

CARR-1308

Lewis Snyder Farm  
5246 Carroll Warehime Road  
Lineboro (Vicinity)

The farm property at 5246 Carroll Warehime Road sits on what was once the tract called "Bite the Biter," patented by John Shauck in 1807 (see Carr-660). When Shauck died his estate was subdivided and much of it purchased by George Klinefelter, apparently a wealthy land baron from Shrewsbury Township in York, Pennsylvania. Klinefelter then sold the land to George D. Klinefelter who sold the 123 acre farm to Lewis F. Snyder of York, Pennsylvania in 1851. There are two possible explanations for when the current house was constructed. In either scenario, the log house beneath the brick case probably was built by John Shauck or one of the Klinefelters as a tenant house. In the first scenario, Snyder immediately enlarges his house in 1851 and encases it with brick. In the second case Snyder could have enlarged and encased the log house between 1862 and 1866. In either scenario, the whole purpose of encasing a log house with brick was to dress up a house at much less cost than building a new brick house.

ksmisc4.1a  
06/20/92

# Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF  
HISTORIC PROPERTIES

Magi No.

DOE  yes  no

## 1. Name (indicate preferred name)

historic Lewis Snyder Farm

and/or common

## 2. Location

street & number 5246 Carroll Warehime Road  not for publicationcity, town Lineboro  vicinity of congressional district

state Maryland county Carroll

## 3. Classification

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use	
<input type="checkbox"/> district	<input type="checkbox"/> public	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> occupied	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> museum
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> building(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private	<input type="checkbox"/> unoccupied	<input type="checkbox"/> commercial	<input type="checkbox"/> park
<input type="checkbox"/> structure	<input type="checkbox"/> both	<input type="checkbox"/> work in progress	<input type="checkbox"/> educational	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private residence
<input type="checkbox"/> site	<b>Public Acquisition</b>	<b>Accessible</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> entertainment	<input type="checkbox"/> religious
<input type="checkbox"/> object	<input type="checkbox"/> in process	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> yes: restricted	<input type="checkbox"/> government	<input type="checkbox"/> scientific
	<input type="checkbox"/> being considered	<input type="checkbox"/> yes: unrestricted	<input type="checkbox"/> industrial	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> not applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> no	<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> other:

## 4. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name Ronald K. &amp; Iris Elaine Price

street &amp; number 5246 Carroll Warehime Road telephone no.: 374-4997

city, town Lineboro state and zip code Maryland 21088

## 5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Courthouse Annex liber 966

street &amp; number 55 N. Court Street folio 725

city, town Westminster state Maryland

## 6. Representation in Existing Historical Surveys

title

date  federal  state  county  local

depository for survey records

city, town state

## 7. Description

Survey No. CARR-1308

<b>Condition</b>		<b>Check one</b>	<b>Check one</b>	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> deteriorated	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> unaltered	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> original site	
<input type="checkbox"/> good	<input type="checkbox"/> ruins	<input type="checkbox"/> altered	<input type="checkbox"/> moved	date of move _____
<input type="checkbox"/> fair	<input type="checkbox"/> unexposed			

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

**Summary:** The house at 5246 Carroll Warehime Road is a two-story all stretcher common bond brick building banked into a hill on the southeast side, with a porch across the first-story front and exposed basement on the northeast facade. The building represents at least two distinct construction phases. The northwestern half was constructed first as a two-story log house on a stone foundation. The southwestern half is a two-story brick addition, also on a stone foundation. When it was constructed, the original log house was encased in brick, making the structure read as one. The interior layout is now a three-cell plan with modified central passage between the new and old buildings. Northeast of the house is a one-story summer kitchen. South of the house is a one-seat privy. Northwest of the house and in line with it is a banked barn with a ramp on the southwest side and forebay on the northeast.

The house at 5246 Carroll Warehime Road is a two-story all stretcher common bond brick building banked into a hill on the southeast side, with a porch across the first-story front and exposed basement on the northeast facade. The building represents at least two distinct construction phases. The northwestern half was constructed first as a two-story log house on a stone foundation. The southwestern half is a two-story brick addition, also on a stone foundation. When it was constructed, the original log house was encased in brick, making the structure read as one. This history helps explain its unique pattern of window and door placement. The exposed basement wall is five bays long and of brick, with projecting stone end walls that support the ends of the porch above, and a stone pier between the doors in the second and third bays. These doors are both of vertical tongue and grooved boards with a fixed 6 light sash in the top of each. The other bays contain 6 over 3 wood double-hung sash with wood sills. There are also three wood posts which support the porch above. The porch has a shed roof with wood shakes, six squared posts with chamfers and stops above the railings, and vertical square balusters. The porch has a wide central stairway of wood and new concrete and brick stairs behind a stone wall on the northwest end. All of the windows in the first and second stories have been replaced with recent 6-over-6 or 1-over-1 sash. The first story front has windows in the first and third bays, and doors in the second and fifth bays. On the second story there are windows in the first, third and fifth bays. The house has a gable roof of asphalt shingles, a flush brick chimney centered on the southeast wall, and a chimney over the fourth bay. There are exterior panelled shutters on the first story and louvered blinds on the second.

