

CAPSULE SUMMARY

CARR-1549

Harrisburgh
2775 Keysville-Frederick Co. Road
Taneytown (vicinity)

Summary:

John Harris, of Frederick County, obtained a special warrant of resurvey in 1820 for the "Boxe's Search" tract and another, part of "Boston." These parcels would become one tract, known as "Harrisburgh," and totaling 161½ acres. The creation of "Harrisburgh" was probably John Harris' effort to set up his son, William, in farming. John died in February 1832, and his will ordered that "Harrisburgh" go to the children of William. William's children wanted the farm sold, and it was in 1839. The farm was purchased by Peter Baumgartner. The 1841 tax book notes that Baumgartner owned two farms. "Harrisburgh" was listed second, which may indicate that it was not his residence. Harrisburgh now contains a stone house and log barn. It is likely that William Harris built both buildings, probably between 1820 and his death c. 1831. Unfortunately, the "Harrisburgh" tract disappears from the tax records completely, from 1841 to the twentieth century. Peter Baumgardner sold the farm to William Baumgardner in 1862. William and his wife, Julia Ann, moved to Rolls County, Missouri, and sold the farm to Aaron Veant in 1874, and he in turn sold it in 1924. The house is a rather simple stone structure that was damaged in a fire in the 1940's, and thus does not contain a lot of diagnostic features to date it. Those that are visible suggest a nineteenth-century date. Of greater significance is the existing log barn, because of its generally excellent condition, minimum of alterations, and rarity. The 1820's would probably be the soonest period of construction for the barn, with it as likely having been added a decade or more later.

Maryland Historical Trust
State Historic Sites Inventory Form

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF
HISTORIC PROPERTIES

Survey No. CARR-1549

Magi No.

DOE yes no

1. Name (indicate preferred name)

historic "Harrisburgh"

and/or common

2. Location

street & number 2775 Keysville-Frederick Co. Road not for publication

city, town Taneytown vicinity of congressional district

state Maryland county Carroll

3. Classification

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use	
<input type="checkbox"/> district	<input type="checkbox"/> public	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> occupied	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> museum
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> building(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private	<input type="checkbox"/> unoccupied	<input type="checkbox"/> commercial	<input type="checkbox"/> park
<input type="checkbox"/> structure	<input type="checkbox"/> both	<input type="checkbox"/> work in progress	<input type="checkbox"/> educational	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private residence
<input type="checkbox"/> site	Public Acquisition	Accessible	<input type="checkbox"/> entertainment	<input type="checkbox"/> religious
<input type="checkbox"/> object	<input type="checkbox"/> in process	<input type="checkbox"/> yes: restricted	<input type="checkbox"/> government	<input type="checkbox"/> scientific
	<input type="checkbox"/> being considered	<input type="checkbox"/> yes: unrestricted	<input type="checkbox"/> industrial	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> not applicable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> no	<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> other:

4. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name Gilbert A. & Mildred M. Staine

street & number 2775 Keysville-Frederick Co. Road telephone no.: 410-756-2779

city, town Taneytown state and zip code MD 21757

5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Courthouse Annex liber EAS 273

street & number 55 N. Court Street folio 241

city, town Westminster state Maryland

6. Representation in Existing Historical Surveys

title

date federal state county local

depository for survey records

city, town state

7. Description

Survey No. CARR-1549

Condition

excellent
 good
 fair

deteriorated
 ruins
 unexposed

Check one

unaltered
 altered

Check one

original site
 moved date of move _____

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

Summary:

"Harrisburgh" is located at 2775 Keysville-Frederick County Road, approximately 5 miles west of Taneytown in northwestern Carroll County, Maryland. The complex is located on a generally flat site on the east side of the road and includes a stone farmhouse, stone smokehouse, and a log bank barn.

The house faces south and is a two-story, three-bay by two-bay rubble stone structure that is banked on the south and west, with an exposed foundation on the north and east. The house has a gable roof of inverted V-seam metal with an east-west ridge. There is a new one-story, gable-roofed wing addition on the west. The south elevation has a center entrance with a nine-light over two-panel door. This door is flanked by a 6/9 double-hung sash on each side. There is a one-story, three-bay porch, with a half-hip roof of inverted V-seam metal supported by four battered wood posts set on rubble stone piers. The house is a center-passage, single-pile plan. There is a smokehouse located about 75 feet northeast of the house. It is of rubble stone, has a gable roof covered with wood shingles and has a north-south ridge. The barn is located about 150 feet east of the house. The barn has a south-facing forebay and a gable roof of inverted V-seam metal with an east-west ridge. The lower story of the barn is rubble stone. The upper story consists of two log cribs with two threshing floors between them and a granary in the northwest corner. The log cribs are constructed with V-notch cornering. There are frame walls on both the forebay and ramp sides, and there is a single framed bent between the two threshing floors.

Contributing Resources: 3

"Harrisburgh" is located at 2775 Keysville-Frederick County Road, approximately 5 miles west of Taneytown in northwestern Carroll County, Maryland. The complex is located on a generally flat site on the east side of the road and includes a stone farmhouse, stone smokehouse, and a log bank barn.

The house faces south and is a two-story, three-bay by two-bay rubble stone structure that is banked on the south and west, with an exposed foundation on the north and east. The house has a gable roof of inverted V-seam metal with an east-west ridge and an interior brick chimney on each end. In the center of the ridge is a small gable-roofed bell tower. There is a new one-story, gable-roofed wing addition on the west.

