

**MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY FORM**

NR Eligible: yes
no

Property Name: Ephraim Stouffer Farm Inventory Number: CARR-1721
 Address: 2290 New Windsor Rd. City: New Windsor Zip Code: 21776
 County: Carroll USGS Topographic Map: New Windsor
 Owner: Lehigh Portland Cement Company Is the property being evaluated a district? yes
 Tax Parcel Number: 0037 Tax Map Number: 0056 Tax Account ID Number: 11-003435
 Project: New Windsor Quarry Expansion Agency: _____
 Site visit by MHT Staff: no yes Name: _____ Date: _____
 Is the property located within a historic district? yes no

If the property is within a district District Inventory Number: _____
 NR-listed district yes Eligible district yes District Name: _____
 Preparer's Recommendation: Contributing resource yes no Non-contributing but eligible in another context

If the property is not within a district (or the property is a district)
 Preparer's Recommendation: Eligible yes no

Criteria: A B C D Considerations: A B C D E F G None
 Documentation on the property/district is presented in:

Description of Property and Eligibility Determination: *(Use continuation sheet if necessary and attach map and photo)*

The Ephraim Stouffer Farm is located at 2290 New Windsor Road, New Windsor, Carroll County, Maryland. It is owned by Lehigh Cement Company, 675 Quaker Hill Road, Union Bridge, MD 21791. The farm occupies tax parcel Map 56 Parcel 37. The property consists of 102.01 acres and contains a mid-nineteenth-century dwelling, a mid-nineteenth-century bank barn, an early twentieth-century gambrel roof barn, two mid-twentieth-century concrete block sheds, two mid-twentieth-century silos, a ca. 1940s tractor shed and a modern tractor shed, two late twentieth-century corn cribs, two mid-twentieth-century cattle barns, a modern cattle feed shelter (Photograph 1).

The two-and-one-half-story dwelling on the Ephraim Stouffer Farm was built ca. 1858. The dwelling measures three bays wide and two rooms deep, has a stone foundation and is constructed of brick in a running bond pattern. The dwelling has a side gable roof that is sheathed in corrugated metal, with two

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST REVIEW	
Eligibility recommended <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Eligibility not recommended <input type="checkbox"/>
Criteria: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D	Considerations: <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/> G <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None
Comments: <i>Significant for association with agricultural history of the region (Criterion A). Association with Spearlein does not convey significance under Criterion B.</i>	
<i>Matthew Sage</i>	<u>2/15/12</u>
Reviewer, Office of Preservation Services	Date
<i>Prinity</i>	<u>2/14/12</u>
Reviewer, NR Program	Date

201104930

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
NR-ELIGIBILITY REVIEW FORMContinuation Sheet No. 1

Physical Description (continued):

interior brick end chimneys. The dwelling has a mixture of six-over-six, original wood windows, with original wood louvered shutters.

The main, south elevation has a window-door-window pattern (Photograph 2). The second floor has three windows that are symmetrical with the openings on the first floor. The windows on both the first floor and the second floor are original, six-over-six wood windows with wood sills, brick lintels and wood louvered shutters. The entrance contains the original wood panel door with a modern storm door. The entrance has a five-light transom and three-light sidelights. There is a modern concrete slab that sits on a stone foundation which makes up the front porch. There is a discoloration on the bricks around the door, which indicates that there used to be a single-story, one-bay porch surrounding the door. The cornice has triangular wood molding underneath the modern metal gutter.

The west elevation consists of six windows (Photograph 3). The first and second floors each have two six-over-six wood windows. All four of these windows have wood sills, brick lintels and wood louvered shutters. The last two windows on this side are in the gable peak and they are original four-light wood windows.

The rear, north elevation of the dwelling is identical to the front elevation except for the entrance (Photograph 4). The rear entrance contains an original wood panel door with a three-light transom. The entrance is covered by a modern pediment roof, which rests on a concrete slab that is supported by a stone foundation. The slab continues to the east for the remainder of the north elevation; however, the foundation for this section is concrete block.

The east elevation has two original six-over-six wood windows. Both of the windows have wood sills, brick lintels and wood louvered shutters. There are two original, wood, four-light windows in the gable peak. The first floor of the east elevation is obscured by a large modern addition (Photograph 5). The addition rests on a brick foundation that has a large opening on the south end for access to a basement door. The northern part of the brick foundation is closed off and has an access door for storage.

A ca. 1858 bank barn is located northeast of the dwelling. The barn stands two-and-one-half stories tall and is three bays wide. It has a stone foundation and is clad in vertical boards, except in the gable peaks which have horizontal boards. The side gable roof is sheathed in standing seam metal. The bank side of the barn has three sets of doors (Photograph 6). The doors in the center and on the northern end are large sliding vertical board doors. The door on the southern end is a smaller, pedestrian-sized vertical board door. The ramp to the barn has been paved and is reinforced with concrete block.

The first floor of the remaining sides of the barn is obscured by modern additions. The second floor on the south side has four wood louvered vents on the west end and three in the gable peak (Photograph 7). The second floor on the east side has seven wood louvered vents (Photograph 8). The second floor of the north side of the barn is located under a modern addition (Photograph 9). There are openings in the wood siding on the north side of the barn where there were once vents. There is one vent located above the addition roof on the east end. Located at the northwest corner of the barn is a ca. 1940 concrete silo.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
NR-ELIGIBILITY REVIEW FORMContinuation Sheet No. 2

Physical Description (continued):

Bank barns are characterized by an earthen ramp or embankment against one side that provides vehicle access to the second level, which houses the main threshing floor and hay mows. The basement level, usually constructed of fieldstone, serves as a stabling area. Remaining open on the side of the barn opposite the threshing floor entrance, the basement is sometimes sheltered under a forebay, adjacent to an enclosed barnyard. Typically of stone, log, or frame construction, bank barns were first built in southeastern Pennsylvania in the eighteenth century by settlers of continental European origin and became pervasive throughout the Middle Atlantic in the nineteenth century (Ensminger 1992:50; Herman 1987:206-207). The bank barn on the Ephraim Stouffer Farm is not a good example of a traditional bank barn due to the variety and extent of the modern additions that have been added to the first floor.