The interior has had slight modifications. The interior layout is a three-cell plan with modified central passage between the new and old buildings. The log section is

Description (continued)

Section 7 Page 2

divided laterally by a northeast to southwest wall. The northwest cell which has the exterior door, was originally divided into two unequal rooms by a wall that ran northwest to southeast.

The back room was narrow. The front room has a brick chimney, but no fireplace. There is a kitchen fireplace in the basement, under the central cell, that probably used this flue. The stairs are enclosed and are placed against the northeast wall, spanning both the central and northwest cells. The entrance up to the second story is from the northwest cell, and to the basement is from the center cell.

The brick addition has a central enclosed stair in the modified passage that separates it from the center cell. This narrow passage has an external door to the front and interior doors to the central and southeast cells, but since the stairs are enclosed, there is no passage along side them to the rear of the building. The southeast cell contains a fireplace and flue for a kitchen fireplace that was originally in the basement. There is a built-in closet in the south corner of the room. The flat window frames in this section have a beaded interior edge.

Northeast of the house is a one-story summer kitchen with sawn and nailed wood frame on a stone foundation and vertical board wood siding. It has a gable roof with wood shingles 6"x24" with 9" weather. The building is one bay by two bays, with a vertical board wood door on the southeast gable end and an interior brick fireplace with iron kettle rollers on the opposite northwest end. Both sides have two 8-over-8 double hung wood sash.

South of the house is a one-seat privy with vertical tongue and groove beaded edge and center wood siding and a shed roof with corrugated metal. The south elevation has a vertical tongue and groove board door with no beading.

Northwest of the house and in line with it is a banked barn with a ramp on the southwest side and forebay on the northeast. It has a rubble stone foundation with a horizontal board wall under the forebay. This wall has seven doors, which were originally vertical board dutch doors on strap hinges, several of which have been replaced recently. Between the doors are five wood louvered vents placed high up on the wall. The third and fourth doors are set close together, without sufficient space for a vent.

The plan of the first story has a hay mow on each end and one in the center, with two threshing floors. The first story of the barn has vertical wood siding, much of it new. The southwest elevation has projecting end sheds, the left one containing the remains of a granary. There are two sets of double doors, the left pair has one door

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STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

Survey No. CARR-1308

Description (continued)

Section 7 Page 3

missing and the other is rebuilt and has strap hinges. The barn has a gable roof with corrugated metal roofing. There are several 6 light sash, probably reused from the house, that were placed in the barn when it was re-sided. The northeast elevation has two pairs of double doors at the ends of the two threshing floors, placed opposite the large wagon doors on the southwest elevation. Inside the barn on a threshing floor wall are carved the initials "R.L.H.," "C.E.H.," and "W.L.L.?".

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# 8. Significance

Survey No. CARR-1308

Period	Areas of Significance—Check and justify below			
<input type="checkbox"/> prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-historic	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> sculpture
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> social/
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> music	<input type="checkbox"/> humanitarian
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy	<input type="checkbox"/> theater
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
		<input type="checkbox"/> invention		<input type="checkbox"/> other (specify)

Specific dates	Builder/Architect
check: Applicable Criteria: <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D and/or Applicable Exception: <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/> G Level of Significance: <input type="checkbox"/> national <input type="checkbox"/> state <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> local	

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

**Summary:** The farm property at 5246 Carroll Warehime Road sits on what was once the tract called "Bite the Biter," patented by John Shauck in 1807 (see Carr-660). When Shauck died his estate was subdivided and much of it purchased by George Klinefelter, apparently a wealthy land baron from Shrewsbury Township in York, Pennsylvania. Klinefelter then sold the land to George D. Klinefelter who sold the 123 acre farm to Lewis F. Snyder of York, Pennsylvania in 1851. There are two possible explanations for when the current house was constructed. In either scenario, the log house beneath the brick case probably was built by John Shauck or one of the Klinefelters as a tenant house. In the first scenario, Snyder immediately enlarges his house in 1851 and encases it with brick. In the second case Snyder could have enlarged and encased the log house between 1862 and 1866. In either scenario, the whole purpose of encasing a log house with brick was to dress up a house at much less cost than building a new brick house.

Historic Period Themes: Architecture, Agriculture  
 Geographic Organization: Piedmont  
 Chronological/Development Period: Industrial/Urban Dominance  
 Resource Types: Small Family Farmsteads, Rural Vernacular

The farm property at 5246 Carroll Warehime Road sits on what was once the tract called "Bite the Biter," patented by John Shauck in 1807 (see Carr-660). When Shauck died his estate was subdivided and much of it purchased by George Klinefelter, apparently a wealthy land baron from Shrewsbury Township in York, Pennsylvania. Klinefelter then sold the land to George D. Klinefelter (probably his son), who sold the 123 acre farm to Lewis F. Snyder of York, Pennsylvania in 1851. The cost was \$2,000.00.