Description (Continued)

Section 7 Page 2

The south elevation has a center entrance with a nine-light over two-panel door. This door is flanked by a 6/9 double-hung sash on each side. The 6/9 sash were reversed after the fire in the 1940's according to the owners. There is a one-story, three-bay porch, with a half-hip roof of inverted V-seam metal supported by four battered wood posts set on rubble stone piers. The second story has three 6/6 double-hung sash. There is a wood box cornice. The east elevation has a doorway in the foundation in the north bay. There is a shed-roof porch of recent vintage that spans the entire width of the east elevation. The first story has a 6/9 sash in the north bay and the second story has a 6/6 sash in the north bay. The gable end has a four-light sash.

On the north elevation the foundation has a 6/6 sash in the east bay, a 6/3 sash in the center bay, and a six-light sash in the west bay. On the first story, the east and center bays each have a 6/9 sash, while the west bay has a small casement window. The third story has three 6/6 sash

The house is a center-passage, single-pile plan. The cellar is divided into two rooms. The east cellar joists run north-south and are hewn on all four sides. The ceiling was wainscoted, according to the owners. There is a beaded-edge-and-center vertical-board wall on the west side of the stairway. The floor was originally of boards, but is now concrete. On the east elevation is a stone fireplace with straight jambs and a wood mantel tree. There is a narrow vertical-board door that leads to the cellar.

The center passage has a straight run of open stringer stairs along the west wall with a new hand rail. There is a beaded-edge, vertical-board wall beneath the stringer. The west room has a hewn summer beam that runs east-west. The joists are sash sawn, and are mortised and tenoned and pegged to the summer beam. The ceiling was originally plastered, but this has been removed. There is a brick fireplace on the west wall, set to the south. It has splayed jambs and the fire box is shallow in depth. There is a wood mantel that has pilaster strips with a fillet on either side and another down the center. The pilaster strips have capitals. The mantel has a plain frieze, and the bed mould with an ovolo above several fillets and a small ogee at the bottom. The window openings have splayed jambs and no architrave. The east room mantel is a later replacement as the original burned in the fire.

The second-story floor plan mirrors the first story. There are vertical-board doors throughout the second story. In the attic, there is a trim board around the stairs that has cut nails. The roof has $\frac{3}{4}$ -round log rafters that are half-lapped and pegged at the ridge. They contain sawn Roman numerals. The rafter feet appear to be cut off at the floor. The rafters are spaced 26½ to 40½ inches on centers and support wood shingle lath.

Description (continued)

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There is a smokehouse located about 75 feet northeast of the house. It is of rubble stone with penciling on the mortar joints. The stones reportedly came from a store that was located near the farm, and the smokehouse was apparently built after the Johnstown flood. The smokehouse has a gable roof covered with wood shingles and has a north-south ridge. On the south elevation is a doorway with a six-panel door on the inside that has vertical boards nailed to the outside. The door has beaded-edge panel moulds and has been cut down to fit this opening. The door frame is mortised and tenoned and pegged and is reused. It has mortises for hinges on the interior.

The barn is located about 150 feet east of the house. The barn has a south-facing forebay and a gable roof of inverted V-seam metal with an east-west ridge. The lower story of the barn is rubble stone with penciling on the mortar joints that creates the appearance of ashlar. The south elevation on the lower story has a widened opening and a Dutch door, a vent, a Dutch door, and a wall built underneath the forebay where the milking parlor was created. The upper story has, from west to east, two vents, double doors, a vent, double doors, and two vents. The door frames are mortised and tenoned and pegged, and the Dutch doors are hung on tapered strap hinges that have round ends. Beneath the forebay there are diamond-in-section wood louver vents in mortised and tenoned and pegged frames. The upper story has horizontal weather boards. There is a shed-roof wagon shed on the east elevation. The north elevation has two pair of wagon doors in the center of the upper story with two wood louver vents to the east and a single vent to the west. There is a vertical-board door on rollers on the north elevation of the wagon shed addition. The west elevation in the lower story has a center doorway flanked by two vents. On the west elevation, the wood louvers are flat and are set in mortised and tenoned and pegged frames. The choice of these louvers is probably intended to keep rain out, something that would not be a consideration beneath the forebay.

On the lower story there are two summer beams that are hewn on all four sides. The summer beams run east-west and have three posts under them now, all of which are sawn and have a tenon on the top of them. The joists are hewn on top and bottom and run the whole width of the barn; beneath the forebay they are hewn on all four sides. The east half of the barn has been converted to a milking parlor. On the west end there is a lintel set in the wall with wood pegs in it, and a wood box set in the stone wall.

The upper story consists of two log cribs with two threshing floors between them and a granary in the northwest corner. The log cribs are constructed with V-notch cornering, and the logs have been cut out on the threshing floor side. There are frame walls on both the forebay and ramp sides, and there is a single framed bent between the two threshing floors.

