

Nurses' and Staff Quarters (Building 3), Henryton Sanatorium
CARR-1620
Carroll County
Marriottsville Vicinity
1926
Public

The Nurses' and Staff Quarters (Building 3) consists of a three-and-one-half story brick, T-shaped, Georgian Revival building which features four components, a central three-bay wide pavilion and three wings, all with slate-covered roofs. Fenestration consists primarily of 15-light and 25-light metal casement windows. A pedimented gable with a six-light wood semicircular window crowns the pavilion. Many of the pavilion's windows display brick jack arch lintels accented with cast stone keystones. The main entrance occupies the center bay of the pavilion and features a metal door with a six-light metal transom. Cast stone pilasters supporting a flat entablature surround the entrance. A molded cast stone surround ornamented with scrolled brackets ornaments the window above the entrance.

Construction of the Nurses' and Staff Quarters began shortly after the first Hospital opened; the Quarters building was completed in 1926. The building was opened as staff quarters, but within two years of its completion, the Sanatorium began preparing Building 3 for use as the first state-operated facility in the nation dedicated to the treatment of tuberculin African-American children. In February 1930, following the installation of additional bathrooms and locker rooms, Building 3 opened as the Henryton Sanatorium's Children's Hospital. With the opening of Building 4, the new Children's Hospital, in 1934, Building 3 reverted back to quarters for nurses and other support staff. When the state converted Henryton into a developmental disabilities facility in the 1960s, the former Nurses' and Staff Quarters became the facility administration building.

Construction of the Nurses' and Staff Quarters, Building 3, occurred in response to the institution's first successful years in treating tuberculosis patients. Closely related to the original establishment of the

Henryton Sanatorium as the second building at the facility, and documenting the development of tuberculosis healthcare facilities in Maryland, the Nurses' and Staff Quarters, Building 3, at Henryton Sanatorium is a contributing element to the proposed Maryland Register eligible Henryton Sanatorium Historic District (CARR-1616). Building 3 also appears to qualify for the Maryland Register as an individual resource under Criterion A, broad patterns of history, for its association with tuberculosis healthcare in Maryland between 1926 and 1962, and under Criterion C, the embodiment of the characteristics of a particular architectural style, for its incorporation of Georgian Revival architectural traits in public institutional buildings.

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. CARR-1620

1. Name of Property (indicate preferred name)

historic Nurses' and Staff Quarters – Henryton Sanatorium Historic District
 other Building 3, Administration Building – Henryton Center

2. Location

street and number south side of Henryton Road, west of Marriottsville Road not for publication
 city, town Marriottsville X vicinity
 county Carroll

3. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name Maryland Department of Health and Mental Hygiene
 street and number 201 W. Preston Street telephone (410) 767-6816
 city, town Baltimore state MD zip code 21201

4. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Howard County Courthouse tax map and parcel Map 79, Parcel 150
 city, town Ellicott City liber 116 folio 127

5. Primary Location of Additional Data

- Contributing Resource in National Register District
- Contributing Resource in Local Historic District
- Determined Eligible for the National Register/Maryland Register
- Determined Ineligible for the National Register/Maryland Register
- Recorded by HABS/HAER
- Historic Structure Report or Research Report at MHT
- Other: _____

6. Classification

Category	Ownership	Current Function		Resource Count	
<input type="checkbox"/> district	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> public	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape	Contributing	Noncontributing
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> building(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> private	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce/trade	<input type="checkbox"/> recreation/culture	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u> buildings
<input type="checkbox"/> structure	<input type="checkbox"/> both	<input type="checkbox"/> defense	<input type="checkbox"/> religion	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u> sites
<input type="checkbox"/> site		<input type="checkbox"/> domestic	<input type="checkbox"/> social	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u> structures
<input type="checkbox"/> object		<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u> objects
		<input type="checkbox"/> funerary	<input type="checkbox"/> work in progress	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u> Total
		<input type="checkbox"/> government	<input type="checkbox"/> unknown		
		<input type="checkbox"/> health care	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> vacant/not in use		
		<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> other:		
				Number of Contributing Resources previously listed in the Inventory	
				<u>0</u>	

