

state	code	county	code
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state	code	county	code
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11. Form Prepared By

name/title Kenneth M. Short, Historic Planner

organization Carroll County Department of Planning date July 15, 1992

street & number 225 North Center Street telephone (410) 857-2145

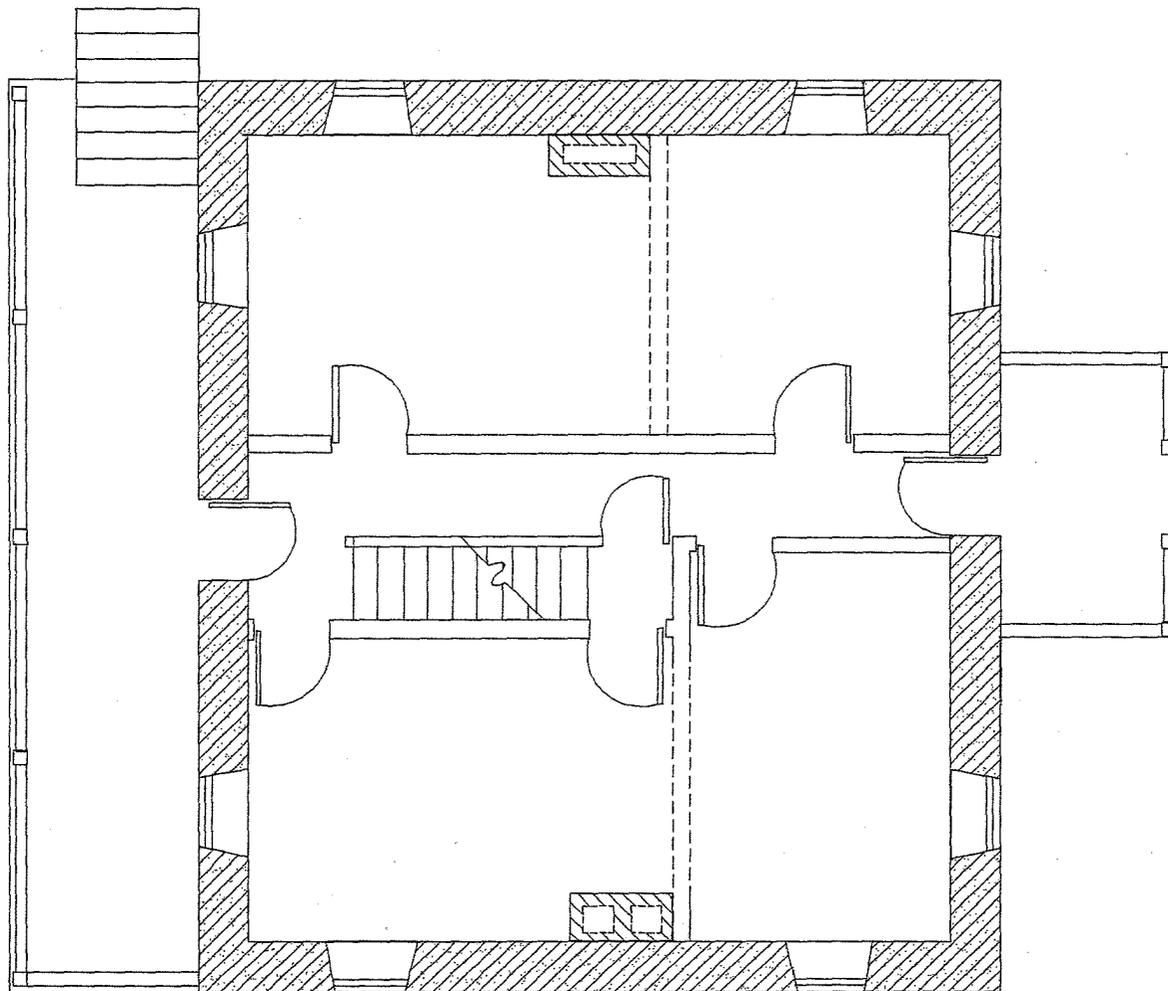
city or town Westminster state Maryland

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust
Shaw House
21 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
(301) 269-2438