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STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

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Description (continued)

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This center bent consists of five posts, the center three being hewn. The center post has been partially cut out, and the top girt has been completely removed. The lower girt has two sawn up-braces. The ramp post and forebay post are both sawn, and are of smaller dimension. The top girts originally lapped over top of the purlin. There are $\frac{3}{4}$ -round log rafters that appear to be half-lapped and pegged. Both the foundation and the bottom sill under the log cribs run the whole width of the barn, suggesting that its present configuration was also its original configuration. The end logs on both the forebay and ramp sides of the cribs overhang rather than being cut off flush. This feature probably represents the original appearance after construction. As no siding was to cover the logs on either of these elevations, there was no need to saw the log ends off flush. The wagon doors consist of a large stile and three large rails that are tenoned and pegged into the stile. The stile is on the hinged side of the door. There is a diagonal brace between the top rail and the stile, near the bottom, that is also mortised and tenoned and pegged together. These rails, stile, and brace form a frame upon which the boards of the door are attached. The strap hinges are then fastened to these rails. There is a hay track hung in the peak that is a wooden beam hung from wrought iron straps. A metal carriage with wheels rides along the beam for the whole length of the barn.

8. Significance

Survey No. CARR-1549

Period	Areas of Significance—Check and justify below			
<input type="checkbox"/> prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-historic	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> sculpture
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> social/ humanitarian
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> music	<input type="checkbox"/> theater
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government	<input type="checkbox"/> other (specify)
		<input type="checkbox"/> invention		

Specific dates	Builder/Architect
check: Applicable Criteria: <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D and/or	
Applicable Exception: <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/> G	
Level of Significance: <input type="checkbox"/> national <input type="checkbox"/> state <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> local	

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

Summary:

John Harris, of Frederick County, obtained a special warrant of resurvey in 1820 for the "Boxe's Search" tract and another, part of "Boston." These parcels would become one tract, known as "Harrisburgh," and totaling 161½ acres. The creation of "Harrisburgh" was probably John Harris' effort to set up his son, William, in farming. John died in February 1832, and his will ordered that "Harrisburgh" go to the children of William. William's children wanted the farm sold, and it was in 1839. The farm was purchased by Peter Baumgartner. The 1841 tax book notes that Baumgartner owned two farms. "Harrisburgh" was listed second, which may indicate that it was not his residence. Harrisburg now contains a stone house and log barn. It is likely that William Harris built both buildings, probably between 1820 and his death c. 1831. Unfortunately, the "Harrisburgh" tract disappears from the tax records completely, from 1841 to the twentieth century. Peter Baumgardner sold the farm to William Baumgardner in 1862. William and his wife, Julia Ann, moved to Rolls County, Missouri, and sold the farm to Aaron Veant in 1874, and he in turn sold it in 1924. The house is a rather simple stone structure that was damaged in a fire in the 1940's, and thus does not contain a lot of diagnostic features to date it. Those that are visible suggest a nineteenth-century date. Of greater significance is the existing log barn, because of its generally excellent condition, minimum of alterations, and rarity. The 1820's would probably be the soonest period of construction for the barn, with it as likely having been added a decade or more later.

Geographic Organization:	Piedmont
Chronological/Development Period:	Agricultural-Industrial Transition A.D. 1815-1870 Industrial/Urban Dominance A.D. 1870-1930
Historic Period Themes:	Agriculture, Architecture
Resource Types:	Rural vernacular, Small family farm

John Harris, of Frederick County, built a considerable parcel of land, known as

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

Survey No. CARR-1549

Significance

Section 8 Page 2

"John's Delight," between 1755 and 1770. It began in the former year as 50 acres, and after resurveys in the latter year totaled 1,051 acres. He also acquired additional land, including 49¾ acres of "Resurvey on Boxe's Search," which had been patented by Thomas Harris. John Harris obtained a special warrant of resurvey in 1820 for the "Boxe's Search" tract and another, part of "Boston." The two tracts lay foul of each other, and between them were two small vacant parcels, so the resurvey was intended to clear this up. In the process, these parcels would become one tract, known as "Harrisburgh," and totaling 161½ acres. For unknown reasons, the survey was made but the patent was never completed. Nevertheless, the tract was afterwards always referred to by its intended, but unofficial, name.

The creation of "Harrisburgh" was probably John Harris' effort to set up his son, William, in farming. John died in February 1832, and his will ordered that ". . . all my estate on and near the Monocacy River in Frederick (which is now Carroll) now or late in the occupancy of said son William called "Harrisburgh" containing one-hundred sixty-seven acres of Land . . ." go to the children of William, as William was expected to have died before his father. William had, in fact, died the previous year, after the will had been written. John's own farm was bequeathed to his daughter, Nancy. William's children who lived in Boston, Massachusetts, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, and Frederick County, Maryland wanted the farm sold, and it was in 1839. Unfortunately, no newspapers survive to give a description of it at that time.

The farm was purchased by Peter Baumgartner for \$20.60 an acre, or \$3,326.90 total. The 1841 tax book notes that Baumgartner owned two farms, each of about the same size and value. "Harrisburgh" was listed second, which may indicate that it was not his residence. The buildings listed for it were a log house and stone barn, while the first farm had a stone house and log barn. Given that Harrisburgh now contains a stone house and log barn, it is likely that the records were reversed. It is also likely that William Harris built both buildings, probably between 1820 and his death c. 1831. Unfortunately, the "Harrisburgh" tract disappears from the tax records completely, from that point on to the twentieth century. Peter Baumgardner sold the farm to William Baumgardner in 1862. William and his wife, Julia Ann, moved to Rolls County, Missouri, and sold the farm to Aaron Veant in 1874, and he in turn sold it in 1924. The current owners purchased it in 1957, it having had 1½ acres sold off.