7. Description

Inventory No. CARR-1620

Condition

excellent deteriorated
 good ruins
 fair altered

Prepare both a one paragraph summary and a comprehensive description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The Nurses' and Staff Quarters is a three-and-one-half story brick, Tee-shaped, Georgian Revival building with a slate roof and 15-light and 25-light metal casement windows. The building consists of four components, a center block and three wings. The center block of the building is a three-story front-gable block three-bays in length. All of the windows feature brick keystone lintels and brick sills. The main entrance is located in this portion of the building, and consists of a metal door with a 6-light metal transom flanked by two pilasters and surmounted by a flat entablature. A 15-light metal window with scrolled decorative molding is located above the entrance. The center block also features an enclosed gable end with a 6-light wood semicircular window. Three-and-one-half story, identical hipped-roof wings, 5-bays in length, extend on each side of the center block. Each of the wings contains four gabled dormers with eight-light wood casement windows. The first story windows consists of 25-light metal casement units, while the second and third story features 15-light metal casement windows. A concrete cornice runs between the first and second stories. A three-story, five-by-one bay, flat roofed wing extends from the rear elevation of the center block, and a hipped-roof bay projects from the rear (north) elevation of the building's west wing. The building is in fair overall condition. The building has good overall integrity.

The interior of the building consists of offices, laboratories, and storage rooms on the first story and dormitory and bathrooms on the upper stories. The main entrance opens onto the building's lobby located in the building's center block. Hallways extend from the lobby down the center of each of the three wings, and individual rooms are accessed from these hallways. A small vestibule is located between the lobby and the main entrance. The entrance between the vestibule and the lobby contains sidelights and a transom. The upper stories are arranged much like the first story with the absence of any lobby area. Each wing has a corridor by which individual rooms are accessed.

8. Significance

Inventory No. CARR-1620

Period	Areas of Significance	Check and justify below		
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> health/medicine	<input type="checkbox"/> performing arts
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy
<input type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> invention	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900-1999	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> entertainment/ recreation	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> 2000-	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> ethnic heritage	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science
	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/ settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> social history
	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning		<input type="checkbox"/> maritime history	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation		<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> other: _____

Specific dates	1926-1963	Architect/Builder	Unknown
Construction dates	1926		

Evaluation for:

National Register Maryland Register not evaluated

Prepare a one-paragraph summary statement of significance addressing applicable criteria, followed by a narrative discussion of the history of the resource and its context. (For compliance projects, complete evaluation on a DOE Form – see manual.)

Construction of the Nurses' and Staff Quarters, Building 3, occurred in response to the institution's first successful years in treating tuberculosis patients. Closely related to the original establishment of the Henryton Sanatorium as the second building at the facility, and documenting the development of tuberculosis healthcare facilities in Maryland, the Nurses' and Staff Quarters, Building 3, appears to constitute a contributing element to the proposed Maryland Register eligible Henryton Sanatorium Historic District (CARR-1616). Building 3 also appears to be eligible for the Maryland Register as an individual resource under Criterion A, broad patterns of history, for its association with tuberculosis healthcare in Maryland between 1926 and 1962, and under Criterion C, the embodiment of the characteristics of a particular architectural style, for its incorporation of Georgian Revival architectural traits in public institutional buildings.

The Nurses' and Staff Quarters (Building 3) was the second building constructed at the Henryton Sanatorium. Completed in 1926, the building was designed to serve as staff quarters, but was erected in a manor that would permit its use as a children's hospital following the completion of the hospital's administration building, which also contained staff quarters. Because of the rapid rise in the number of patient applicants, Building 3 was converted into a children's hospital following the completion of the new administration building in 1928 and the construction of additional bedrooms and locker rooms. When opened in 1930 as a children's hospital, the building was the first state-operated facility in the nation dedicated to the treatment of tuberculin African-American Children (Board 1928:10, 102-103). The building was converted back into staff quarters following the construction of a new Children's Hospital (Building 4) in 1934. When the state converted Henryton into a developmental disabilities facility in the 1960s, the building housed the facility's administration activities.