The following year's tax assessment noted that a brick house stood on the property, which was now worth \$2,327.00 exclusive of livestock and furnishings. The value of his livestock, \$113.00, shows that he was a small farmer, yet his furnishings were of considerable value for the time, at \$88.00. The 1860 census may help to explain

this. In it Snyder is listed as a 37 year old farmer living in Manchester District with his wife Lydia (age 35). Both had been born in Pennsylvania. Thus Snyder was only 28 when he purchased his farm, and had only been working it for one year when he was assessed. This was hardly enough time to acquire much livestock. The considerable value of the furnishings may be explained by the fact that a John Snyder (age 68) and Catherine Snyder (age 75) were living with Lewis and Lydia Snyder. The elder Snyders, presumably his parents, were both born in Germany. In 1860 the real estate was worth \$3,000.00 and personal property worth \$1,000.00. By the 1866 tax assessment, which notes that there was a frame barn on the 123 acre farm, the value of the property had jumped to \$6,150.00 and livestock was now worth \$488.00. In addition, Snyder had farm machinery worth \$105.00 and carriages worth another \$100.00, among other things.

The 1862 map of Carroll County does not show a house at the location where the current house stands, and shows Lewis Snyder living further southeast of the site. Thus there are two possible explanations for when the current house was constructed. In either scenario, the log house beneath the brick case probably was built by John Shauck or one of the Klinefelters as a tenant house. This was a common practice of large landowners. In the first scenario, Snyder immediately enlarges his house in 1851 (which would be necessary if his parents were coming to live with him) and encases it with brick. A study of brick-cased log houses in Cumberland County, Pennsylvania, found that many were encased in brick in the 1850's, some as many as 30-40 years after the log house had been built, and some in conjunction with new additions. In this scenario the 1862 map would have Snyder's house located in the wrong position. In the second case, the 1862 map could be correct, the brick house mentioned in 1852 could have been a small one elsewhere on his property, and Snyder could have enlarged and encased the log house between 1862 and 1866. This would explain the great jump in the value of the farm in the 1866 tax assessment. Though this was in the midst of the Civil War, there are other instances of brick houses being constructed at the time in this area. In either scenario, the whole purpose of encasing a log house with brick was to dress up a house at much less cost than building a new brick house. Only one other example is known to survive in the northeast section of the County. The barn and summer kitchen were probably built by 1866 as well, and were laid out on the typical linear farm plan. Of particular note are the projecting sheds on the ramp side of the barn, one of which was the granary. These are rather rare, though not unknown.

The property does show up in the right location in the 1877 map of Carroll County. The 1876 assessment suggests that Snyder's operation was smaller than ten years previously. He had two horses, five cattle, and four hogs for a value of \$274.00. His two-story brick dwelling was worth \$550.00 and the frame barn and other out

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STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

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Significance (continued)

Section 8 Page 3

buildings \$500.00. The decline can probably be explained by the likelihood that Snyder's parents had died and some of his children had moved away to start farms and families of his own (no doubt with his support) as well as the general economic decline of the early 1870's. The property remained in the Snyder family at least until 1941. There were no other changes listed to the property through the 1910 assessment.

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05/29/92

# 9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey No. CARR-1308

Carroll County Land Records  
Census Records  
1862 & 1877 Maps  
Carroll County Tax Assessments, 1852, 1866, 1876, 1876-96, 1896-1910

# 10. Geographical Data

Acreeage of nominated property 2.984 a.

Quadrangle name Lineboro

Quadrangle scale 1:24000

UTM References do NOT complete UTM references

A	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
	Zone	Easting	Northing

B	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
	Zone	Easting	Northing

C	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
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D	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
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E	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
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F	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
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G	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
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H	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
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Verbal boundary description and justification

List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries

state	code	county	code
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state	code	county	code
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# 11. Form Prepared By