A ca. 1920 gambrel roof barn is located west of the bank barn. This barn is two-and-one-half stories tall and three bays wide. It has a concrete block foundation and the first floor walls are constructed in a stamped concrete block pattern. The second floor and the gable peaks are clad in horizontal boards. The roof is sheathed in standing seam metal and has two circular roof vents along the ridge (Photograph 10).

The south side of the gambrel roof barn has a window-door-window-door pattern. The windows are original nine-light wood windows and the doorway in the center is a pair of vertical board doors that swing open. The eastern doorway was open during the survey, so the door material is unknown. The second floor has a central door with two wood louvered vents on either side. The door consists of two vertical board doors that swing open. The third floor has a pair of large vertical board doors in the middle. On either side of the door is an original four-over-four wood window.

The west side of the gambrel roof barn has nine evenly spaced, original, nine-light wood windows (Photograph 11). The first floor of the northern side of the gambrel roof barn has a door in the center with original nine-light windows on each side. The second floor has four evenly spaced wood louvered vents. The third floor has two wood louvered vents and there is one wood louvered vent in the gable peak (Photograph 12). The east side is similar to the west side of the gambrel roof barn, except there are two doors instead of windows (Photograph 13). One door is located on the southern end and one is located on the northern end. The southern door has a breezeway that attaches to a shed.

The ca. 1940 shed is made of concrete block, stands one story tall, and measures one bay wide and two rooms deep. The walls are clad in a stamped concrete block pattern, except in the gable peaks, which have horizontal boards. It has a front gable roof that is sheathed in standing seam metal. There is an interior brick chimney, and there are two circular vents at the ridge of the roof. The front, south side of the shed has a set of modern sliding glass doors on the first floor and a wood louvered vent in the gable peak. The east side has four original nine-light windows, with one on each end and two in the middle. The west side is similar, except it has a door on the southern end instead of a window. The northern end has a single, nine-light wood window and a wood louvered vent. Located directly north of the shed is a small modern concrete block shed that has an older concrete block foundation. A second ca. 1940s concrete silo is located off the southwest corner of the second barn.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
NR-ELIGIBILITY REVIEW FORMContinuation Sheet No. 3

Physical Description (continued):

There are two tractor sheds south of the gambrel roof barn (Photograph 14). The first tractor shed was constructed ca. 1920. It has a wood frame that is partially clad in vertical boards and partially clad in corrugated metal. It has a shed roof that is sheathed in corrugated metal. Attached to the southern end of the eastern side of the tractor shed is a larger, modern tractor shed. Located northwest of the two tractor sheds are two modern metal corncribs (Photograph 15).

Located north of the gambrel roof barn are two early twentieth-century cattle barns and a modern feed shelter (Photograph 16). The larger cattle barn is of a wood frame construction and has a side gable roof that is sheathed in corrugated metal. The north, east and west walls are clad in corrugated metal. The *smaller cattle barn* is of a wood frame construction and has a shed roof that is sheathed in standing seam metal. The walls of the smaller shed are clad in vertical boards on the north and west side.

The Ephraim Stouffer Farm retains integrity of location, association and setting, as well as its design as a working dairy farm. Modern alterations to the main dwelling, the bank barn and the gambrel roof barn have altered the integrity of materials and workmanship of the property as a whole and of the buildings individually.

History

On a map of Carroll County published in 1862, a dwelling attributed to "E. Stouffer" was denoted on the Ephraim Stouffer Farmstead (Martenet 1862). The dwelling was attributed to "Stouffer" on a Carroll County map published the following year (Shearer 1863). On an 1877 map of the County, the dwelling was again attributed to "E. Stouffer" (Lake, Griffing and Stevenson 1877). In Carroll County census records compiled in 1860, Ephraim Stouffer was identified as a 29-year-old Maryland-born farmer, living in New Windsor District (served by the Sam's Creek Post Office) with his 24-year-old wife Susan, a 21-year-old mulatto male servant, and a 12-year-old black male servant (United States Bureau of the Census 1860a). An agricultural census was also conducted in 1860; however, Ephraim Stouffer was not listed on it (United States Bureau of the Census 1860b). Genealogical records indicate that Stouffer had been born in 1830 to Maryland residents Joseph Stouffer (sometimes spelled "Stauffer") (1804-1886) and Eliza Englar (1807-1855), members of the Pipe Creek Church of the Brethren in Union Bridge (Friedman 2011:n.p.). As of 1850 (as reflected in census records compiled in that year), 19-year-old Ephraim was living with his parents and six younger siblings on a farmstead approximately 0.3 miles northeast of the Ephraim Stouffer Farmstead (United States Bureau of the Census 1850). Around 1858, Ephraim married Susan Englar, and the couple set up housekeeping on the Ephraim Stouffer Farmstead (Friedman 2011:n.p.; United States Bureau of the Census 1860a; Martenet 1862). There they welcomed a daughter, Lulu Mae, in 1868. As of 1870, the Stouffer household comprised 39-year-old farmer Ephraim; his wife Susan; their 2-year-old daughter Lulu Mae; a 13-year-old, white boarding student; an 18-year-old, white farm laborer; and a 16-year-old, black domestic servant (United States Bureau of the Census 1870). Ephraim's widowed and retired father Joseph came to join Ephraim's household during the 1870s. As of 1880, the Stouffer household comprised 49-year-old farmer Ephraim; his wife Susan; 12-year-old Lulu Mae; 74-year-old Joseph Stouffer; and a 15-year-old, black domestic servant (United States Bureau of the Census 1880a).

**MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
NR-ELIGIBILITY REVIEW FORM**

Continuation Sheet No. 4

History (continued):

The Ephraim Stouffer Farmstead was located on the 1880 agricultural census (United States Bureau of the Census 1880b). When compared with a neighboring farm, the cash value of the farm was greater; however, the values of each category were somewhat similar. The estimated value of the farm production for the Ephraim Stouffer Farm was \$2,119 and the neighboring farm was \$2,088. Even though the cash value of the farm was \$3,000 more than the neighboring property, their production values were similar. The average estimated value of the farm production for the county was \$704.37. The Ephraim Stouffer Farm was average when compared with a neighbor, but was well above average when compared with Carroll County (United States Bureau of the Census 1880b).

	Ephraim Stouffer Agricultural Data for 1880	Neighboring Farm Agricultural Data for 1880
Improved land	105 acres	196 acres
Cash value	\$18,500	\$15,000
Value of farm implements and machinery	\$500	\$800
Value of livestock	\$600	\$900
Cost of fertilizer	\$120	\$200
Amount of wages paid	\$260	\$300
Weeks of hired labor	100	120
Estimated value of farm production	\$2,119	\$2,088
Acres of grasses mown	25	26
Acres of hay	25	30
Horses	3	11
Mules	3	0
Milk cows	6	7
Other cattle	1	7
Calves dropped	5	7
Animals sold living	5	7
Gallons of milk sold	3,000	0
Sheep	1	0
Lambs	1	0
Swine	4	27
Poultry	124	110
Dozens of eggs	200	300
Bushels of wheat	879	1,000
Bushels of rye	0	120
Bushels of Indian corn	3,000	2,000
Bushels of oats	0	75
Bushels of Irish potatoes	40	40
Pounds of butter	0	780
Bushels of apples	40	60
Bushels of pears	0	5

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
NR-ELIGIBILITY REVIEW FORMContinuation Sheet No. 5

History (continued):

By 1900—in his 68th year—Ephraim Stouffer had retired from farming and was serving as a “preacher” in the Pipe Creek Church of the Brethren. He and his wife were living beside their only child—32-year-old Lulu Mae—who had been married for a decade to farmer Abram P. Snader (United States Bureau of the Census 1900). Deed and cemetery records indicate that Ephraim and Susan conveyed the Ephraim Stouffer Farmstead on a tract of approximately 105 acres to their daughter and son-in-law through several conveyances in 1900 (Carroll County Liber 285:461; Holdcraft 2002:59, 62). Following Ephraim’s death in March 1903 (and his burial in the Pipe Creek Church of the Brethren cemetery), Abram Snader became a minister in the Pipe Creek Church of the Brethren (Holdcraft 2002:59, 62). *Abram and Lulu Mae* had only one child: a daughter named Anna, born in 1892 (Holdcraft 2002:60; United States Bureau of the Census 1910).

The Snader residence was denoted (but not identified) on the Ephraim Stouffer Farmstead on a USGS map published in 1911 (USGS 1911). This map indicated that the section of present-day New Windsor Road south of Marston Road was not yet in place. The Snader residence was accessed by two lanes connected to the “Liberty Turnpike” (present-day Old New Windsor Road) at separate locations northwest and southwest of the farmstead. This configuration of features was depicted again on a map of New Windsor (Election District 11) published in 1916 (Rand McNally & Co. 1916). The dwelling on the Ephraim Stouffer Farmstead was attributed to “A.P. Snader,” and it was located on a tract of 100 acres.

By 1920, Abram Snader was serving as the President of the Maryland State Horticultural Society (Maryland Agricultural Society 1921:82). He was identified in Carroll County census records compiled in that year as a 52-year-old “farm operator” who cultivated his “own orchard” (United States Bureau of the Census 1920). He lived with his 51-year-old wife “L. May” and 27-year-old, unmarried daughter Anna, who was employed as a teacher in a public school (United States Bureau of the Census 1920). Around 1922, Anna Snader married farmer Randall G. Spoerlein, and the couple set up housekeeping on the family farm (Carroll County Genealogy 2010:n.p.). Abram Snader died in August 1924, and Lulu Mae died intestate five years later. Both were buried in the Pipe Creek Church of the Brethren graveyard (Holdcraft 2002:59).

Following her mother’s death in 1929, Anna Snader Spoerlein was awarded the family farm (Carroll County Liber 285:461). She and her husband Randall occupied the property until her death in 1956 (Carroll County Genealogy 2010:n.p.). Other information concerning Randall Spoerlein and his activities on the former Stouffer-Snader farm was reported as follows in a 1990 obituary:

Born Sept. 17, 1899, in Accident, Garrett County, he was a son of the late John and Dora Dodge Spoerlein. Mr. Spoerlein was a 1920 graduate of Blue Ridge College. He started farming near New Windsor in 1922 and continued until his retirement in 1968. In the early 1930s, he was appointed to fill the unexpired term of Sen. R[ichard] Smith Snader on the board of directors of the Maryland Cooperative Milk Producers Association where he served until 1940, when he became the first farmer from Carroll County to ship milk to Washington, D.C.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
NR-ELIGIBILITY REVIEW FORMContinuation Sheet No. 6

History (continued):

In 1938, Mr. Spoerlein was elected to and served a term in the Maryland House of Delegates. He became a member of the Westminster Kiwanis Club in the 1930s and was one of the oldest continuous members. In 1944, Mr. Spoerlein was appointed one of the first supervisors of the Carroll Soil Conservation Districts, where he served for 33 years. He was appointed by the Carroll County Commissioners as one of the first members of the county's economic development committee, where he remained until 1976.