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
DHCP/DHCD
100 COMMUNITY PLACE
CROWNSVILLE, MD 21032-2023
514-7600



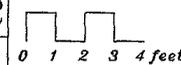
Prepared by: Carroll County Dept. of Planning

CARR
1300

3831 Lineboro Road

First Floor
Plan

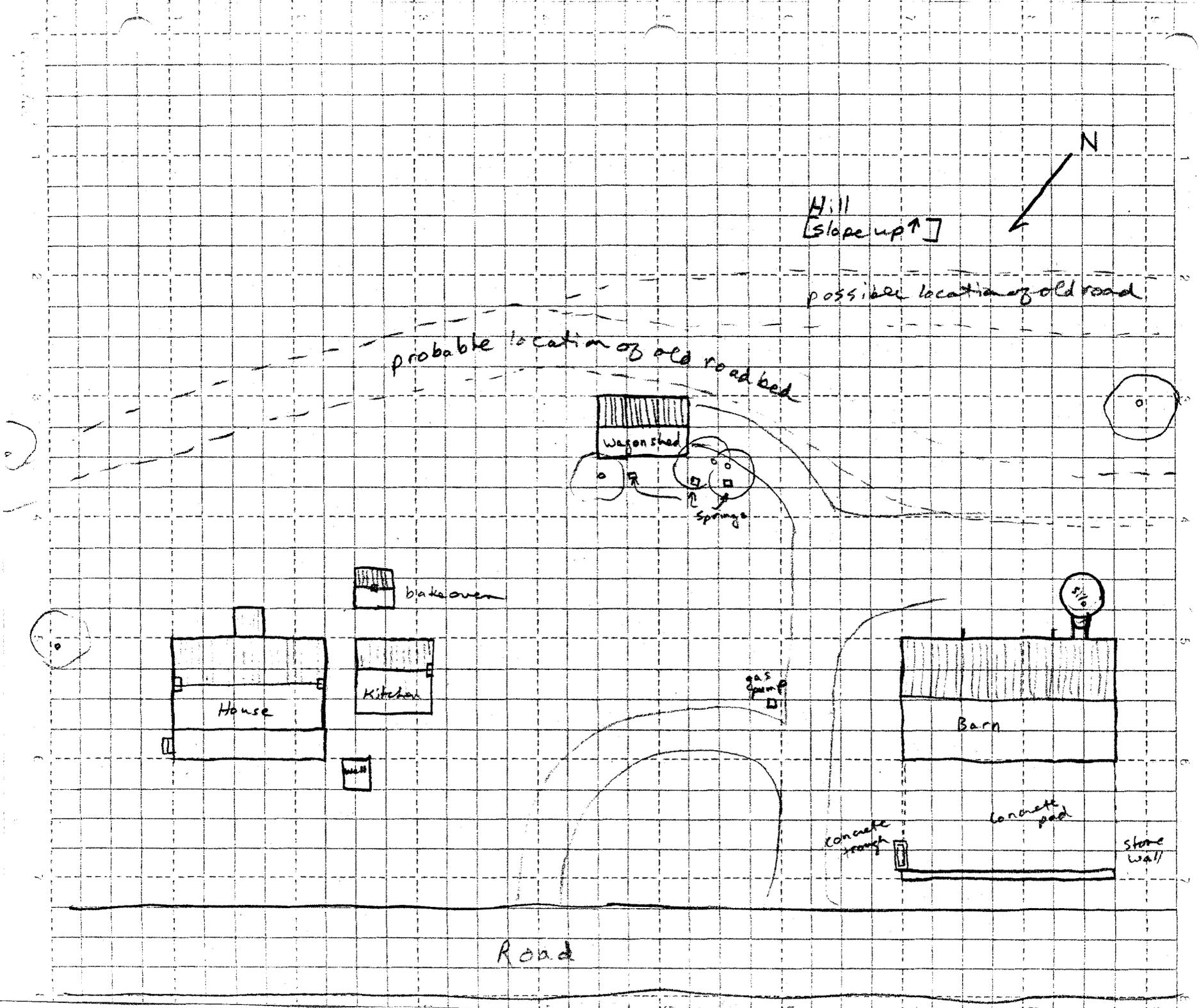
February 1992
Kenneth M. Short

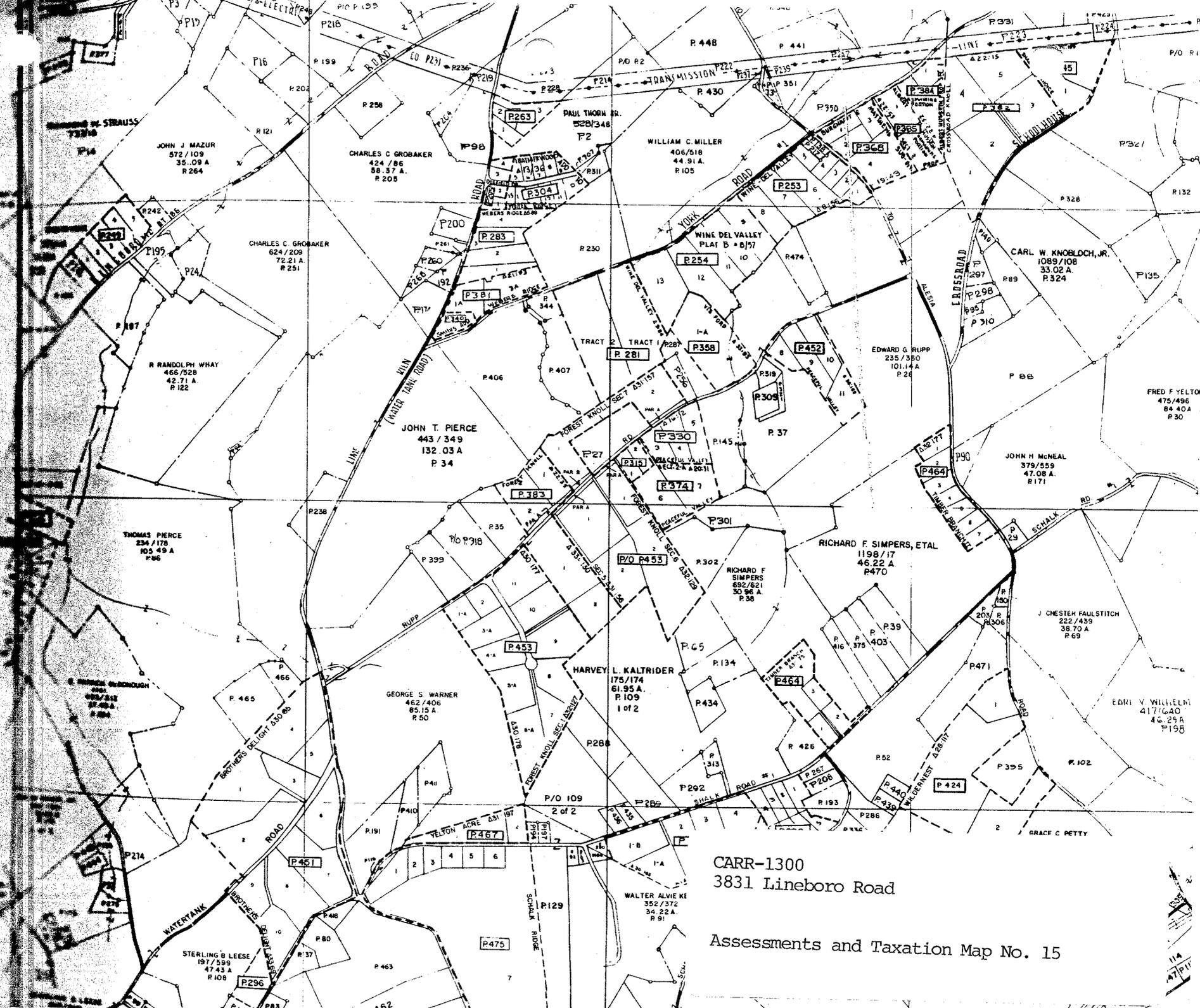


1/2

3831 Lineboro Road
Site Plan
ARR-1300