The house is a rather simple stone structure that was damaged in a fire in the 1940's, and thus does not contain a lot of diagnostic features to date it. Those that are visible, including the simple roof framing, the profile of the west room mantel pilasters, and the use of cut nails, all suggest a nineteenth-century date. They are consistent with a construction period in the 1820's, but are hardly conclusive of one. Of greater significance is the existing log

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

Survey No. CARR-1549

Significance

Section 8 Page 3

barn, because of its generally excellent condition, minimum of alterations, and rarity; only a handful of log barns survive in Carroll County. According to the 1798 tax list, log barns were ubiquitous in Carroll County and the entire region, in general. They continued to be built at least up to 1840, and possibly later, though in the early nineteenth century they began to be superseded by stone, brick, and especially frame barns. Most log barns are rather small, with two log cribs separated by a single threshing floor, and a frame forebay on one side. The "Harrisburgh" barn has two threshing floors divided by a frame bent, plus an original frame section on the ramp side that contains the granary. Instead of the more usual outshots flanking the ramp, here the threshing floor between the outshots is also enclosed, adding a full bay to the barn and creating a symmetrical profile. The size, symmetry, extensive use of framing, and the use of both hewn and sawn timber in the bent, suggest a later date for the barn, when frame barns were already well known. The 1820's would probably be the soonest period of construction for the barn, with it as likely having been added a decade or more later. The framing seems to be transitional between the earlier, asymmetrical profile type and later, fully integrated symmetrical framing. This symmetrical, but not yet completely integrated, framing seems to be typical of the 1840's and 1850's.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey No. CARR-1549

Land Records
Chancery 1-2 71
Tax Assessments, 1798, 1825, 1835, 1841, 1852, 1866, 1866-76, 1876, 1876-96, 1896-1910
Tracey Records, HSCC, Cert 267, MSA ; 1862, 1877, 1917 MAPS

10. Geographical Data

Acreeage of nominated property 159.38 AC

Quadrangle name Fhmittsburg

Quadrangle scale 1:24000

UTM References do NOT complete UTM references

A

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Zone Easting Northing

B

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Zone Easting Northing

C

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

D

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

E

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F

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G

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

H

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Verbal boundary description and justification

List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries

state code county code

state code county code

11. Form Prepared By

name/title Kenneth M. Short, Historic Planner

organization Carroll County Dept. of Planning

date January 5, 1998

street & number 225 N. Center Street

telephone 410-857-2145

city or town Westminster, MD 21157

state

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: ~~Maryland Historical Trust
Shaw House
21 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
(301) 269-2438~~

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
DHCP/DHCD
100 COMMUNITY PLACE
CROWNSVILLE, MD 21032-2023
674-7100