Mr. Spoerlein served as a director of the Maryland State Fair Board for a number of years. He served as president of the Carroll County Farm Bureau for four years and as state president for two years. Mr. Spoerlein was a five-year member of the New Windsor Town Council, prior to his election as mayor, a position he held for 22 years. One of Mr. Spoerlein's major contributions as mayor was the purchase of a 170-acre farm which contained the main spring that furnished water to New Windsor, where he planted 50 acres of pine trees and built a pond. In 1984, he gave the town a monetary gift to plant a 5-acre black walnut grove on the farm. He was a director of the Brethren Insurance Co. of Hagerstown for 27 years. He served as a director, a vice president and the chairman of the board of the Westminster Bank & Trust Co. He served for a period of time as a director of the Maryland and Virginia Wool Growers Association.

He was a life member of the Carroll County Historical Society and a former member of the board of directors of Carroll County General Hospital. Mr. Spoerlein was one of the organizers of the Carroll County Farm Museum and served as one its first directors. In 1961, the University of Maryland College Park, honored him for his contributions and leadership to Maryland agriculture. Mr. Spoerlein was a member of Edgewood Church of the Brethren. . . .

[He] died Friday, April 26, at Carroll Lutheran Village Health Care Center, after an extended illness. Twice married, his first wife was Anna Snader Spoerlein who died in 1956. His second wife was Gretchen Pittinger Spoerlein who died in 1983 (Carroll County Genealogy 2010:n.p.).

In 1958, two years after his first wife died, Spoerlein conveyed several tracts—including the Ephraim Stouffer Farmstead on just over 100 acres—to the Lehigh Portland Cement Company (Carroll County Liber 285:461). By that time, New Windsor Road (Route 31) had been extended southwestward from its Marston Road intersection, along the east side of the property. With that roadway addition, a new access lane was constructed from the new roadway northwestward to the house and barn (United States Army Corps of Engineers 1944). The occupants of the farmstead following its acquisition by the Lehigh Portland Cement Company have not been identified. Current tax assessment records indicate that the Ephraim Stouffer Farmstead is located on a 102.01-acre agricultural tract owned by the Lehigh Portland Cement Company.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
NR-ELIGIBILITY REVIEW FORMContinuation Sheet No. 7

National Register Evaluation:

The Ephraim Stouffer Farm was evaluated according to criteria set forth in the *National Register Bulletin*: "How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation" (National Park Service 1997). The property is associated with Randall G. Spoerlein, who first shipped milk from the area to Washington, D.C. His work as a dairy farmer and the farm's role in the shipment of milk are significant advancements in the agricultural practices of the area. The farm was well above the county average in property value and production value, particularly in the dairying industry. The property is still an active farm with a majority of the land remaining. The Ephraim Stouffer Farm is recommended eligible under Criterion A.

The property is associated with Randall G. Spoerlein who was a significant local and state figure. Spoerlein lived on the Ephraim Stouffer Farm from 1922 to 1958. During that time, he was on the board of directors of the Maryland Cooperative Milk Producers. Spoerlein was involved with several local committees and clubs including the Westminster Kiwanis Club and the economic development committee. He served on the Carroll County Farm Bureau and served as the first supervisor of the Carroll Soil Conservation Districts. Spoerlein was also mayor of New Windsor from 1956-1978. In 1961, the University of Maryland College Park honored him for his contributions and leadership to Maryland agriculture. The Ephraim Stouffer Farm is still a working farm and retains its integrity of association with a notable local and state individual and is recommended eligible under Criterion B.

The farm property as a whole does not retain integrity architecturally. There are large additions on the bank barn and the remaining buildings are from the turn of the twentieth century, with alterations. The dwelling on the property has some alterations. There is an addition on the east side and the front porch has been removed; however, the dwelling possesses several other elements, such as the original wood windows and doors. It also has the decorative molding at the cornice line. Even though the dwelling retains many features, the missing front porch and the modern porch and addition diminish the integrity of design, materials and workmanship. The Ephraim Stouffer Farm is therefore recommended not eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion C. Eligibility under Criterion D cannot be fully addressed at this time since the property has not been subject to archaeological testing.

The period of significance for the property extends from ca. 1922 to 1958, the time period that Randall G. Spoerlein lived at the residence. The proposed National Register boundary for the Ephraim Stouffer Farm is as follows: beginning at a point on the shoulder of the east side of Old New Windsor Road, going southeast approximately 1,715 feet to the western shoulder of a road in the quarry. The boundary then follows the shoulder of the quarry road southeast for approximately 608 feet to a turn in the road. It continues to follow the shoulder of the quarry road south-southwest for approximately 561 feet to an intersection in the road. The boundary then turns southeast to a point on the shoulder of the New Windsor Road. The boundary then crosses the road and then follows the shoulder of the road for approximately 2,086 feet. It then turns north-northwest for approximately 452 feet to a tree line. The boundary then follows the tree line northeast for approximately 393 feet to the end of the tree line. It then turns northwest following a second tree line approximately 1,721 feet to the end of the tree line. The boundary then turns west for approximately 121 feet to a point on the east shoulder on Old New Windsor Road. The boundary then follows the shoulder of the road for approximately 566 feet, returning to its point of origin. This boundary encompasses the dwelling, barns, sheds, other outbuildings and remaining

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
NR-ELIGIBILITY REVIEW FORM

Continuation Sheet No. 8

National Register Evaluation (continued):

land. The dwelling, barns, sheds and other outbuildings are the contributing elements of the property. This boundary was prepared in accordance with guidelines set forth in the *National Register Bulletin: "Defining Boundaries for National Register Properties"* (Seifert et al. 1997).