PROJECT
RMS
DATE
1-30-92





WATER TANK ROAD

WATER TANK ROAD

WATER TANK ROAD

WINE DEL VALLEY ROAD

CROSS ROAD

STERLING B. LEESE
197/599
47.43 A
R 108

GEORGE S. WARNER
462/406
85.15 A
R 50

JOHN T. PIERCE
443/349
132.03 A
P 34

JOHN J. MAZUR
572/109
35.09 A
R 264

CHARLES C. GROBAKER
424/86
88.37 A
R 205

CHARLES C. GROBAKER
624/209
72.21 A
R 251

R. RANDOLPH WHAY
465/228
42.71 A
R 122

THOMAS PIERCE
234/178
103.49 A
R 96

WALTER ALVIE KE
352/372
34.22 A
R 91

HARVEY L. KALTRIDER
175/174
61.95 A
P 109
1 of 2

RICHARD F. SIMPERS
692/621
30.96 A
P 38

RICHARD F. SIMPERS, ETAL
1198/17
46.22 A
P 470

J. CHESTER FAULSTICH
222/439
38.70 A
P 69

EDRI V. WILLIEM
417/640
46.25 A
P 198

FRED F. YELTON
475/496
84.40 A
P 30

JOHN H. McNEAL
379/559
47.08 A
8171

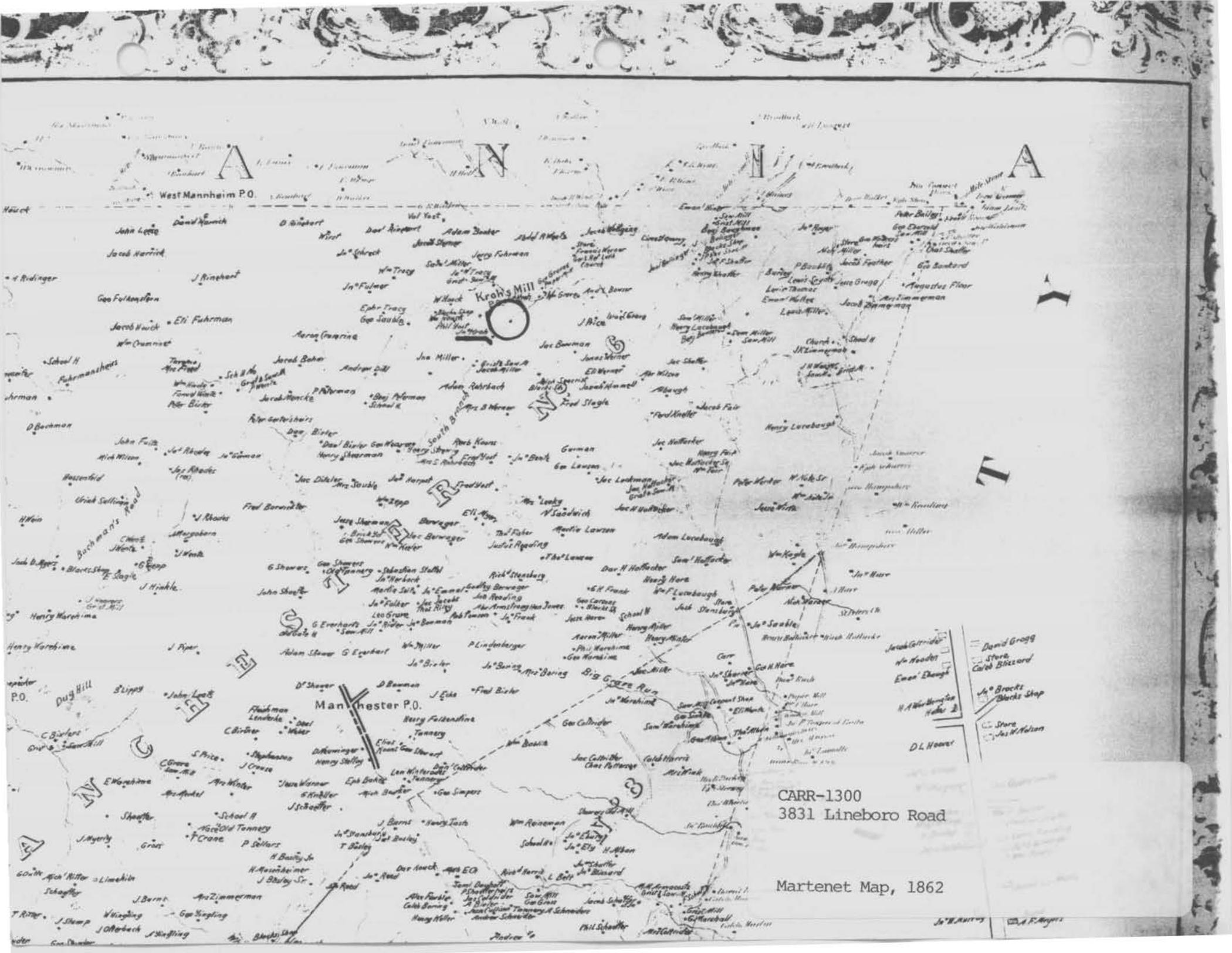
CARL W. KNOBLDCH, JR.
1089/108
33.02 A
R 324