CARR-1549
 "Harrisburg"
 2775 Keysville-Frederick County Road

CHAIN OF TITLE

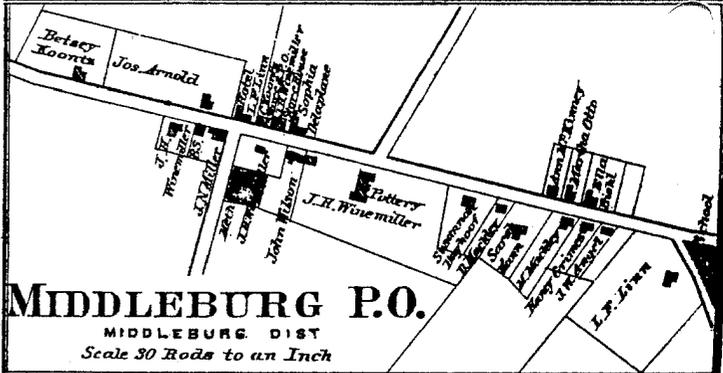
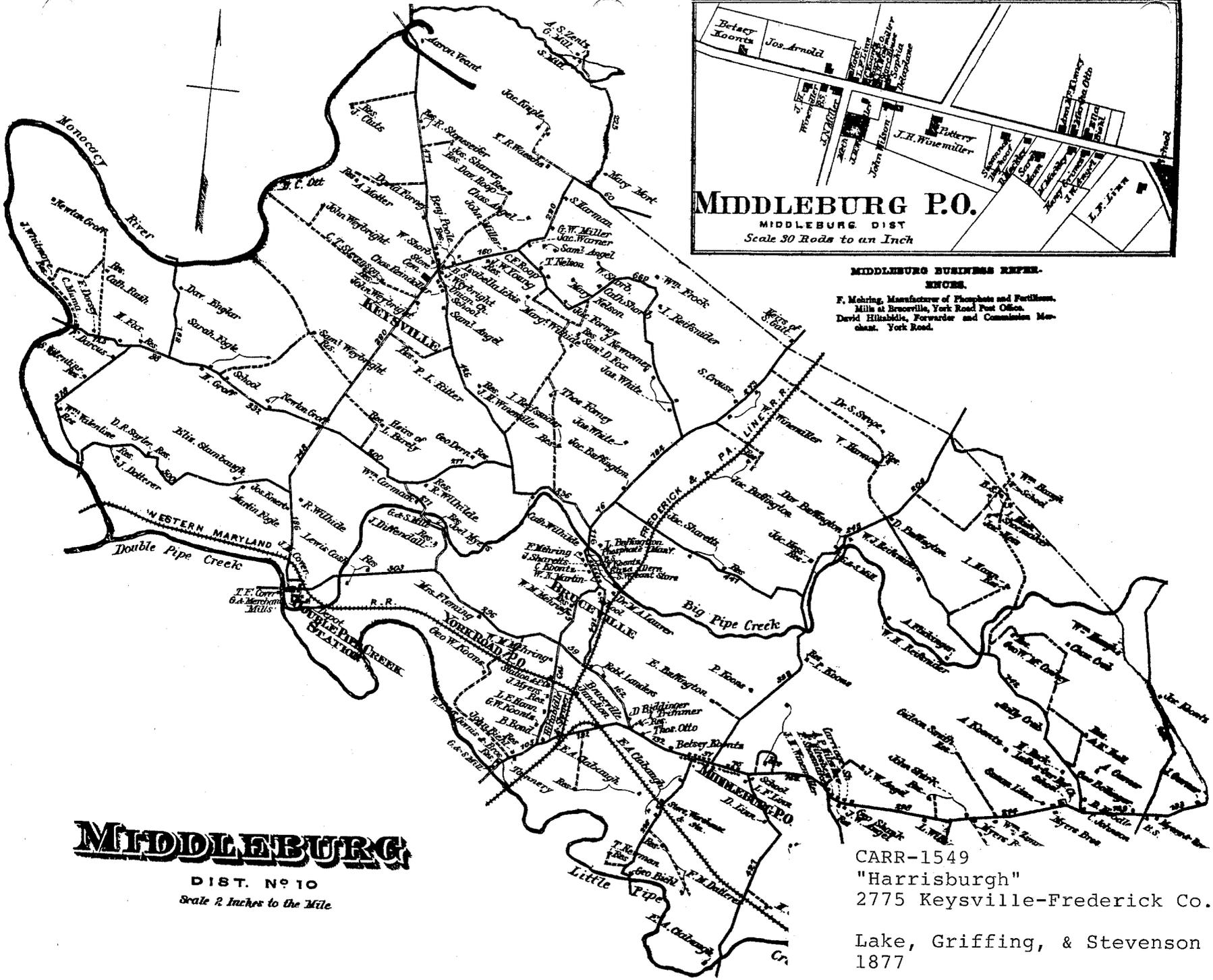
GRANTOR	HOME COUNTY	GRANTEE	HOME COUNTY	DATE	LIBER	FOLIO	TRANS-ACTION	COMMENTS
Byron S. & Rosela Stull (wife)	Carroll	Gilbert A. & Mildred M. Stine (wife)	Carroll	3-14-1957	EAS 273	241	Deed fee simple	\$10.00 159 ⁷ / ₈ acres
Aaron & Emma J. Veant (wife)	Frederick County	Byron S. & Rosela Stull (wife)	?	12-30-1924	EMM 144	494	Deed fee simple	\$100 161 acres - 1 ¹ / ₂ acres sold to Moses Baumgardner
Benjamin & Fannie C. Poole (wife)	Carroll	Aaron Veant	Carroll	10-24-1874	FTS 44	453	Deed	\$1.00 162 acres
Emily Catherine & Aaron Veant (husband)	Carroll	Benjamin Poole	Carroll	10-24-1874	FTS 44	453	Deed	\$1.00 162 acres
William & Julia Ann Baumgardner (wife)	Ralls Co., Missouri	Emily Catherine Veant (wife of Aaron Veant)	Carroll	3-24-1874	JBB 43	494	Deed	\$7,776 162 acres
Peter & Mary Jane Baumgardner (wife)	?	William Baumgardner	?	3-25-1862	GEW 28	461	Deed	\$5,705 "Harrisburgh" 161 ¹ / ₂ acres bequeathed by John Harris of Frederick County to children of William Harris by will

CARR-1549
 "Harrisburg"
 2775 Keysville-Frederick County Road

CHAIN OF TITLE

GRANTOR	HOME COUNTY	GRANTEE	HOME COUNTY	DATE	LIBER	FOLIO	TRANS-ACTION	COMMENTS
Joseph Welty, trustee	?	Peter Baumgardner	Carroll	2-1-1842	JS 5	24	Deed Indenture	Equity, July 1839 James Connor v. John Harris Joseph Danner, trustee, sold to Peter Baumgardner for \$20.60/acre 161 ½ acres, John Harris willed to children of William Harris; Joseph Danner died after sale, before trust completed

ka/c:12/22/97:carr1549.ttl



**MIDDLEBURG BUSINESS REFER-
ENCES.**

F. Mohring, Manufacturer of Phosphate and Fertilizer.
Mills at Brucetown, York Road Post Office.
David Hittabille, Forwarder and Commission Mer-
chant, York Road.