name/title Ken Short, Historic Planner

organization Carroll County Planning Department

date June 20, 1992

street & number 225 N. Center Street

telephone (410) 876-4544

city or town Westminster

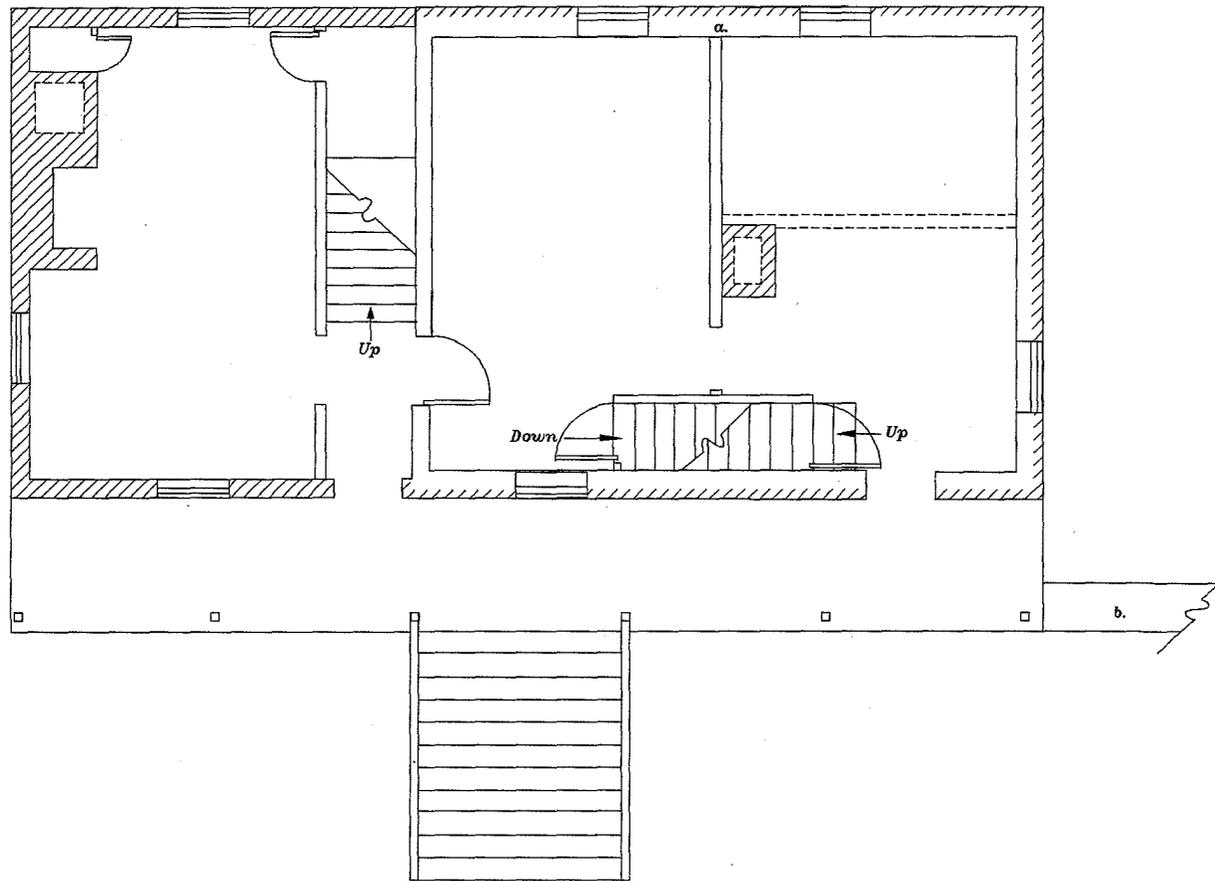
state Maryland

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust  
Shaw House  
21 State Circle  
Annapolis, Maryland 21401  
(301) 269-2438

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST  
100 COMMUNITY PLACE  
CROWNSVILLE, MD 21032-2023  
514-7600



a. Log  
b. Stone

Prepared by: Carroll County Dept. of Planning

CARR  
1308

Lewis Snyder Farm-House  
5246 Carroll Warehime Road

First Floor  
Plan

February 1992  
Kenneth M. Short

0 1 2 3 4 5 FEET



Sheet No.