WILLIAM C. MILLER
406/518
44.91 A
R 105

PAUL THORN JR.
528/348
P 2

CARR-1300
3831 Lineboro Road

Assessments and Taxation Map No. 15



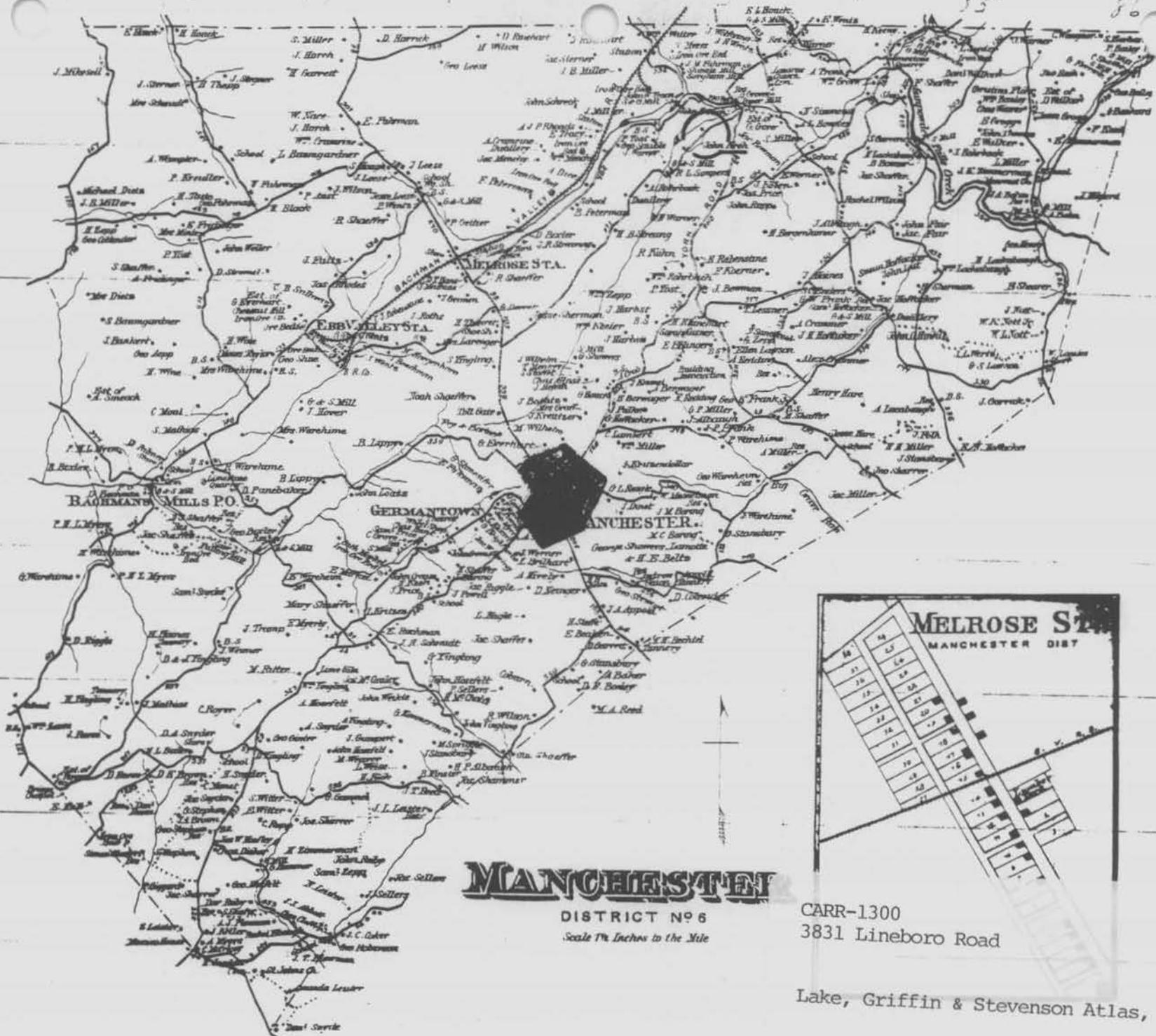
West Mannheim P.O.