References Cited

Carroll County Genealogy

- 2010 Randall George Spoerlein obituary. Transcribed from an unidentified original. Published online <<http://usgensites.com/mdcarroll/modules/lexikon/letter.php?start=220>>. Accessed on June 14, 2011.

Ensminger, Robert F.

- 1992 *The Pennsylvania Barn: Its Origin, Evolution, and Distribution in North America*. Baltimore: The Johns Hopkins University Press.

Friedman, K.C.

- 2011 Ephraim Stouffer genealogical data. Published online <<http://trees.ancestry.com/tree/21084128/person/1026237985?ssrc=>>>. Accessed on June 14, 2011.

Google Earth

- 2010 Aerial photograph taken on October 20, 2010. Accessed as Google Earth Historical Imagery via the Google Earth application on August 2, 2011.

Herman, Bernard L.

- 1987 *Architecture and Rural Life in Central Delaware, 1700-1900*. Knoxville, Tennessee: University of Tennessee Press.

Holdcraft, Jacob Mehrling

- 2002 *Names in Stone, Maryland: 75,000 Cemetery Inscriptions From Frederick County, Maryland. Vol. 2*. Baltimore, Maryland: Genealogical Publishing Co.

Lake, Griffing and Stevenson

- 1877 *An Illustrated Atlas of Carroll County, Maryland*. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: Lake, Griffing and Stevenson.

Martenet, Simon J.

- 1862 *Martenet's Map of Maryland*. Baltimore, Maryland: Simon J. Martenet.

Maryland Agricultural Society

- 1921 *Report of the Maryland Agricultural Society, Volume V, for the Year 1920*. College Park, Maryland: Maryland Agricultural Society.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
NR-ELIGIBILITY REVIEW FORMContinuation Sheet No. 9

References Cited (continued):

Maryland Department of Geology, Mines and Water Resources

- 1959 *Map of Carroll County*. Compiled from Topographic Sheets of the Corps of Engineers, U.S. Army, and the U.S. Geological Survey, 1949. Revised 1959. Baltimore, MD: Maryland Department of Geology, Mines and Water Resources.

National Park Service

- 1997 "How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation." *National Register Bulletin*. Washington, D.C.: National Park Service, U.S. Government Printing Office.

Rand McNally & Co.

- 1916 "New Windsor, Election District No. 11, Carroll Co., MD." In *New Detailed Survey of Carroll County, Maryland*. Chicago, Illinois: Rand McNally & Co. Reprinted 2002 by the Carroll County Genealogical Society, Westminster, Maryland.

Seifert, Donna, Barbara J. Little, Beth L. Savage, and John H. Sprinkle, Jr.

- 1997 *National Register Bulletin*: "Defining Boundaries for National Register Properties." U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service, National Register of Historic Places, 1995, Revised 1997.

Shearer, W.O.

- 1863 *Map of Carroll County, Md.* Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: W.O. Shearer.

United States Army Corps of Engineers

- 1944 *New Windsor, MD*. Topographic quadrangle. Compiled from imagery taken 1943. Washington, DC: United States Army Corps of Engineers.

United States Bureau of the Census

- 1850 *Seventh Census of the Population of the United States*. Manuscripts on Microfilm.
- 1860a *Eighth Census of the Population of the United States*. Manuscripts on Microfilm.
- 1860b Agricultural schedules. Manuscripts on Microfilm.
- 1870 *Ninth Census of the Population of the United States*. Manuscripts on Microfilm.
- 1880a *Tenth Census of the Population of the United States*. Manuscript on microfilm.
- 1880b Agricultural schedules. Manuscripts on Microfilm.
- 1900 *Twelfth Census of the Population of the United States*. Manuscript on microfilm.
- 1910 *Thirteenth Census of the Population of the United States*. Manuscript on microfilm.
-

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
NR-ELIGIBILITY REVIEW FORMContinuation Sheet No. 10

Reference Cited (continued):

1920 *Fourteenth Census of the Population of the United States*. Manuscript on microfilm.

United States Geological Survey

1911 *Taneytown MD-PA Quadrangle*. 15-minute series. Surveyed in 1908-09. Edition of 1911. Washington, DC: United States Geological Survey.

1971 *Union Bridge, MD Quadrangle*. 7.5 minute series. Compiled from imagery taken 1953. Culture revised 1953. Photorevised 1971. Reston, Virginia: United States Geological Survey.

1977 *New Windsor, MD Quadrangle*. 7.5 minute series. Compiled from imagery taken 1943. Culture revised 1953. Photorevised 1971. Photoinspected 1977. Reston, Virginia: United States Geological Survey.

