

CARR-1456
Miller Family Farm
Millers (vicinity)

Summary:

In 1830 the Miller Family Farm was sold from Michael Miller to Henry Miller. It was most likely the latter who was responsible for construction of the side-passage plan, double-pile log house that stands on the property today. It was most likely constructed in the 1840's or early 1850's. The exterior of the house, and the first-story interior, have suffered a great deal of alteration that compromises the historical integrity of the house. The second story, on the other hand, is virtually pristine, and is an unusual room arrangement. Henry Miller died in December 1854. The farm was finally sold in 1867 and was purchased by Aaron Miller. It was most likely Aaron Miller who added the frame section. When the Baltimore and Hanover Railroad passed through his land, he built and ran the railroad stop, which came to be known as Millers Station, and sold off lots creating a small crossroads community that still bears his name. The Barnes family purchased the farm in 1929 and have owned it to the present.

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF

Magi No.

HISTORIC PROPERTIES

DOE ___yes ___no

1. Name (indicate preferred name)

historic Miller Family Farm

and/or common

2. Location

street & number 4219 Millers Station Road _____ not for publication

city, town Millers vicinity of _____ congressional district

state Maryland _____ county Carroll

3. Classification

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use
<input type="checkbox"/> district	<input type="checkbox"/> public	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> occupied	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> building(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private	<input type="checkbox"/> unoccupied	<input type="checkbox"/> commercial
<input type="checkbox"/> structure	<input type="checkbox"/> both	<input type="checkbox"/> work in progress	<input type="checkbox"/> educational
<input type="checkbox"/> site	Public Acquisition	Accessible	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private residence
<input type="checkbox"/> object	<input type="checkbox"/> in process	<input type="checkbox"/> yes: restricted	<input type="checkbox"/> religious
	<input type="checkbox"/> being considered	<input type="checkbox"/> yes: unrestricted	<input type="checkbox"/> scientific
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> not applicable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> no	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
			<input type="checkbox"/> other:

4. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name John L. Barnes

street & number 4219 Millers Station Road telephone no.: 374-5436

city, town Millers state and zip code MD 21107

5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Courthouse Annex liber LWS 1063

street & number 55 North Court Street folio 99

city, town Westminster state MD

6. Representation in Existing Historical Surveys

title

date _____ federal _____ state _____ county _____ local

depository for survey records

city, town _____ state

7. Description

Survey No. CARR-1456

Condition		Check one	Check one	
<input type="checkbox"/> excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> deteriorated	<input type="checkbox"/> unaltered	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> original site	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> good	<input type="checkbox"/> ruins	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> altered	<input type="checkbox"/> moved	date of move _____
<input type="checkbox"/> fair	<input type="checkbox"/> unexposed			

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

Summary:

The Miller Family Farm is located at 4219 Millers Station Road, on the south side of the road, just east of the settlement of Millers. The farm sits well back from the road on a very flat site. The farm complex consists of a log and frame house and a frame smokehouse. The house is a two-story, five-bay by two-bay structure with a rubble stone foundation, aluminum siding, and a gable roof of inverted V-seam metal with a northeast-to-southwest ridge. Apparently, the southwest three bays were built first, then two bays were added on the northeast, and finally an addition was made on the southeast elevation of the northeast addition. On the southeast elevation, the first story has two 6/6 sash to the south and an altered door in the center bay. There is a three-light transom. The doorway has a one-story, one-bay porch with a gable roof. The house is banked on the northeast, with the foundation partially exposed on the southwest. On the northwest elevation, the first story has an enclosed porch. There is a cellar under the southwest section of the house only. This section is of log construction. The first story now has a center-passage, double-pile plan. There is a straight run of stairs along the northeast wall. The south room has a fireplace on the southwest wall. The south room has a fireplace on the southwest wall. The second story of the original southwest section of the log house has a virtually pristine original configuration. Most of the passage has recent infill. The stairway has a landing on the northwest, then turns to the southwest with two steps up to a large room or stair hall. Off of this stair hall are three other rooms in the east, south, and west corners. The interior walls of the chambers are tongue-and-grooved, beaded-edge vertical boards.

Contributing Resources: 2

The Miller Family Farm is located at 4219 Millers Station Road, on the south side of the road, just east of the settlement of Millers, and about 2 miles east of Manchester in northeast Carroll County, Maryland. The farm sits well back from the road on a very flat site. The farm complex consists of a log and frame house and a frame smokehouse. A road formerly ran along the southeast side of the house, and the house originally faced southeast toward the road. The house has been reoriented to face northwest toward Millers Station Road. The house is a two-story, five-bay by two-bay structure with a rubble stone foundation, aluminum siding, and a gable roof of inverted V-seam metal with a northeast-to-southwest ridge. Apparently the southwest three bays were built first, then two bays were added on the northeast, and finally an addition was made on the southeast elevation of the northeast addition.

On the southeast elevation, the first story has two 6/6 sash to the south and an altered

Description (continued)

Section 7 Page 2

door in the center bay. This was originally a six-panel door, but now has a nine-light sash above two panels. There is a three-light transom. The doorway has a one-story, one-bay porch with a gable roof of asphalt shingles and a northwest-to-southeast ridge. It has chamfered posts, and most of the trim is wire nailed. The second story of this section has three 6/6 sash. There is a box cornice and a standing-seam metal roof on this side. The southeast addition has two 1/1 sash on the southeast elevation. It has a shed roof that slopes to the southeast. The southeast addition was added about 1970. The house is banked on the northeast, with the foundation partially exposed on the southwest. On the southwest elevation the first and second stories have two 6/6 sash. On the northwest elevation, the first story has an enclosed porch. The stone in the foundation differs on the three west bays from that in the two north bays. At the north corner, there is German siding under the aluminum siding. The enclosed porch has an asphalt-shingle shed roof. The second story has, from north to west, no opening, a 6/6 sash, a break in the aluminum siding where the walls are offset several inches, a 6/6 sash, no opening, and a 6/6 sash. On the northeast elevation, the first addition has two 6/6 sash on the first and second stories.