MIDDLEBURG

DIST. N^o 10

Scale 2 Inches to the Mile

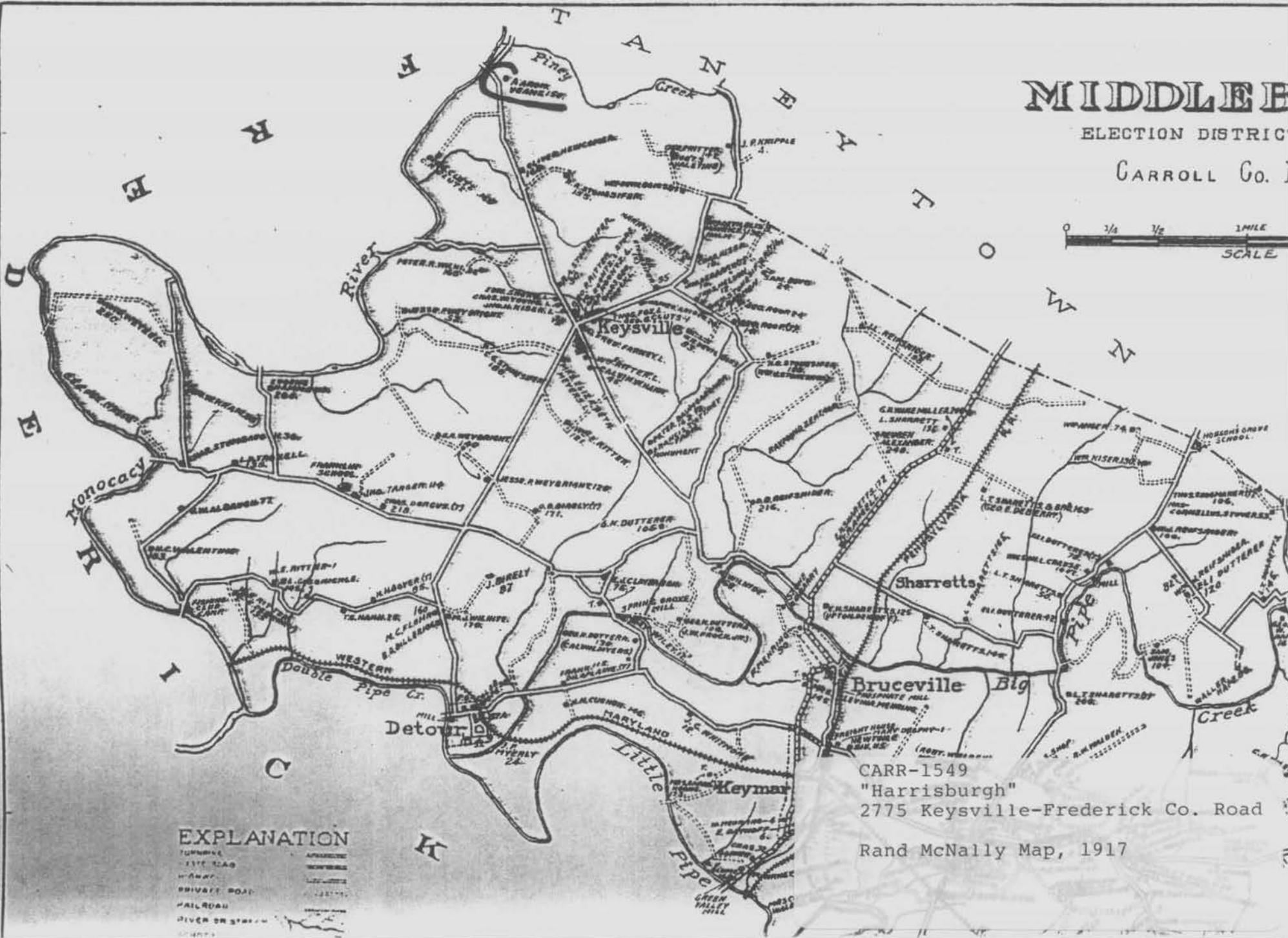
CARR-1549
"Harrisburgh"
2775 Keyville-Frederick Co. Road

Lake, Griffing, & Stevenson Atlas,
1877

MIDDLEBURY

ELECTION DISTRICT

CARROLL Co. I



EXPLANATION
TURNPIKE
STATE ROAD
HIGHWAY
PRIVATE ROAD
RAILROAD
RIVER OR STREAM

CARR-1549
"Harrisburgh"
2775 Keyesville-Frederick Co. Road
Rand McNally Map, 1917