Prepared by: Lisa Sattler, CHRS, Inc.Date Prepared: October 2011



 PROPOSED NATIONAL REGISTER BOUNDARY

SCALE

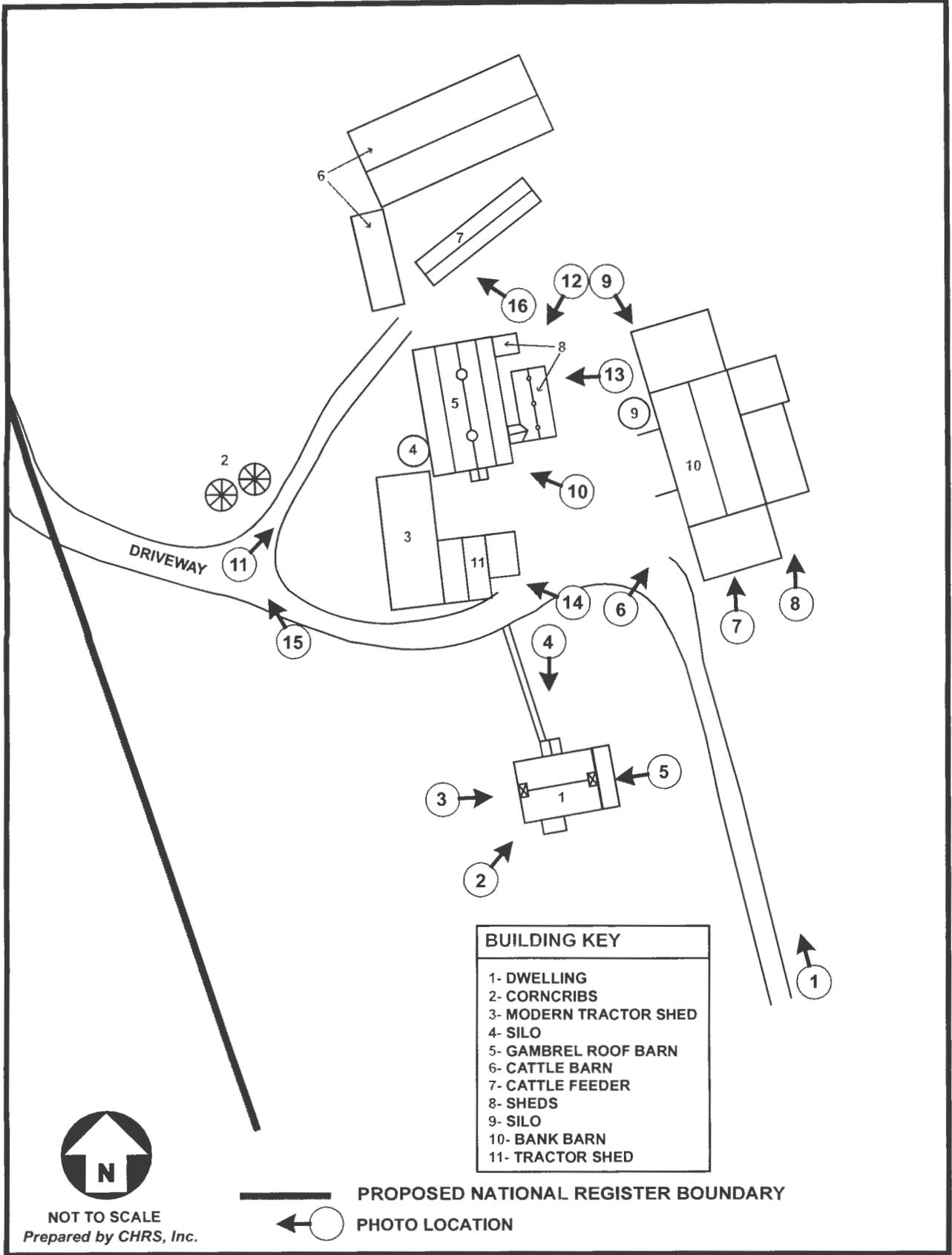
SOURCE



USGS 1971
UNION BRIDGE, MD
USGS 1977
NEW WINDSOR, MD

Prepared by CHRS, Inc.

CARR-1721 - EPHRAIM STOUFFER FARM - RESOURCE LOCATION MAP



NOT TO SCALE
Prepared by CHRS, Inc.

BUILDING KEY	
1-	DWELLING
2-	CORNCRIBS
3-	MODERN TRACTOR SHED
4-	SILO
5-	GAMBREL ROOF BARN
6-	CATTLE BARN
7-	CATTLE FEEDER
8-	SHEDS
9-	SILO
10-	BANK BARN
11-	TRACTOR SHED

———— PROPOSED NATIONAL REGISTER BOUNDARY
 ←○ PHOTO LOCATION

CARR-1721 - EPHRAIM STOUFFER FARM - SITE PLAN AND PHOTO LOCATION MAP



PROPOSED NATIONAL REGISTER BOUNDARY

	SCALE	SOURCE
	<p>0ft 596ft</p>  <p>0m 181.7m</p> <p>Prepared by CHRS, Inc.</p>	<p>GOOGLE EARTH 2010</p>