There is a cellar under the southwest section of the house only. The summer beam is hewn on top and bottom and originally had one post supporting it. The southwest end has two stone chimney buttresses with three shelves set between them. The joists are also hewn top and bottom and rest on top of a hewn sill that is 5 inches by 7¼ inches wide. The joists run northwest to southeast, except on the northeast end. Here, the joists are much thinner and run northeast to southwest. They are tenoned into an end joist or stair header. On the northwest wall is a central door that leads to a two-bay cellar under the enclosed porch. This appears to be an original configuration. In the west bay of this wall is a door that originally led to the exterior, but now goes to beneath the porch extension. This section is of log construction. The inner face of the logs are hewn and have no whitewash. There is diagonal hand-split lath and plaster.

The first story now has a center-passage, double-pile plan. The front door in the passage is hung on three large cast iron butt hinges marked "WARRANTED" and fastened with blunt tip screws. The architrave here has a broken field with a bead at the break, a bead at the inner edge, and a quirked steep ogee-and-bead backband. There is a straight run of stairs along the northeast wall. The balusters are gone, but the stair has a turned newel and a ¾-round handrail. The stairs have been partially rebuilt and are wire nailed. There is a vertical-board wall under the stairs. The door to the cellar was originally on the southwest wall of the stairs, but this area has been infilled and the door moved to the northwest side of the stairs. Most of the passage has recent infill. There is a wide opening on the southwest wall to the south room.

The south room has a fireplace on the southwest wall that has splayed, plastered

Description (continued)

Section 7 Page 3

jamb. The wood mantel has pilasters with three fillets and there is a paneled frieze. On the southeast side of the fireplace is a cupboard with a six-light door. The south room has the same architrave as the front door. The northwest room also has this architrave. The northwest wall has been completely removed, opening this room to the enclosed porch.

The second story of the original southwest section of the log house has a virtually pristine original configuration. The stairway has a landing on the northwest, then turns to the southwest with two steps up to a large room or stair hall. Off of this stair hall are three other rooms in the east, south, and west corners. This stair hall has a beaded-interior-edge architrave with a typical backband for this house. There is an enclosed winder stair in the east corner of the stair hall that leads to the attic. The winder stair starts in the middle of the building and turns to the southeast, which is an unusual placement. The door to the enclosed stair is on the southwest side of the enclosure. The interior walls of the chambers are tongue-and-grooved, beaded-edge vertical boards. There are six-panel doors, some with Norfolk latches. The door to the south chamber opens out, while the other two doors open in. Because of this, the doors that open in have the typical architrave for the second story, while the door that opens out does not. That architrave can be found on the room-side of the doorway. All three of the chambers have typical second-story architrave around the windows. The wall between the south and east chambers is also of beaded-edge vertical boards.

The attic has $\frac{3}{4}$ -round log rafters with a center tenon and peg at the ridge. The feet are sawn off and fastened to a false plate. The rafters are set over top of the joists. The joists are sawn, and every other joist appears to be pegged to the top log on the southeast wall. There was a brick chimney about 4 feet southwest of the attic stair. There is no evidence of it now surviving on the second story, but its location can be placed in the attic. The exterior of the northeast wall, which is now covered by an addition, can be examined from the attic. The logs are not whitewashed. They have a number of nails that suggests that there was lath and siding here that was removed when the addition was put on, as none survives. There is a window opening in the east bay of the second story of the northeast elevation.

The first story of the northeast addition is greatly altered. There are new stairs on the northeast wall. The southwest wall has a chimney and wood mantel with plain pilaster strips and an ogee-cut frieze. The northwest wall has been removed, and the southeast wall had two windows, which are now closed off, and a wide door now exists in the center of the wall leading to the southeast addition. The second story has two rooms. The southeast chamber has, on the south wall in the west corner, a mantel like the first story. There are four-panel doors in this room. The attic floor framing has a hewn summer beam and sawn joists that have a center tenon and peg into the summer beam. The summer beam has a center tenon

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Survey No. CARR-1456

Description (continued)

Section 7 Page 4

and two pegs into the end girts. The girts are hewn on all four sides. The rafters are sawn and are mitered at the ridge. They are set over top of the joists and the feet are cut off and fastened to a false plate.

There is a smokehouse about 30 feet north of the house. It has a concrete foundation, beaded-edge, vertical-board siding that is wire nailed, and a gable roof of asphalt shingles, with a northwest to southeast ridge. It has a new door on the southwest elevation. The building is constructed of 2 x 4 and 4 x 4 timber with 2 x 4 rafters that are mitered at the ridge.

KS/lc:12-12-95:CARR1456.des

8. Significance

Survey No CARR-1456

Period	Areas of Significance—Check and justify below			
<input type="checkbox"/> prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-historic	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> sculpture
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> social/
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> music	<input type="checkbox"/> humanitarian
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy	<input type="checkbox"/> theater
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
		<input type="checkbox"/> invention		<input type="checkbox"/> other (specify)

Specific dates	Builder/Architect
check: Applicable Criteria: <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D and/or Applicable Exception: <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/> G Level of Significance: <input type="checkbox"/> national <input type="checkbox"/> state <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> local	

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

Summary:

In 1830 the Miller Family Farm was sold from Michael Miller to Henry Miller. It was most likely the latter who was responsible for construction of the side-passage plan, double-pile log house that stands on the property today. It was most likely constructed in the 1840's or early 1850's. The exterior of the house, and the first-story interior, have suffered a great deal of alteration that compromises the historical integrity of the house. The second story, on the other hand, is virtually pristine, and is an unusual room arrangement. Henry Miller died in December 1854. The farm was finally sold in 1867 and was purchased by Aaron Miller. It was most likely Aaron Miller who added the frame section. When the Baltimore and Hanover Railroad passed through his land, he built and ran the railroad stop, which came to be known as Millers Station, and sold off lots creating a small crossroads community that still bears his name. The Barnes family purchased the farm in 1929 and have owned it to the present.