2/3

5246 Carroll Warehouse Rd CARR-1308

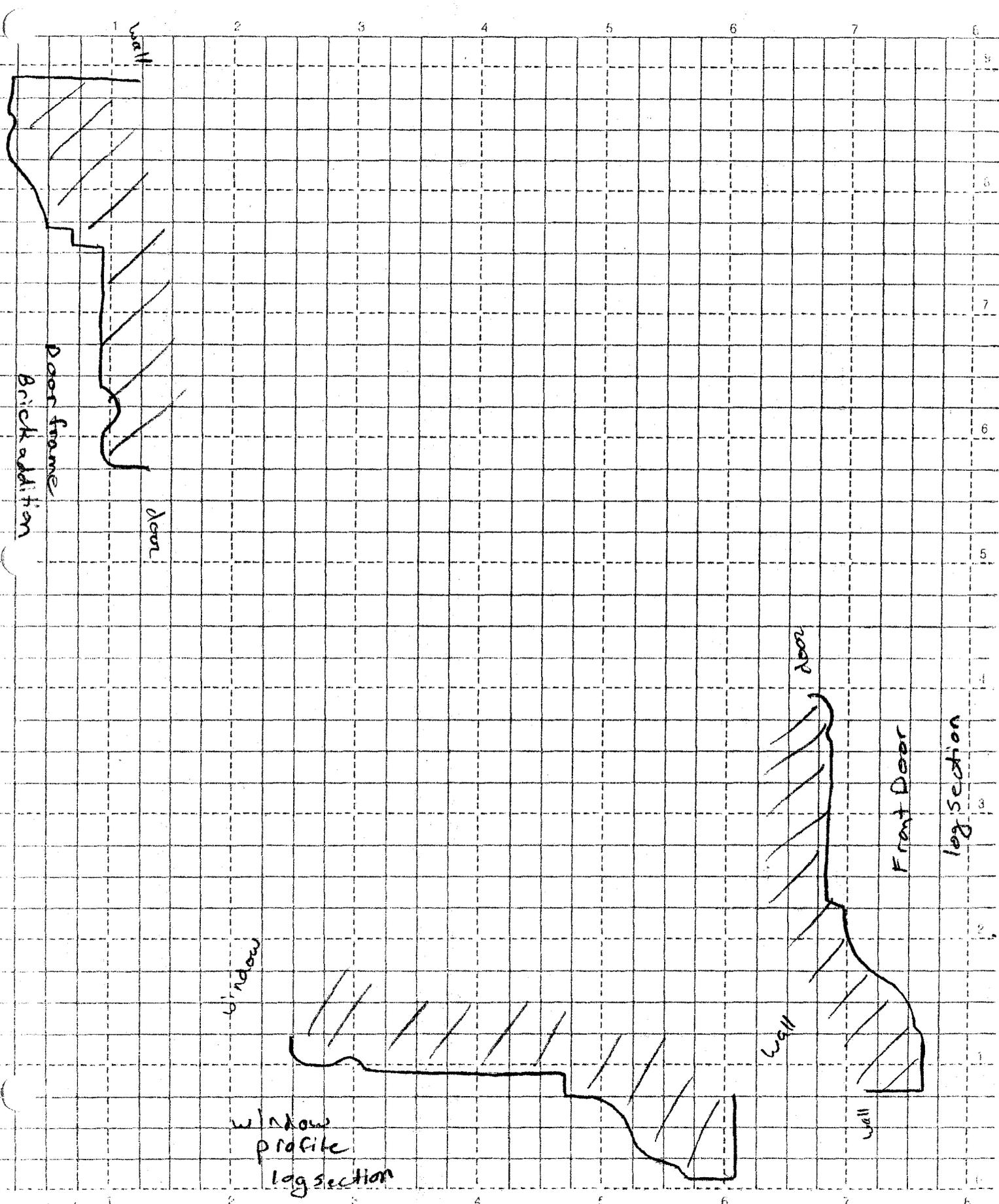
PREPARED BY

KMS

DATE

24 Feb 1992

# Moulding Profiles