The Henryton Sanatorium was one of four state-operated tuberculosis sanatoria established during the early twentieth century that represented a significant part of Maryland's public health campaign to stop the spread of tuberculosis. The first state tuberculosis sanatorium was at Sabillasville, Frederick County, and opened in 1908. The other state sanatoria established after Sabillasville included Henryton (1923), Mount Wilson (1924), and Eastern Shore Tuberculosis Sanatorium (1928). The Henryton Sanatorium was the first and only of the state sanatoria established for the treatment of African-American patients, whom statistical trends in Maryland show had a high mortality rate attributed to tuberculosis. The Nurses' and Staff Quarters represents part of the expansion of the Henryton Sanatorium within only a few years after its opening. It was also the first building at Henryton constructed in the Georgian/Colonial Revival design. The Colonial and Georgian Revival styles were popular with regards to institutional design in Maryland during the 1920s and 1930s, and were incorporated in the individual building designs at other state tuberculosis sanatoriums established during this era.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Inventory No. CARR-1617 ~~1620~~

Board of Managers of the Maryland Tuberculosis Sanatorium

various *Annual Reports of the Board of Managers of the Maryland Tuberculosis Sanatorium*. On file at the University of Maryland Library, College Park, Maryland.

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of surveyed property	<u>46</u>	
Acreage of historical setting	<u>105</u>	
Quadrangle name	<u>Sykesville Maryland</u>	Quadrangle scale: <u>1:24 000</u>

Verbal boundary description and justification

The Nurses' and Staff Quarter is located within the proposed boundaries for the Henryton Sanatorium Historic District. The proposed boundaries for the district include all of the historic Sanatorium parcel west of Henryton Road and north of the former B&O Railroad tracks. These boundaries encompass the Sanatorium's historic setting and landscape features, as well as all surviving resources related to the property's use as a tuberculosis facility. The district has been documented as MHT inventory number CARR-1616.

11. Form Prepared by

name/title	Eric F. Griffiths/ Architectural Historian		
organization	The Louis Berger Group	date	August 2000
street & number	1819 H. Street, NW, Suite 900	telephone	(202) 331-7775
city or town	Washington, D.C.	state	

The Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust
DHCD/DHCP
100 Community Place
Crownsville, MD 21032-2023
410-514-7600