Geographic Organization: Piedmont
 Chronological/Development Period: Agriculture-Industrial Transition A.D. 1815-1870;
 Industrial/Urban Dominance A.D. 1870-1930
 Historic Period Themes: Architecture
 Resource Types: Rural Vernacular

In 1830 the Miller Family Farm was sold from Michael Miller to Henry Miller. It was most likely the latter who was responsible for construction of the side-passage, double-pile log house that stands on the property today. Based on the hardware and mouldings used in the house, it was most likely constructed in the 1840's or early 1850's. The exterior of the house, and the first-story interior, have suffered a great deal of alteration that compromises the historical integrity of the house, though many of these changes are reversible. The second story, on the other hand, is virtually pristine and is an unusual room arrangement; basically, the second floor is divided into four rooms, one of which serves as the stair passage and access to the other three rooms. The original beaded-edge, vertical-board partition walls survive in-situ and exposed, conveying a strong sense of what the house

Significance (continued)

Section 8 Page 2

was like originally.

Henry Miller died in December 1854, but it is not known whether he was living on this property or not at that time. His will does not particularly clarify things, as he directs that ". . . my said wife Mary shall have hold & occupy without molestation or denial sufficient room in any of my dwellings she may select on any of my plantations. . . ." This is vague enough to preclude making conclusions. He further adds that this executor may ". . . rent, lease or let my plantations during the lifetime of my said wife Mary at such time and upon such terms as he may deem most beneficial." One note that is suggestive states: ". . . my executor is hereby empowered to burn one kiln of lime annually and put the same on such fields as may mostly require liming, and to select such timber or wood for burning lime as is dead or fallen." This is an unusual item and clearly shows Miller's concern that the farm remain productive and well-maintained. It also implies that there was a lime kiln on the property, though its location is unknown.

The farm was finally sold in 1867, presumably after the death of Mary Miller, and the 215-acre tract was purchased by Aaron Miller, one of Henry's heirs. It was most likely Aaron Miller who added the frame section next to the side stair passage, in effect converting the house into a more substantial center-passage plan structure. Aaron Miller seems to have been industrious and branched out from merely farming. When the Baltimore and Hanover Railroad passed through his land, he built and ran the railroad stop, which came to be known as Millers Station, and sold off lots creating a small crossroads community that still bears his name (CARR-553). When he died in early 1891, he was living at the station, which he left to his son, Theodore, for the sum of \$4,000. Sixty acres next to his farm he directed to be divided into lots and sold. Some of this, no doubt, provided for the expansion of the village of Millers. In addition, his will stated:

Whereas I am possessed of a farm on which my son Isaiah now lives, I will and bequeath unto my son Isaiah Miller about one hundred and thirty acres of land together with the buildings . . . and I do hereby assess the said farm to the Isaiah at the rate of fifty dollars per acre.

Both Isaiah and Theodore renounced their devises from their father's will, and the Miller farm was apparently sold out of the family. It was purchased by William Bender, of unknown location, but he would later be living in Jersey City, New Jersey and probably never lived on the farm. The purchase price was only \$33 per acre, not the \$50 that Aaron Miller had anticipated, which probably explains why Isaiah refused to accept his father's apparent largess.

John Null bought the farm in 1908, however the 1917 map seems to indicate that it was in the possession of a W.H. Hare. Perhaps he was a tenant. The Barnes family

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

Survey No. CARR-1456

Significance (continued)

Section 8 Page 3

purchased it in 1929. Though they lost it briefly during the Depression, they reacquired it during the Second World War and have owned it to the present. They have been responsible for the many changes to the house. Unfortunately, only a twentieth-century smokehouse survives from what were probably once considerable outbuildings.

KS/lc:12-13-95:CARR1456.sig

9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey No. CARR-1456

Land Records

1862, 1877, 1917 maps

Henry Miller will, JB 2-177

Aaron Miller will, GMP 6-479; renunciations, GMP 6-504

10. Geographical Data

Acreeage of nominated property 156.882 acres

Quadrangle name Lineboro

Quadrangle scale 1:24000

UTM References do NOT complete UTM references

A	<input type="text"/>						
	Zone	Easting		Northing			

B	<input type="text"/>						
	Zone	Easting		Northing			

C	<input type="text"/>						
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D	<input type="text"/>						
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E	<input type="text"/>						
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F	<input type="text"/>						
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G	<input type="text"/>						
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H	<input type="text"/>						
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Verbal boundary description and justification

List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries

state	code	county	code

11. Form Prepared By

name/title Kenneth M. Short, Historic Planner

organization Carroll County Planning

date January 18, 1996

street & number 225 North Center Street

telephone (410) 857-2145

city or town Westminster

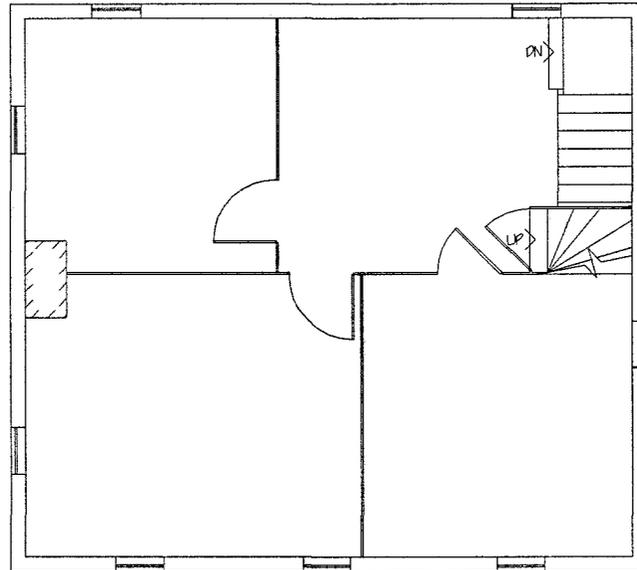
state MD

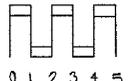
The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust
Shaw House
21 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
(301) 269-2438

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
DHCP/DHCD
100 COMMUNITY PLACE
CROWNSVILLE, MD 21032-2023
514-7600