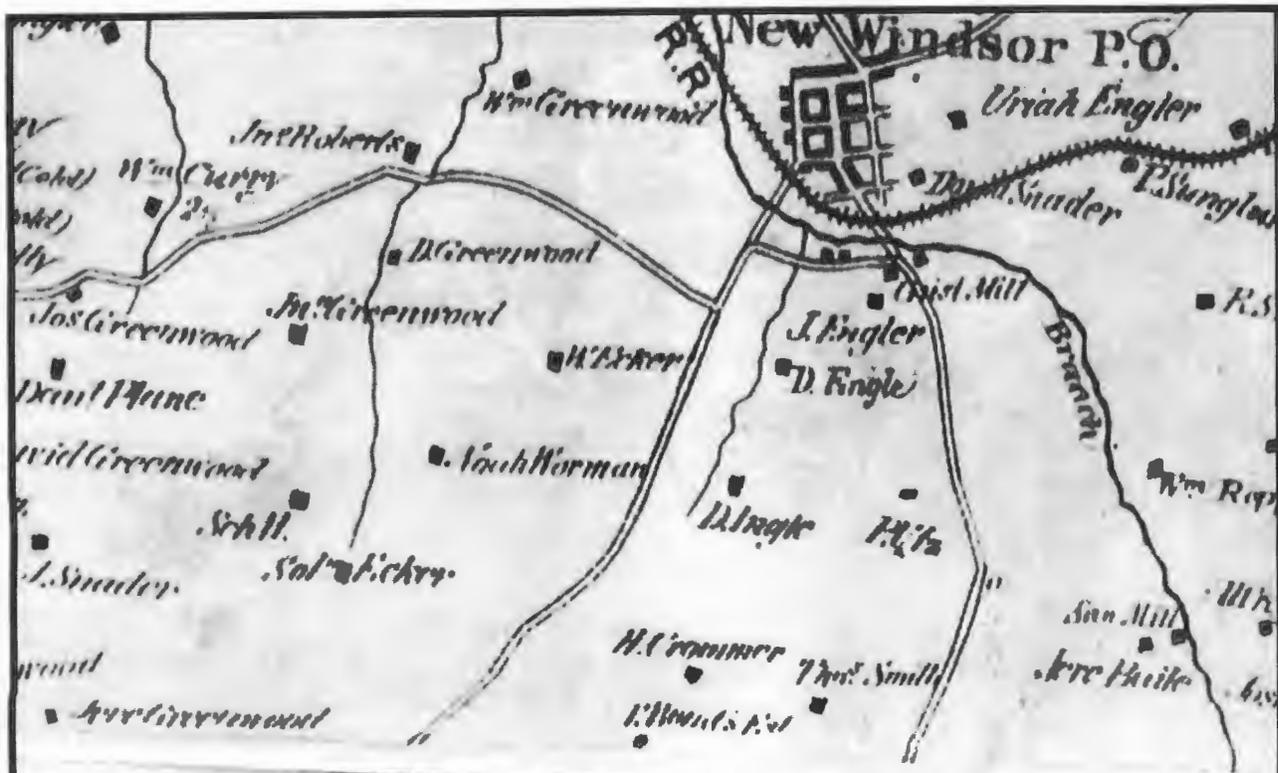
CARR-1721 - EPHRAIM STOUFFER FARM - MODERN AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH



— PROPOSED NATIONAL REGISTER BOUNDARY

	SCALE	SOURCE
	<p>0ft 2000ft</p>  <p>0m 609.6m</p> <p>Prepared by CHRS, Inc.</p>	<p>MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF GEOLOGY, MINES AND WATER RESOURCES 1959</p>

CARR-1721 - EPHRAIM STOUFFER FARM CIRCA 1959



	SCALE	SOURCE
	<p>NOT TO SCALE Prepared by CHRIS, Inc.</p>	<p>MARTENET 1862</p>

CARR-1721 - EPHRAIM STOUFFER FARM CIRCA 1862

Determination of Eligibility Photo Log for
CARR-1721-Ephraim Stouffer Farm

All Photos were printed with Epson Ultra Chrome K3 Ink on Epson Photo Paper Glossy 60lb.
Digital Photographs on Verbatim, UltraLife Gold Archival Grade CD-R with Super Azo dye

File Name	Description
CARR-1721_2011-06-07_1	View facing northwest, showing an overview of the farm.
CARR-1721_2011-06-07_2	View facing northeast, showing the main elevation of the dwelling on the farm. Note the marks on the brick where the original porch was.
CARR-1721_2011-06-07_3	View facing east, showing the west elevation of the dwelling.
CARR-1721_2011-06-07_4	View facing south, showing the rear elevation of the dwelling. Note the modern porch and the addition.
CARR-1721_2011-06-07_5	View facing southwest, showing the east elevation of the dwelling. Note the modern addition.
CARR-1721_2011-06-07_6	View facing northeast, showing the bank side of the bank barn. Note the large addition.
CARR-1721_2011-06-07_7	View facing north showing the south side of the barn.
CARR-1721_2011-06-07_8	View facing northeast, showing the additions on the east side of the barn.
CARR-1721_2011-06-07_9	View facing southeast, showing the north side of the barn. Note the modern addition.
CARR-1721_2011-06-07_10	View facing northwest, showing the southeast corner of the gambrel roof barn.
CARR-1721_2011-06-07_11	View facing northeast, showing the west side of the gambrel roof barn.
CARR-1721_2011-06-07_12	View facing southwest, showing the north side on the gambrel roof barn.
CARR-1721_2011-06-07_13	View facing west, showing the east side of the gambrel roof barn.
CARR-1721_2011-06-07_14	View facing northwest, showing the south side of the tractor shed.
CARR-1721_2011-06-07_15	View facing northwest, showing the corncribs on the farm.
CARR-1721_2011-06-07_16	View facing northwest, showing the cattle barns and feeders on the north side of the property.



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

Photographer: Lisa Sattler

Date: June 7, 2011

Neg. loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

View facing northwest, showing an overview of the farm.

1/16



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

Photographer: Lisa Sattler

Date: June 7, 2011

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

View facing northeast, showing the main elevation of the dwelling on the farm. Note the marks on the brick where the original porch was.

2/16



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

Photographer: Lisa Sattler

Date: June 7, 2011

Neg. loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

View facing east, showing the west elevation of the dwelling

3/16



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

Photographer: Lisa Sattler

Date: June 7, 2011

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

View facing south, showing the rear elevation of the dwelling.
Note the modern porch and the addition.

4/16



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

Photographer: Lisa Sattler

Date: June 7, 2011

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

View facing southwest, showing the east elevation of the dwelling. Note the modern addition.

5/16



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

Photographer: Lisa Sattler

Date: June 7, 2011

Neg. loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

View facing northeast, showing the bank side of the bank barn. Note the large addition.