Maryland Historical Trust
Maryland Inventory of
Historic Properties Form

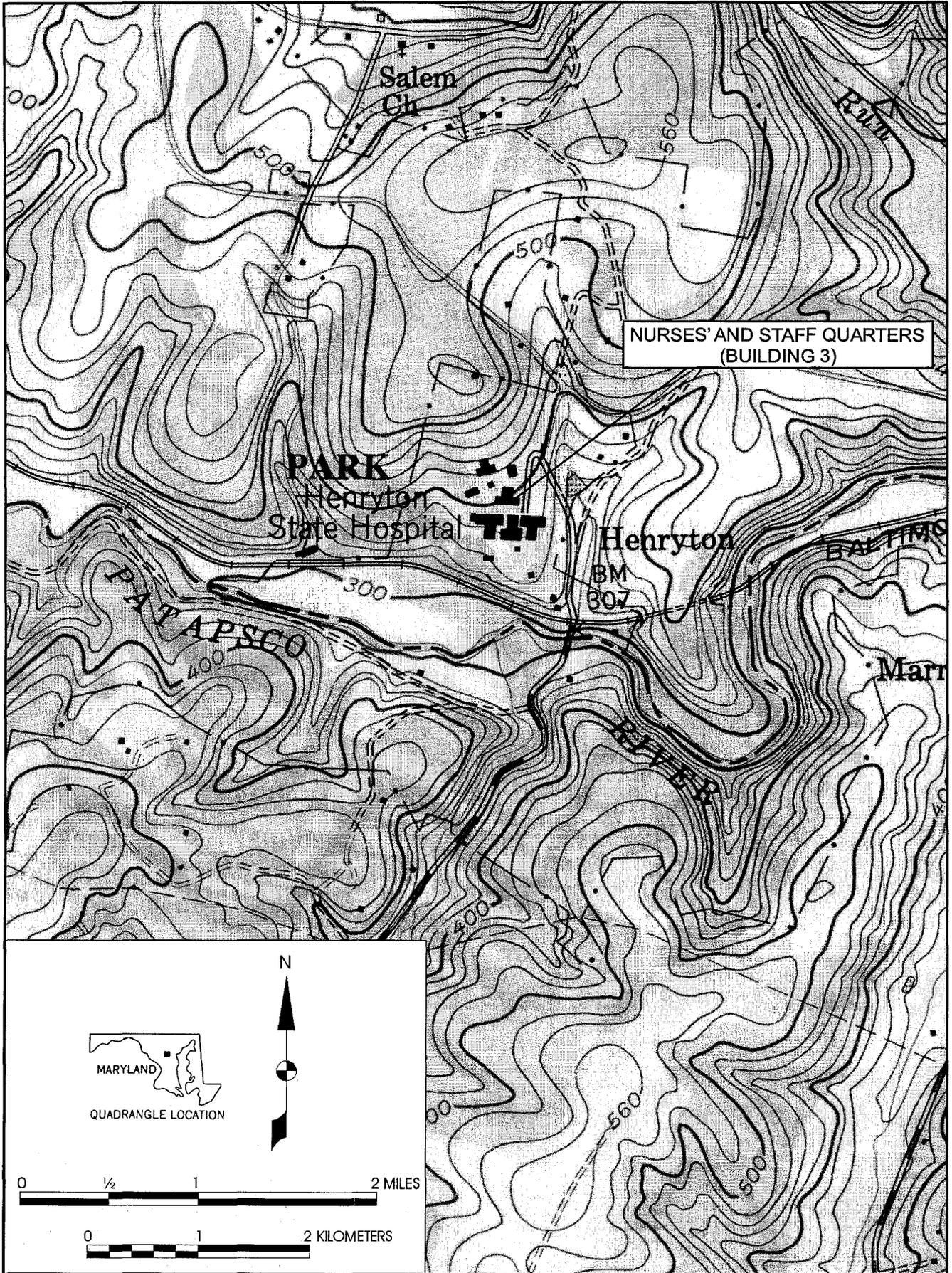
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Name Nurses' and Staff Quarters - Henryton Sanatorium Historic District
Continuation Sheet

Number 9 Page 1

Riggs-Warfield-Roloson, Incorporated

1953-1959 "Maryland Tuberculosis Hospital (Colored Branch)". Insurance Survey on file at the Maryland State Archives,
Annapolis, MD.



Nurses' and Staff Quarters (Building 3; CARR-1620)

SOURCE: USGS 7.5 Minute Quadrangle, Sykesville, MD 1953 (Photorevised 1979)



CARR-1620

Nurses' & Staff Quarters - Henryton Sanatorium

Carroll County Maryland

Eric Griffiths - The Louis Berger Group

June 2000

MDSHPO

South & West elevations Northeast view

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CABB-1620

Nurses' & Staff Quarters - Henryton Sangbriem
Carroll County Maryland

Eric Griffiths - The Louis Berger Group

June 2000

MDSHPO

Center Block Front (South) elevation North view

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CARB-1620

Nurses + Staff Quarters - Henryton Sanatorium
Carroll County Maryland

Eric Griffiths - The Louis Berger Group

June 2000

MD SHPO

(Bear Wing Southwest View)

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CARR-1620

Nurses' + Staff Quarters - Henryton Sanitorium
Carroll County, Maryland

Eric F. Griffiths - The Louis Berger Group

June 2000

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Interior view of Lobby looking South

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CARR-1620

Nurses & staff Quarters - Henryton Sanatorium

Carroll County Maryland

Eric F Griffiths - The Louis Berger Group

June 2000

MDSHPO

Interior view of 2nd story Room Looking North

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