CARR- 1456	MILLER FAMILY FARM	MEASURED BY KEN SHORT AND MATT HANKINS	SECOND FLOOR PLAN	 
	4219 MILLERS STATION ROAD	DRAWN BY KEN SHORT	JULY 1995	

4219 Millers Station Rd
Moulding Profiles

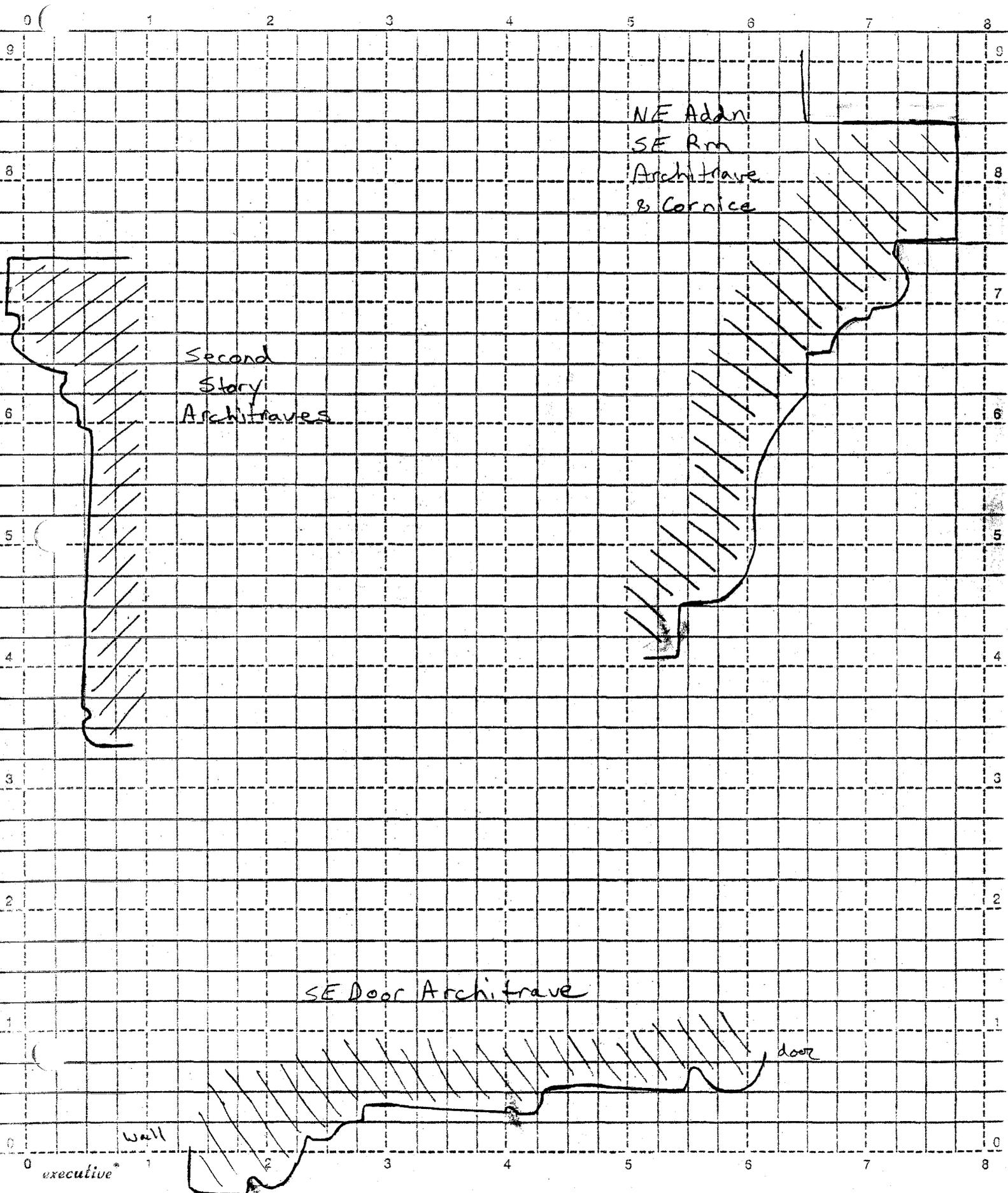
CARR-1456

PREPARED BY

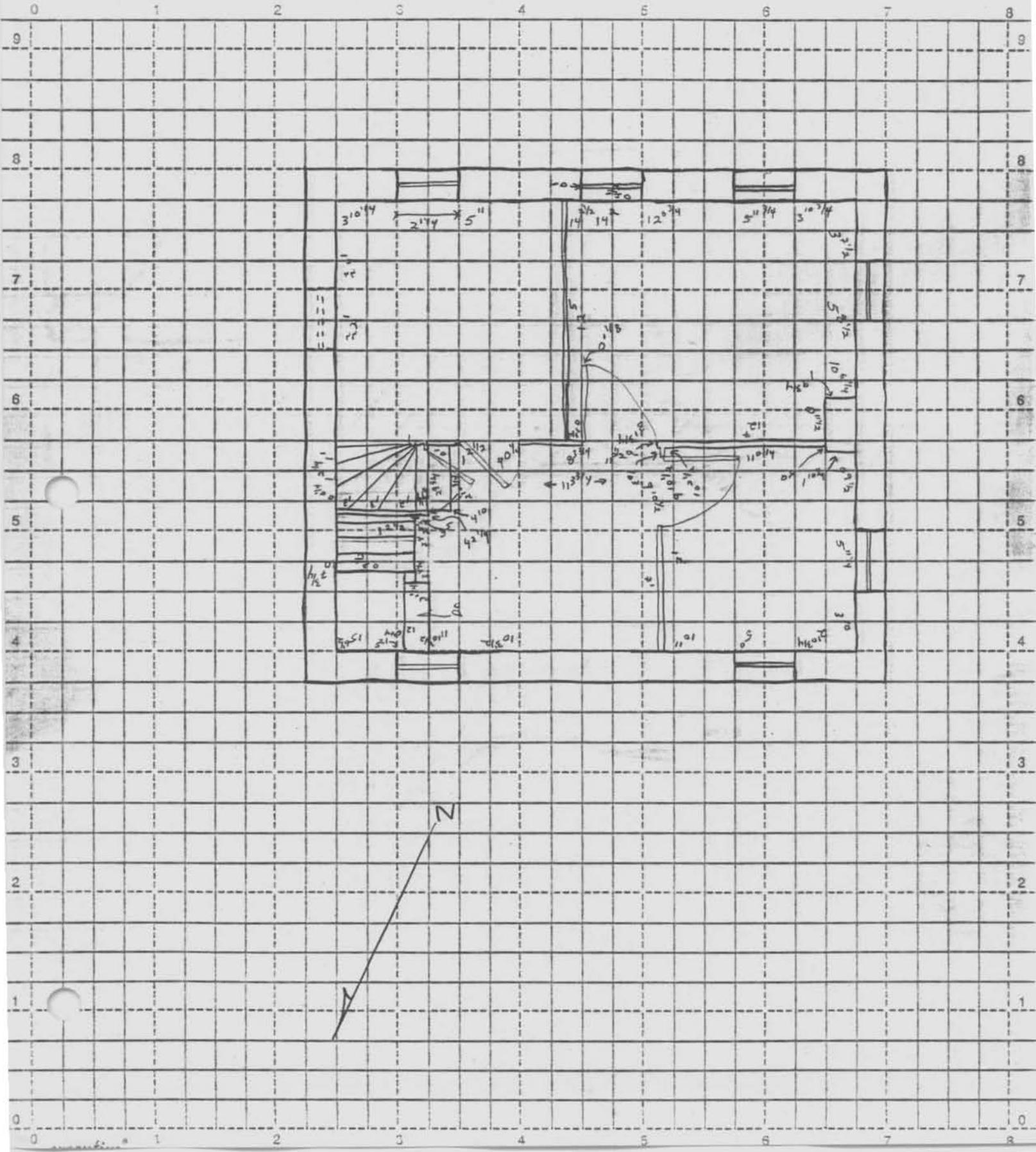
KMS

DATE

18 July '95



4219 Millers Station Rd
Second Floor Plan



CARR-1456
Miller Family Farm
4219 Millers Station Road

CHAIN OF TITLE

GRANTOR	HOME COUNTY	GRANTEE	HOME COUNTY	DATE	LIBER	FOLIO	TRANS-ACTION	COMMENTS
John L. Barnes Bertha B. Adams	Carroll	John L. Barnes	Carroll	12-31-1987	LWS 1063	99	Deed fee simple	156.882 acres \$102,432.50
John L. Barnes Bertha B. Adams personal.reps. of Bertha Mae Barnes Horn	Carroll	John L. Barnes Bertha B. Adams	?	12-31-1986	LWS 998	516	Deed fee simple	\$204,865.00 156.882 acres
Robert J. Cooke, trustee	Carroll	Bertha M. Horn	?	12-30-1959	315	18	Deed fee simple	\$1.00 156.882 acres
Bertha M. Horn & Wilmer C. (husband)	Carroll	Robert J. Cooke, trustee	Carroll	12-30-1959	315	16	Deed fee simple	\$1.00 156.882 acres
John Wood and Ralph G. Hoffman, attorneys for John M. Null, widower, & Bertha M. Barnes, divorced	Carroll	Robert J. Cooke, trustee	Carroll	6-15-1949	EAS 202	68	Deed fee simple	\$13,100.00 156.882 acres
Mary Adams, unmarried	Carroll	John & Ella V. Null (wife) Bertha M. Barnes	Carroll Carroll	5-8-1942	LDM 178	573	Deed fee simple	\$10.00 Boring's Range, Fosters Hunting Ground, Grandfather's Gift, Hardtimes (1) 131 acres (2) 26 acres
John M. & Ella V. Null (wife)	Carroll	Mary Adams	Carroll	5-8-1942	LDM 178	572	Deed fee simple	\$10.00 (1) 131 acres (2) 26 acres