Manchester P.O.

CARR-1300
3831 Lineboro Road

Martenet Map, 1862

- David Gross
- Store
- Carl's Bazaar
- Emm' Ebaugh
- H.A. Wirtzinger
- Haber B.
- Store
- John Nelson
- D.L. Hoover



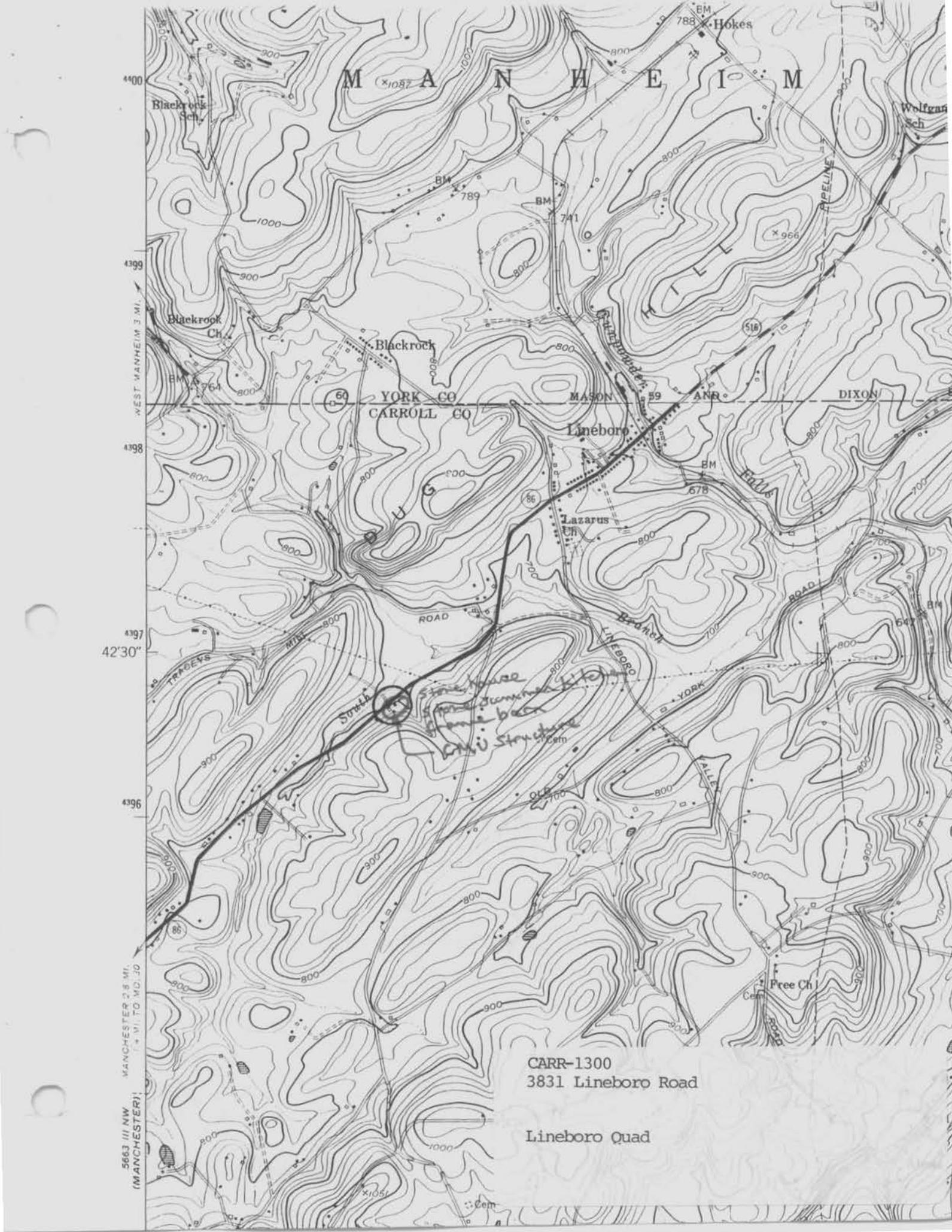
MANCHESTER

DISTRICT NO. 6
Scale 1/4 Inch to the Mile



CARR-1300
3831 Lineboro Road

Lake, Griffin & Stevenson Atlas, 1877



4400
4399
4398
4397
4396
WEST WANHEIM 3 MI.
42°30'
MANCHESTER 2.5 MI.
1.5 MI. TO MD. 30
5663 III NW
(MANCHESTER)

M A N H E I M

YORK CO
CARROLL CO
MASON
ANR
DIXON

CARR-1300
3831 Lineboro Road

Lineboro Quad

*This area
has been a
structure
Cm*

Blackrock Sch.

Blackrock Ch.

Blackrock

Lineboro

Lazarus Ch.

Falls

Free Ch
Cem

Wolfen
Sch

BM 788
Hokes

BM 789

BM 741

x 966

BM 764

59

BM 678

4397

4396

MANCHESTER 2.5 MI.

5663 III NW
(MANCHESTER)

x 1057

Cem

STEEPS



CARR-1300

3831 Lineboro Rd

Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Kenneth M. Short

Date: January 1992

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

House - northeast & northwest elevs.

1/11



CARR-1300

3831 Lineboro Rd

Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Kenneth M. Short

Date: January 1992

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

House - northwest & southwest elevs.

2/11



CARR-1300

3831 Lineboro Rd
Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Kenneth M. Short

Date: January 1992

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

Bake house, Summer Kitchen, & House - southeast & northeast elevs.

3/11



3831 Lincolne Rd.

Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Kenneth M. Short

Date: Feb. 1992

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

Stairway

#11



CARR-1300

3831 Lineboro Rd

Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Kenneth M. Short

Date: January 1992

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

Summer Kitchen - northwest & southwest elevs.

5/11



CARR-1300

3831 Lineboro Rd.
Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Kenneth M. Skort

Date: January 1992

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

Summer Kitchen - southwest & southeast elevs.

6/11



CARR-1300

3831 Lineboro Rd

Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Kenneth M. Short

Date: January 1992

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

Bakehouse - northeast elev.

7/11



CARR-1300

3831 Lineboro Rd.

Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Kenneth M. Short

Date: January 1992

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

Bakehouse - southwest & southeast elevs.

8/11



3831 Lincolnton Rd.

Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Kenneth M. Short

Date: March 1992

Neg. loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

Burn - NE & NW elevs.

9/11



3831 Lindebar Rd.

Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Kenneth M. Short

Date: March 1992

Neg. Loc: Maryland Historical Trust

3831 - SE elev.

10/11



3831 Lineboro Rd.

Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Kenneth M. Short

Date: March 1992

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust
wagon shed - S.W.: SE elevs.

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