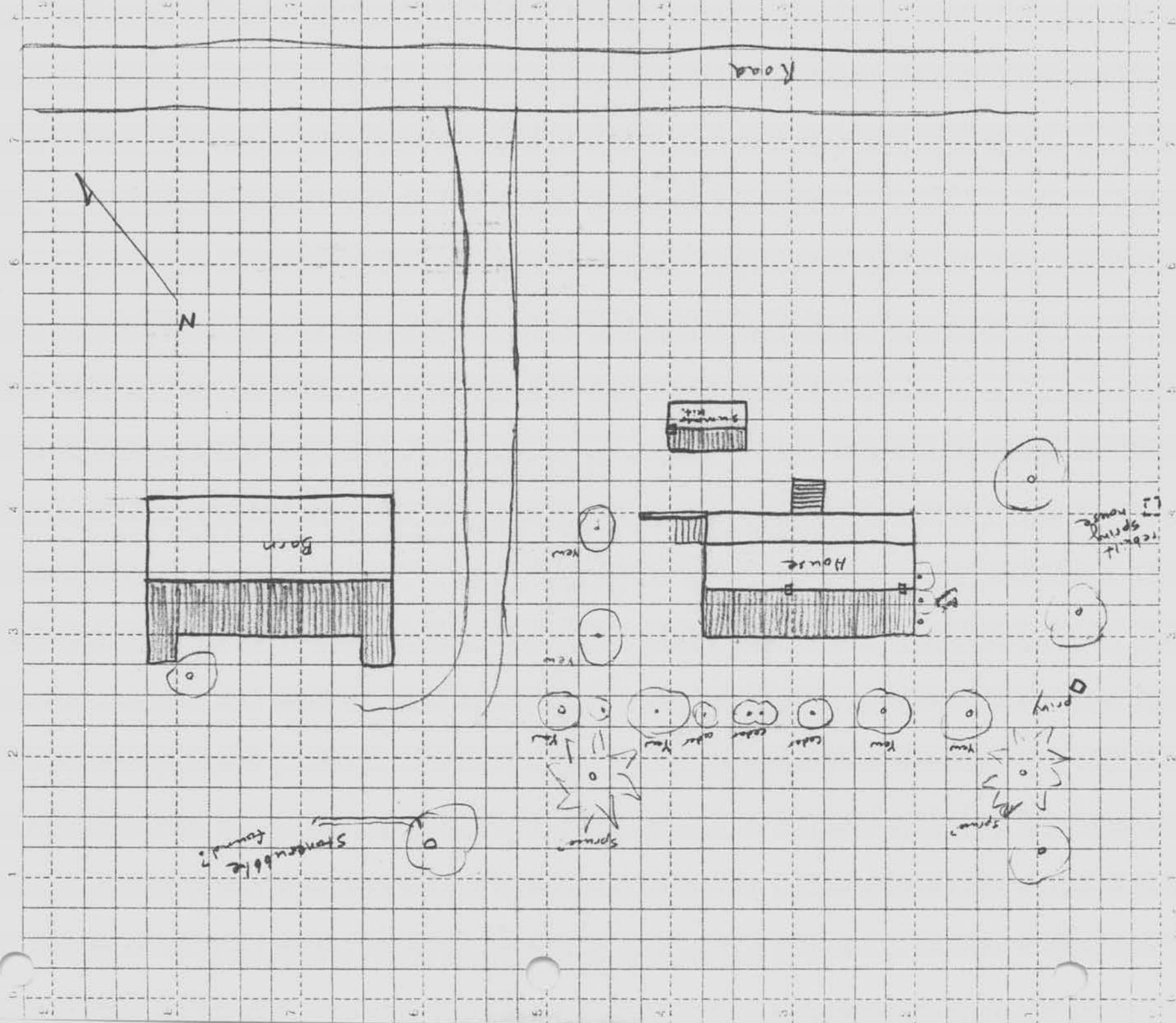
3/3

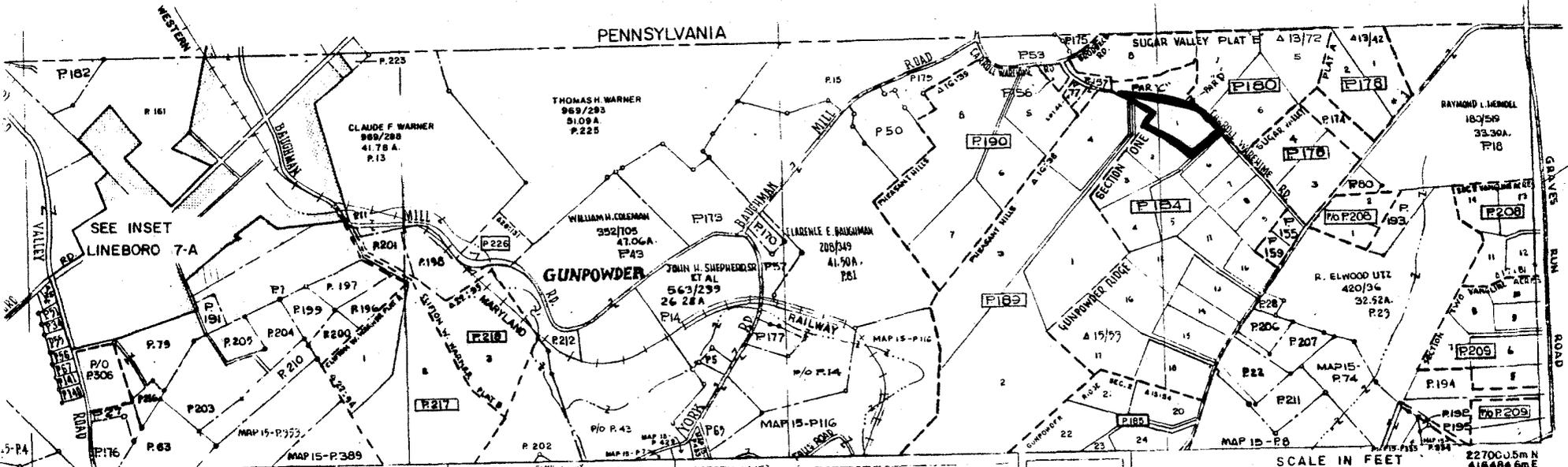
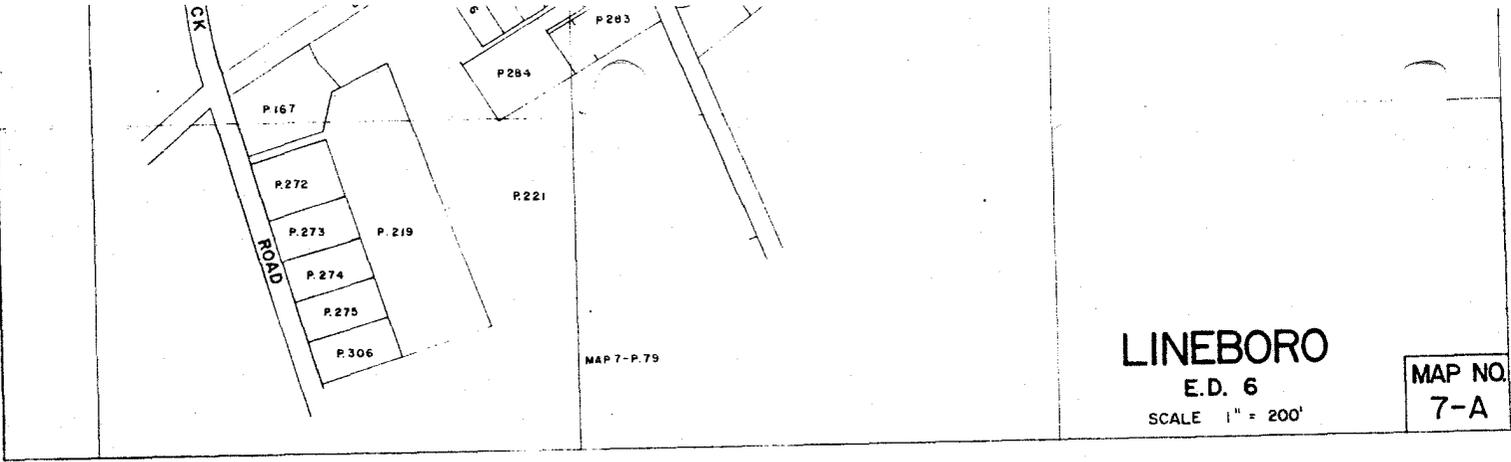
5246 Carroll Warehouse Rd. CARR-1308