CARR-1456
Miller Family Farm
4219 Millers Station Road

CHAIN OF TITLE

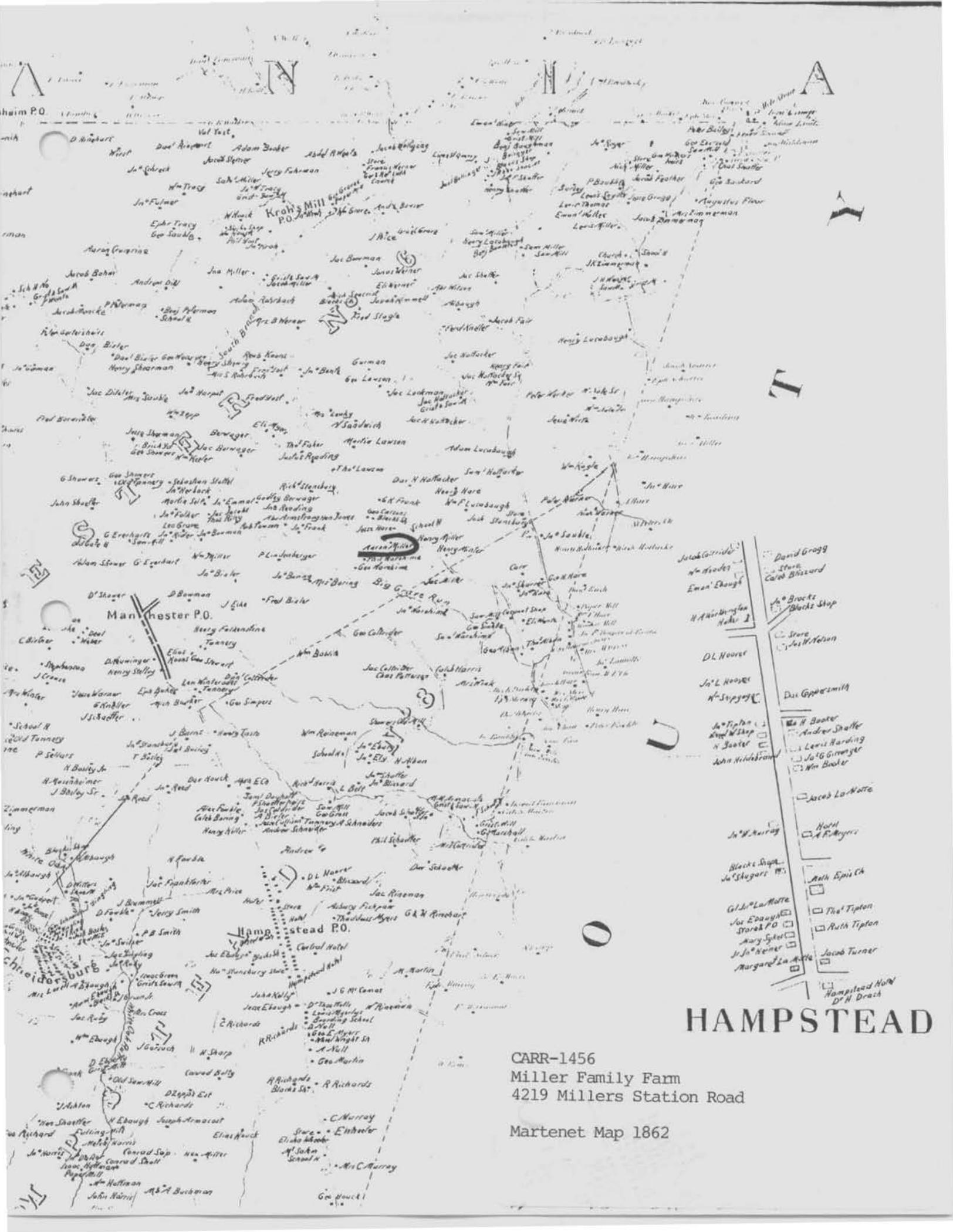
GRANTOR	HOME COUNTY	GRANTEE	HOME COUNTY	DATE	LIBER	FOLIO	TRANS-ACTION	COMMENTS
Horatio T. Wentz, assignee of mortgage	?	John M. & Ella V. Null (wife)	?	10-31-1932	EMM 158	40	Deed fee simple	mortgage - Maurice & Bertha Barnes to John & Ella Null, 8-11-1929, Equity 6326, \$5,000, 154½ acres
John M. & Ella V. Null (wife)	Carroll	Maurice L. Barnes & wife	?	8-14-1929	EMM 153	40	Deed fee simple	\$10.00 2 parcels in (a) 19½ sq. p. in (b)
Theodore A. Miller & wife		John M. & Ella V. Null (wife)		2-20-1909	DPS 111	124		(b)
Margaretha Bender, widow	Carroll	John M. & Ella V. Null (wife)	?	10-3-1908	DPS 109	492	Deed fee simple	\$8,000 (1) 131 acres (2) 26 acres (b)
William Bender	Jersey City, Hudson Co., N.J.	Margaretha Bender	369 1st st., Jersey City, N.J.	<u>4-10-1901</u> probated 10- 15-1907	<u>wills</u> JJS 10	186	Bequest	(a)
Isaiah Miller Samuel H. Harr execs. of Aaron Miller	?	William Bender	?	10-20-1892	BFC 75	393	Deed fee simple	\$5,230.50 ratified by Orphan's Court 10-11-1892 (1) 131 acres (2) 26¾ acres (a)

CARR-1456
 Miller Family Farm
 4219 Millers Station Road

CHAIN OF TITLE

GRANTOR	HOME COUNTY	GRANTEE	HOME COUNTY	DATE	LIBER	FOLIO	TRANS-ACTION	COMMENTS
Henry H. Miller & Mary (wife), Jesse Hare & Susan (wife), etal, heirs & reps. of Henry Miller	? Carroll	Aaron Miler (a legal heir)	?	4-1-1867	WAMcK 34	165	Deed fee	\$7,000 215 acres Henry Miller held 4/6 share and Aaron Miller held 2/6 share (a)
Michael Miller		Henry Miller		11-16-1860				(a)