672

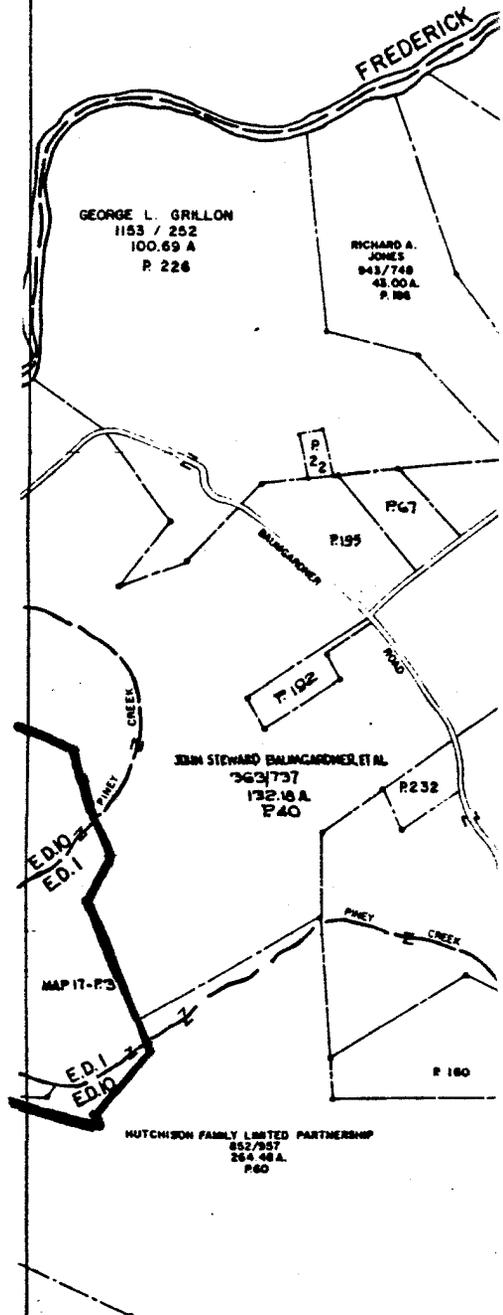
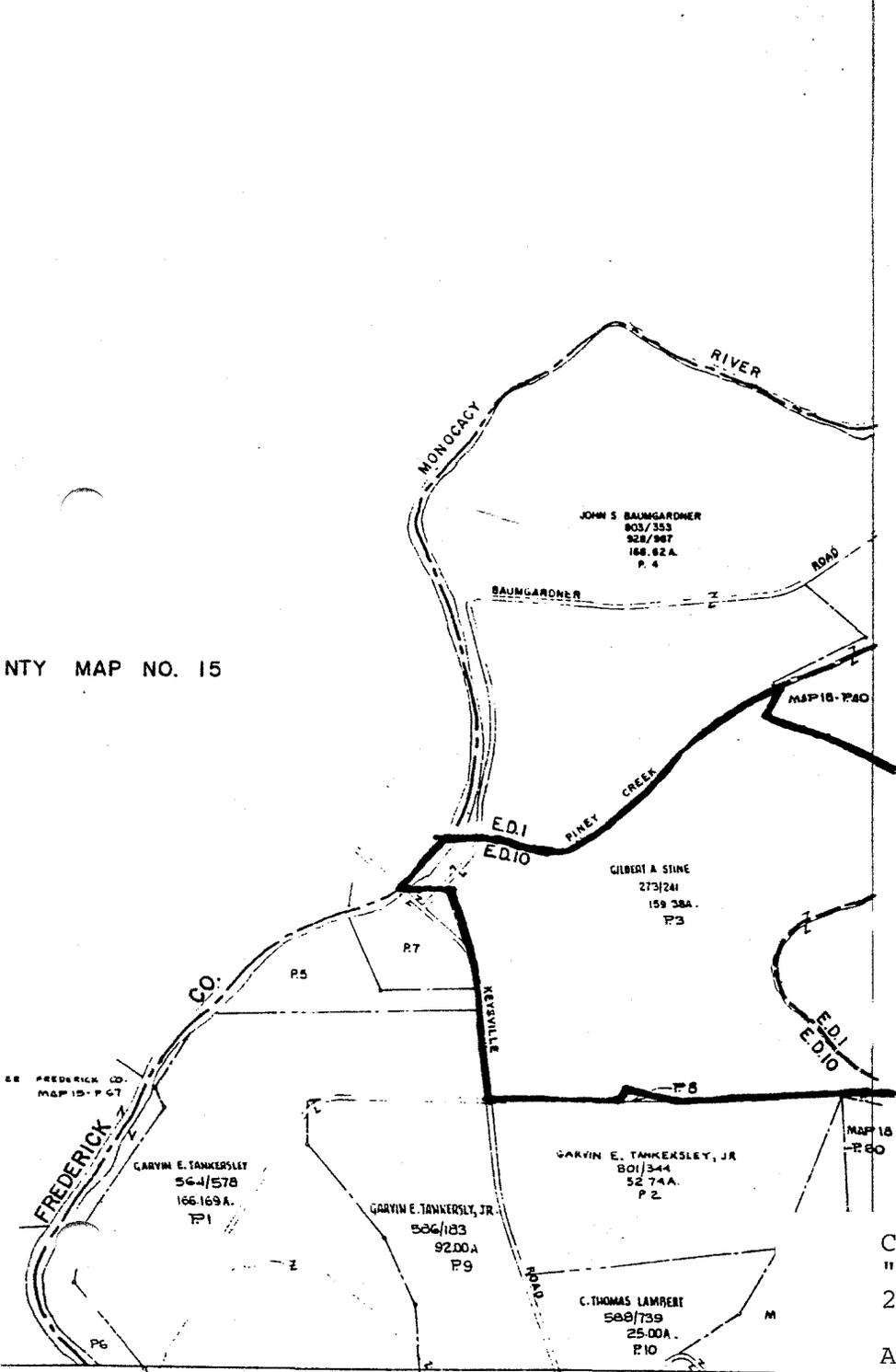
669