Site Plan

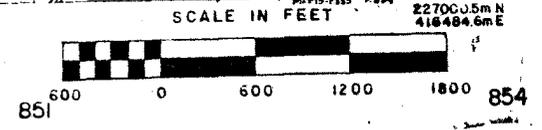
PREPARED BY  
KMS

DATE  
4 Mar. 1992





DEPT. OF ASSESSMENTS & TAXATION MAP DIVISION		PROPERTY LINE S/D DIVISION BOUNDARY	
THE MAP SHOWN HEREIN HAS BEEN PREPARED FROM THE RECORDS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ASSESSMENTS & TAXATION AND IS SUBJECT TO THE GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE MAPS AND RECORDS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ASSESSMENTS & TAXATION.		CONTINUING OWNERSHIP - Z 1 E Z	
REVISED TO: DATE: JUNE, 1991		PARCEL NUMBER - P 349 ASSUMED TO IDENTIFY OWNERSHIP. MAPS BE PROVIDED BY MAP NUMBER.	
BY: 1274	PHOTO: 379/98	QUADRANGLE:	



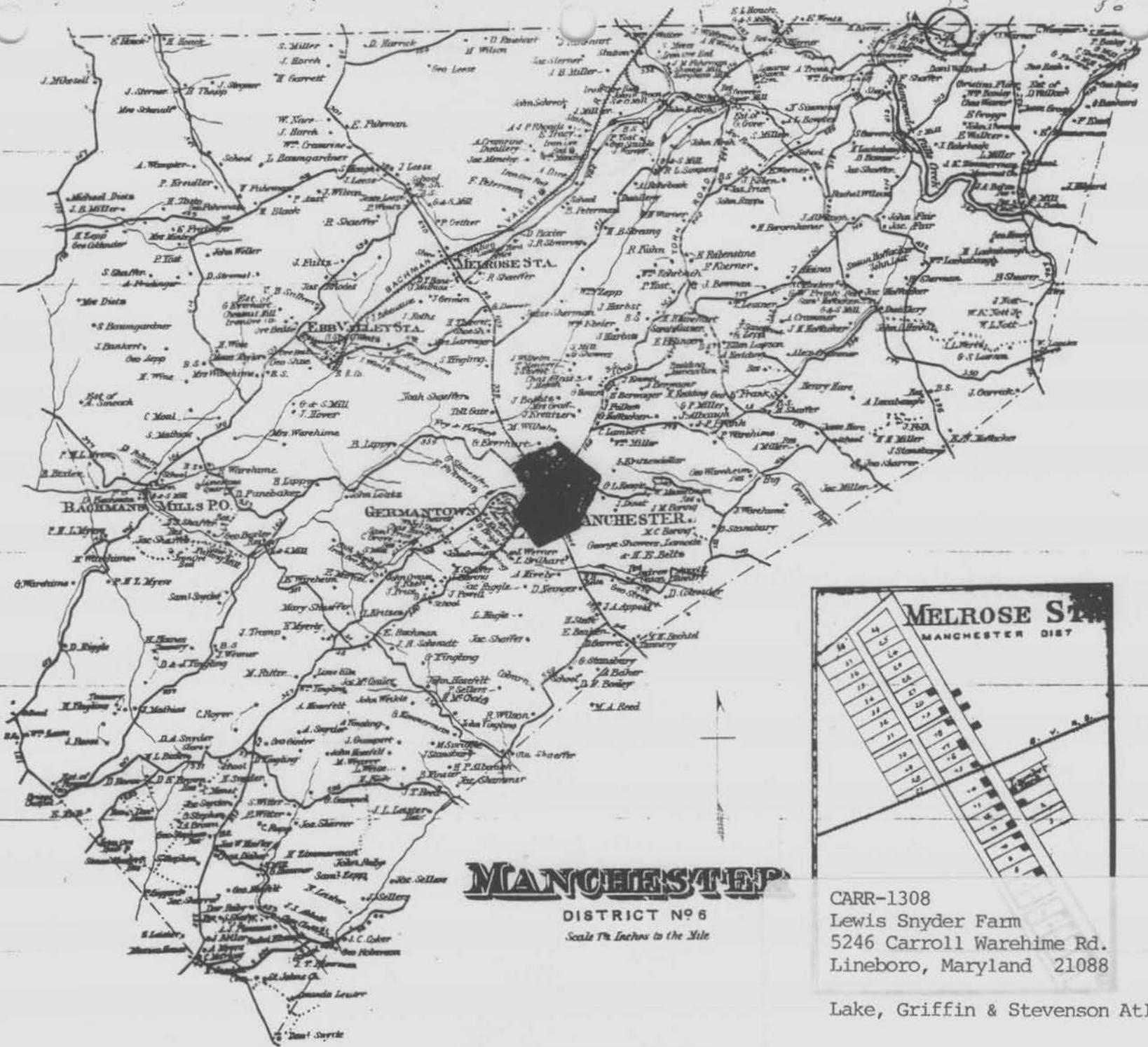
MAP NO. 7

CARR-1308  
 Lewis Snyder Farm  
 5246 Carroll Warehime Rd.  
 Lineboro, Maryland 21088



CARR-1308  
Lewis Snyder Farm  
5246 Carroll Warehouse Rd.  
Lineboro, Maryland 21088  
Martenet Map, 1862