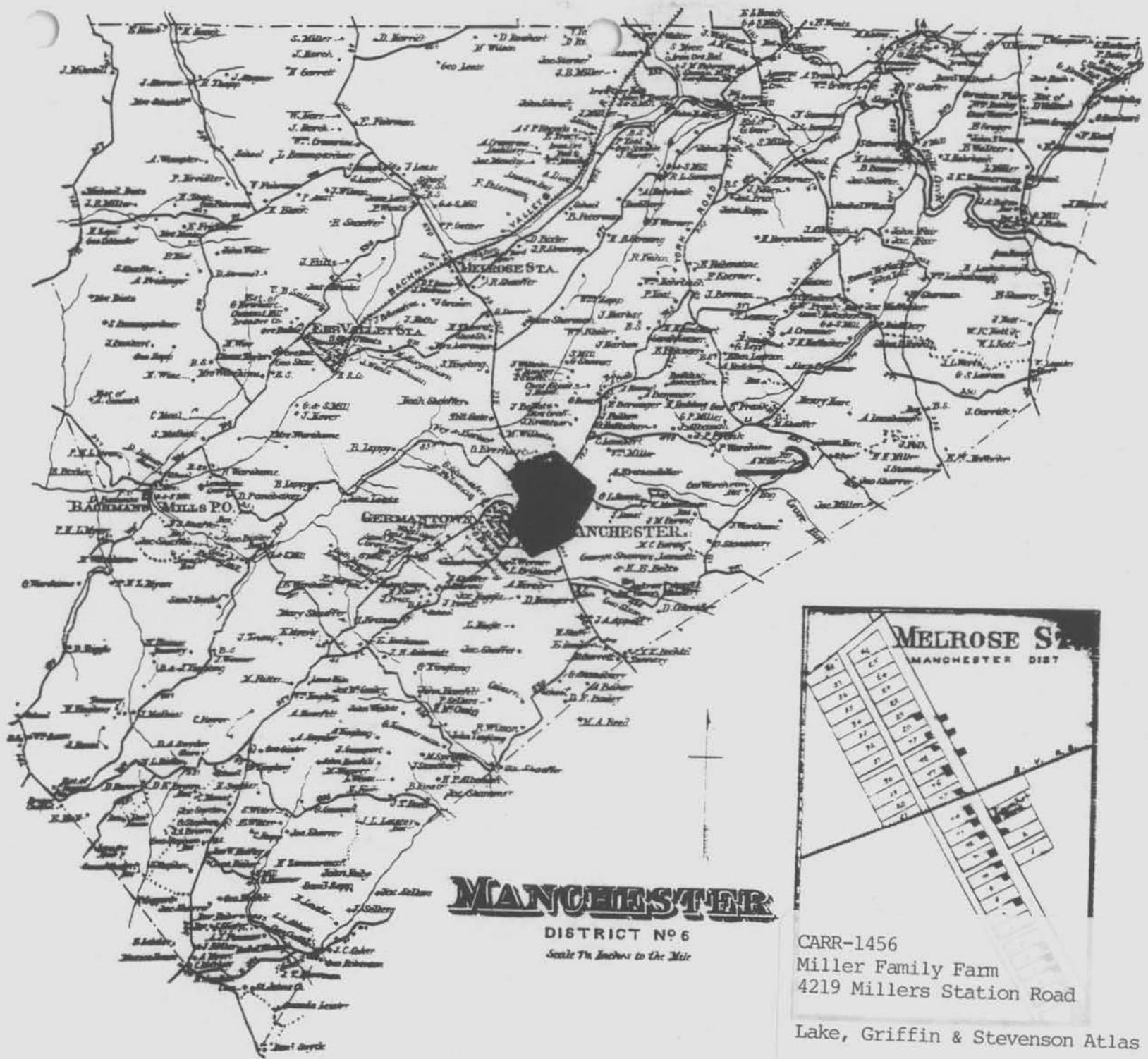
KS/le:12-13-95:1456tit.ls



HAMPSTEAD

CARR-1456
 Miller Family Fam
 4219 Millers Station Road
 Martenet Map 1862

- David Gregg
- Stuart
- Carol Bissard
- Brooks Shop
- Store
- John Nelson
- DL House
- John House
- W. Suppiger
- John Tipton
- Andrew Shaffer
- W. Boater
- Levi Harding
- John G. Gimminger
- Wm Boater
- Jacob La Motte
- North
- A. R. Myers
- Black Shop
- John Stogare
- Alth Epis Ch
- John La Motte
- John Edouard
- Store P.O.
- Mary Tyler
- John Heiner
- Margaret La Motte
- Jacob Turner
- Hampstead Non
- D. H. Drach