666

663

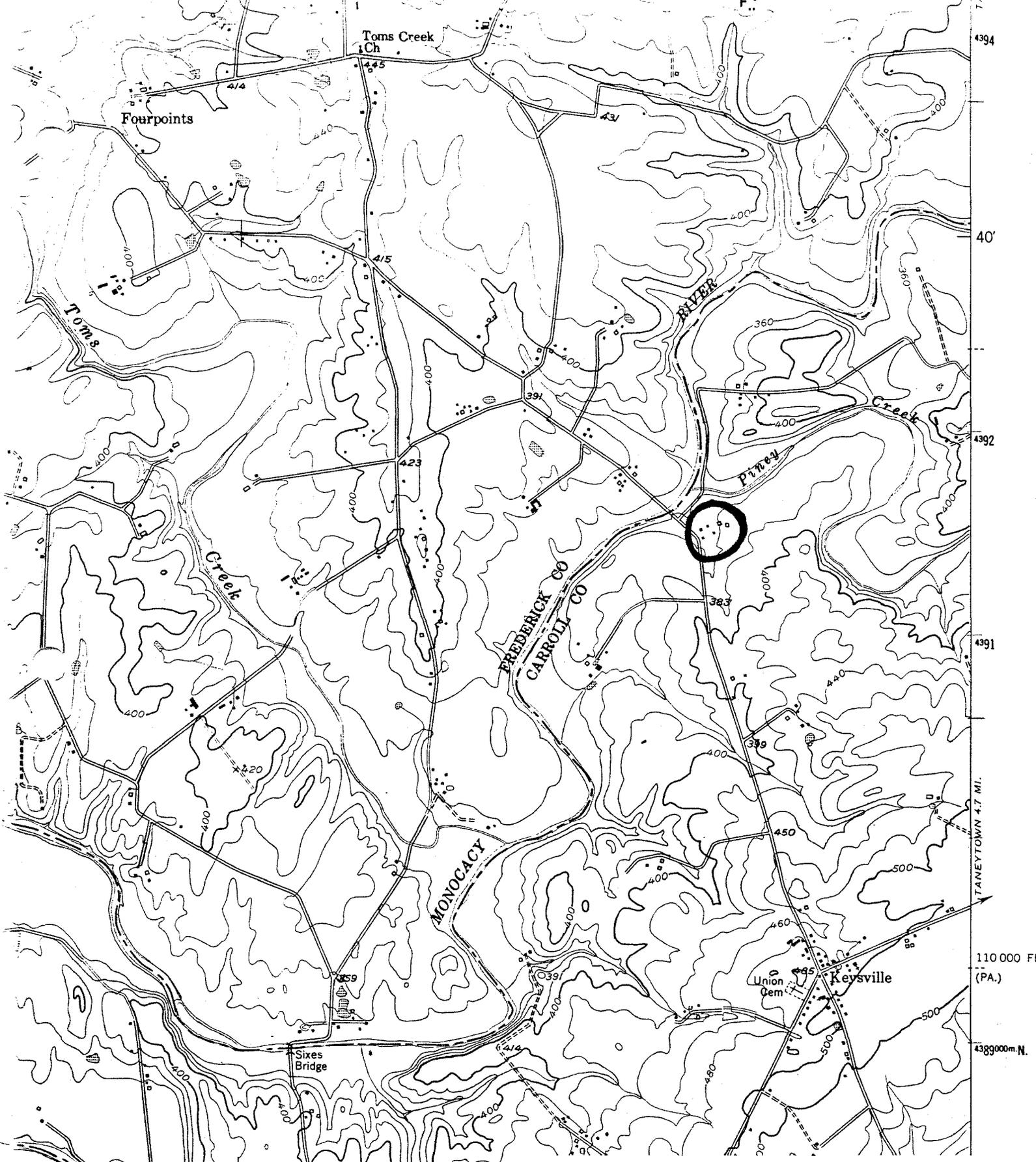
NTY MAP NO. 15

SE FREDERICK CO.
MAP 15 - P. 67



CARR-1549
 "Harrisburgh"
 2775 Keysville-Frederick Co. Road -
 Assessments and Taxation Map No. 17

SCALE IN FEET



CARR-1549
 "Harrisburgh"
 2775 Keysville-Frederick Co. Road
 Emmittsburg Quad



CARR-1549

"Harrisburgh"

2775 Keysville - Frederick County Road

Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Kenneth M. Short

Date: Feb. 1996

Neg. loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

house - south elev.

1/6

FEB 1996 RV



FEB 1996 RV





CARR-1549

"Harrisburgh"

2775 Keysville - Frederick County Road

Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Kenneth M. Short

Date: Feb. 1996

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

house - east & north elevations

FEB 1996 RV

FEB 1996 RV

FEB 1996 RV





CARR-1549

"Harrisburgh"

2775-Keysville-Frederick County Road

Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Kenneth M. Short

Date: Feb. 1996

Neg. loc.: Maryland Historical Trust
Smokehouse - South elevation

3/6

FEB 1996 AM



FEB 1996 AM





CARR - 1549

"Harrisburgh"

2775 Keysville - Frederick County Rd.

Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Kenneth M. Short

Date: Feb. 1996

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

barn - south elevation

4/6

FEB 1996 RV



FEB 1996 RV





CARR-1549

"Harrisburgh"

2775 Keysville-Frederick County Road

Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Kenneth M. Short

Date: Feb. 1996

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

barn-north elevation

5/6



FEB 1996 RV





CARR-1549

"Harrisburgh"

2775 Keysville - Frederick County Road
Carroll County, Maryland

Photo: Kenneth M. Short

Date: Feb. 1996

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust
barn - threshing floor - view SW

6/6
FEB 1996



FEB 1996



FEB 1996