J. W. Snyder  
A. F. Snyder



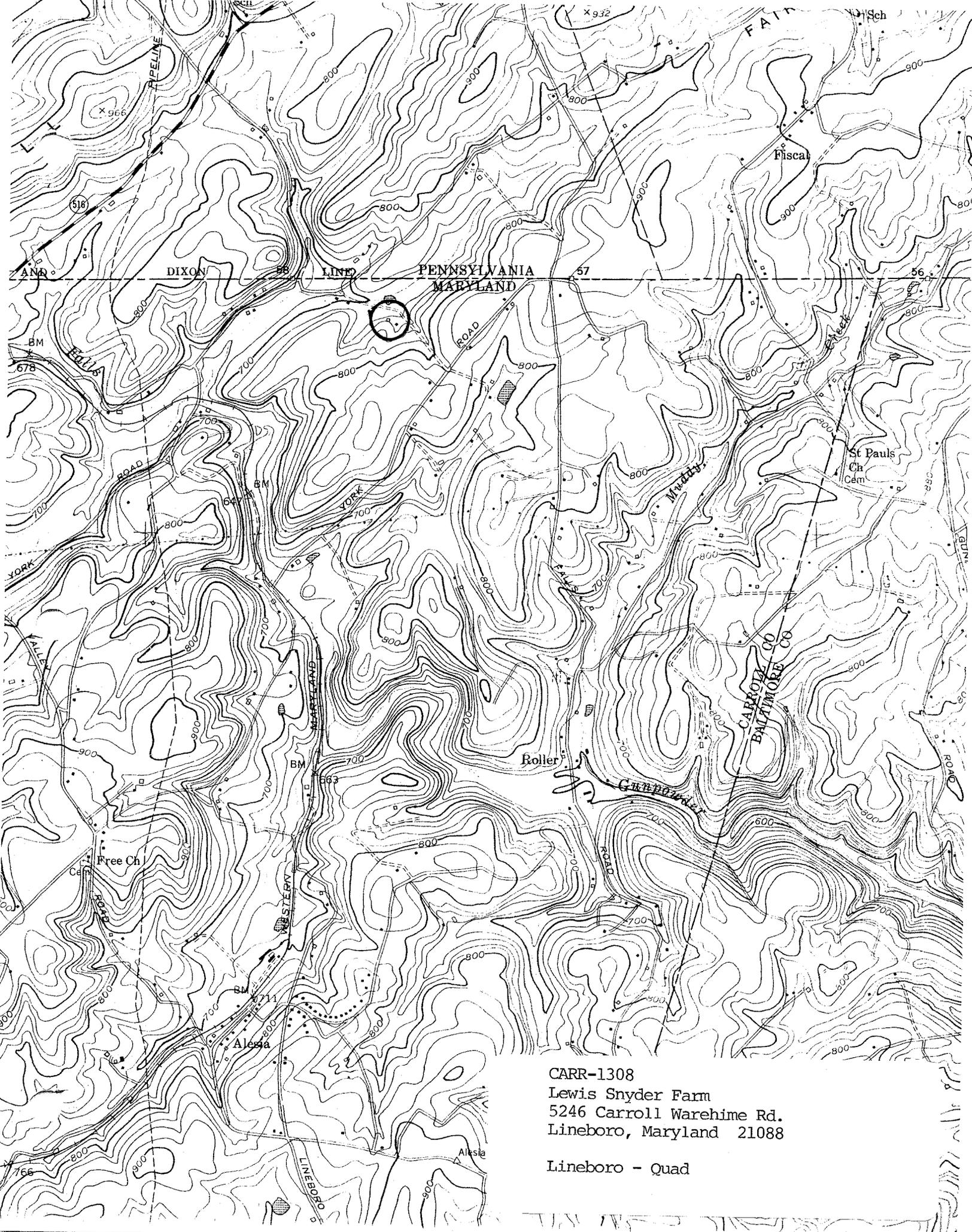
# MANCHESTER

DISTRICT NO 6  
Scale 1/4 Inch to the Mile



CARR-1308  
Lewis Snyder Farm  
5246 Carroll Warehime Rd.  
Lineboro, Maryland 21088

Lake, Griffin & Stevenson Atlas, 1877



CARR-1308  
Lewis Snyder Farm  
5246 Carroll Warehouse Rd.  
Lineboro, Maryland 21088

Lineboro - Quad



Lewis Snyder Farm

5246 Carroll Warehime Rd.

Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Kenneth M. Short

Date: Feb. 1992

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

House-NE elev.

1/6



CARR-1308

Lewis Snyder Farm

5246 Carroll Warehouse Rd.

Carroll County, Maryland

Phot: Kenneth M. Short

Date: Feb. 1992

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

House  $\frac{1}{2}$  way - SW  $\frac{1}{2}$  SE elev

2/6



Lewis Snyder Farm  
5746 Carroll Warehouse Rd.

Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Kenneth M. Short

Date: Feb. 1992

Neg. Loc. Maryland Historical Trust  
Summer Kitchen - SE & NE elev.

3/6



Lewis Snyder Farm  
5246 Carroll Warehouse Rd.  
Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Kenneth M. Short

Date: Feb. 1992

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust  
Summer kitchen - interior view - NW

4/6



Lewis Snyder Farm

5246 Carroll Warehime Rd.

Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Kenneth M. Short

Date: Feb. 1992

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

Barn - NE elev.

5/6



Levi's Snyder Farm

5246 Carroll Warchime Rd.

Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Kenneth M. Short

Date: Feb. 1992

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

Burn - SW: SE elevs.

6/6