MANCHESTER

DISTRICT NO 6
Scale 7 1/2 inches to the Mile



CARR-1456
Miller Family Farm
4219 Millers Station Road

Lake, Griffin & Stevenson Atlas 1877

P E N N S Y L V A N I A



CARR-1456
Miller Family Farm
4219 Millers Station Road

Rand McNally map 1917

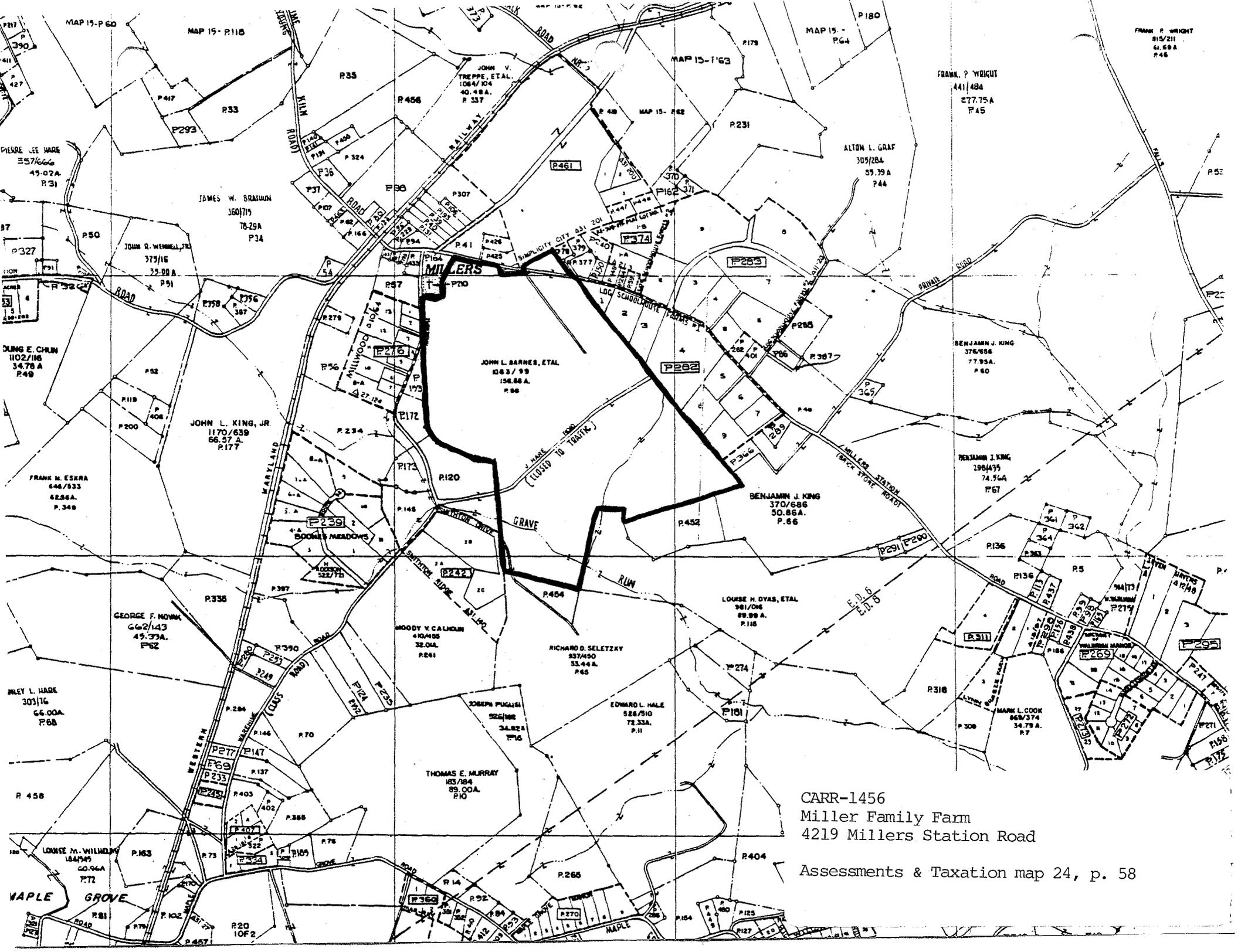
MANCHESTER

ELECTION DISTRICT No. 6.

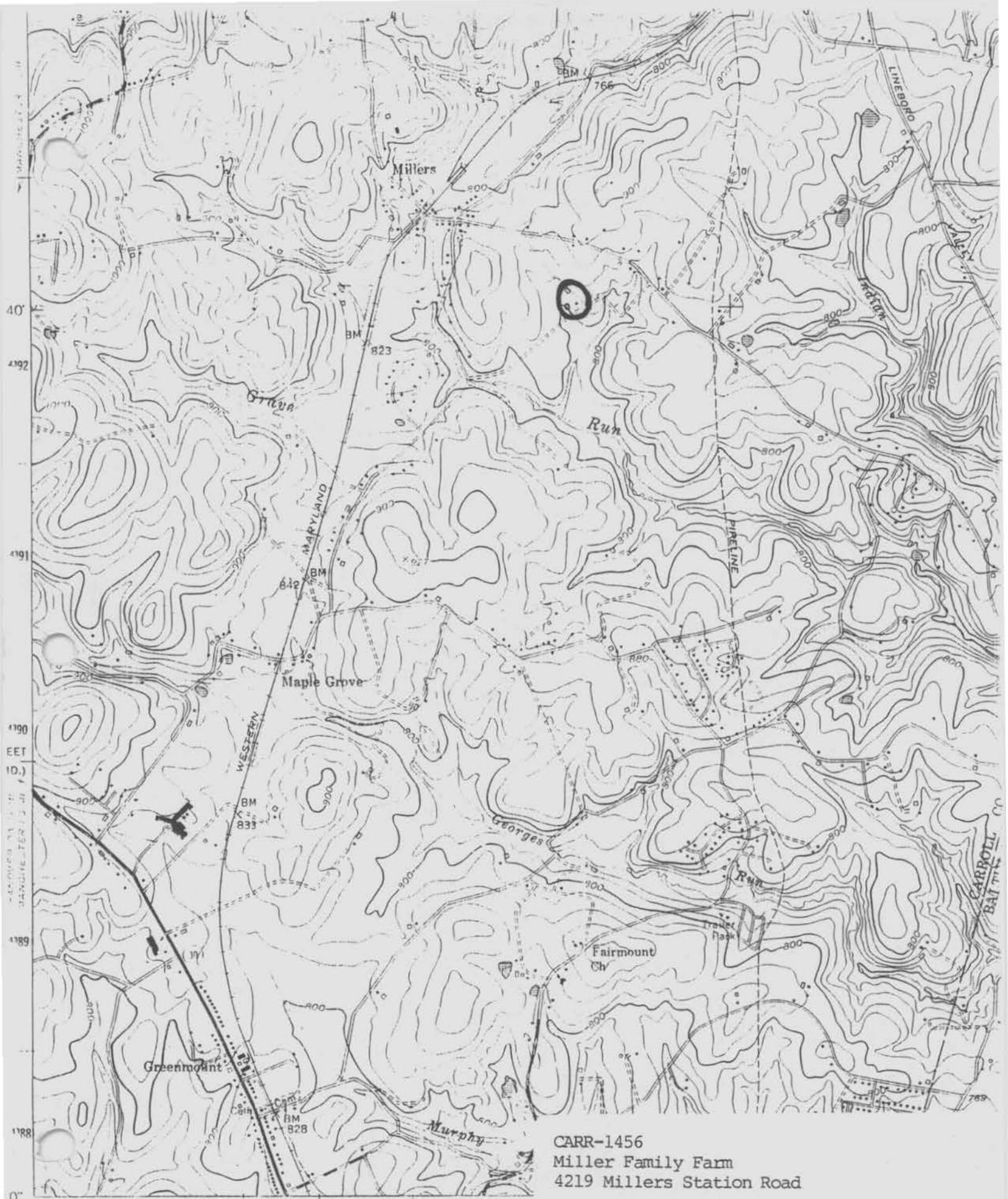
CARROLL CO.

EXPLANATION

Mp



CARR-1456
Miller Family Farm
4219 Millers Station Road
Assessments & Taxation map 24, p. 58



CARR-1456
Miller Family Farm
4219 Millers Station Road

Lineboro quad

Mapped by the Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army
Edited and published by the Geological Survey
Control by USGS, USC&GS, USSCS and USCE



Miller Family Farm
4219 Milers Station Rd.
Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Matt Hankins

Date: July 1995

Neg. loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

SW $\frac{1}{4}$: SE elevs.

$\frac{1}{5}$

72111169221719



Miller Family Farm
4219 Millers Station Rd.
Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Matt Harkins

Date: July 1995

Neg. loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

NW elev.

2/5



Miller Family Farm

4219 Millers Station Rd.

Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Matt Hankins

Date: July 1995

Neg. loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

South room mantel : cupboard

3/5



Miller Family Farm

4219 Millers Station Rd.

Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Matt Harkins

Date: July 1995

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

NE addition - SE chamber mantel

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Miller Family Farm
4219 Millers Station Rd.
Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Matt Harkin's

Date: July 1995

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust
NE addition - SE chamber mantel

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