6/11



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

Photographer: Lisa Sattler

Date: June 7, 2011

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

View facing north showing the south side of the barn.

7/11/11



NI NEW IDEA

CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

Photographer: Lisa Sattler

Date: June 7, 2011

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

View facing northeast, showing the additions on the east side of the barn.

8/16



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

Photographer: Lisa Sattler

Date: June 7, 2011

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

View facing southeast, showing the north side of the barn.
Note the modern addition.

9/16



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

Photographer: Lisa Sattler

Date: June 7, 2011

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

View facing northwest, showing the southeast corner of the gambrel roof barn.

EPSON
10/1/10



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

Photographer: Lisa Sattler

Date: June 7, 2011

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

View facing northeast, showing the west side of the gambrel roof barn.

11/16



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

Photographer: Lisa Sattler

Date: June 7, 2011

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

View facing southwest, showing the north side on the gambrel roof barn.

12/16



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

Photographer: Lisa Sattler

Date: June 7, 2011

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

View facing west, showing the east side of the gambrel roof barn.

13/116



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer farm

Carroll County, MD

Photographer: Lisa Sattler

Date: June 7, 2011

Neg. Loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

View facing northwest, showing the south side of the tractor shed.

14/16



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

Photographer: Lisa Sattler

Date: June 7, 2011

Neg. loc.: Maryland Historical Trust

View facing northwest, showing the corner cribs on the farm.

15/16



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

Photographer: Lisa Sattler

Date: June 7, 2011

Neg. Loc. Maryland Historical Trust

View facing northwest, showing the cattle barns and feeders
on the north side of the property.

16/16

CARR-1721

EPHRAIM STOUFFER FARM
NEW WINDSOR, CARROLL COUNTY, MARYLAND
Constructed ca. 1858 – ca. 1940
Privately Owned

Capsule Summary

The Ephraim Stouffer Farm is located on Williamson Road (located approximately 1500 feet northeast of the junction of New Windsor Road and Old New Windsor Road), New Windsor, Carroll County, Maryland. It is owned by the Lehigh Cement Company. The property consists of 102.01 acres and contains a mid-nineteenth-century brick dwelling, a mid-nineteenth century bank barn, an early twentieth century gambrel roof barn, a mid-twentieth century concrete block shed, a mid-twentieth century milk house, two mid-twentieth-century silos, a modified, ca. 1940s equipment shed, two late twentieth-century corn cribs, two twentieth century cattle barns, and a modern cattle feed shelter.

The Ephraim Stouffer Farm was established ca. 1858 by Ephraim Stouffer on land that he acquired from his father and neighboring farmers. Stouffer and his wife raised a daughter, Lulu Mae, on the farm. Lulu Mae married Abraham P. Snader, and the couple had a daughter, Anna Snader. Anna Snader married Randall G. Spoerlein and eventually inherited the family farm. The property is significant for its association with Randall G. Spoerlein, who first shipped milk from the area to Washington, D.C and was a significant local and state figure. His work as a dairy farmer and the farm's role in the shipment of milk are significant advancements in the agricultural practices of the area. Spoerlein lived on the Ephraim Stouffer Farm from 1922 to 1958. During that time, he was involved with several local committees and clubs. Spoerlein was also mayor of New Windsor from 1956-1978. The Ephraim Stouffer Farm is still a working farm and retains its integrity of association with a notable local and state individual. The farm also retains the majority of its land and is recommended eligible under Criteria A and B. The farm property as a whole does not retain integrity architecturally, due to additions on the bank barn, the presence of modern structures, and alterations to the dwelling on the property – all of which result in diminished integrity of materials, design, and workmanship. The Ephraim Stouffer Farm is therefore recommended not eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion C.

Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. CARR-1721

1. Name of Property (indicate preferred name)

historic Ephraim Stouffer Farm

other N/A

2. Location

street and number Williamstown Road __ not for publication

city, town New Windsor __ vicinity

county Carroll County

3. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name Lehigh Portland Cement Company

street and number 675 Quaker Hill Road telephone

city, town Union Bridge state Maryland zip code 21791

4. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Carroll County Courthouse liber 285 folio 461

city, town Westminster tax map 0056 tax parcel 0037 tax ID number 11-003435

5. Primary Location of Additional Data

- Contributing Resource in National Register District
 Contributing Resource in Local Historic District
 Determined Eligible for the National Register/Maryland Register
 Determined Ineligible for the National Register/Maryland Register
 Recorded by HABS/HAER
 Historic Structure Report or Research Report at MHT
 Other: _____

6. Classification

Category	Ownership	Current Function	Resource Count		
<input type="checkbox"/> district	<input type="checkbox"/> public	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape	Contributing	Noncontributing
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> building(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce/trade	<input type="checkbox"/> recreation/culture	6	2
<input type="checkbox"/> structure	<input type="checkbox"/> both	<input type="checkbox"/> defense	<input type="checkbox"/> religion		3
<input type="checkbox"/> site		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> domestic	<input type="checkbox"/> social	2	5
<input type="checkbox"/> object		<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation		Total
		<input type="checkbox"/> funerary	<input type="checkbox"/> work in progress	8	
		<input type="checkbox"/> government	<input type="checkbox"/> unknown		
		<input type="checkbox"/> health care	<input type="checkbox"/> vacant/not in use		
		<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> other:		
				Number of Contributing Resources previously listed in the Inventory	
				0	

7. Description

Inventory No. CARR-1721

Condition

excellent deteriorated
 good ruins
 fair altered

Prepare both a one paragraph summary and a comprehensive description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The Ephraim Stouffer Farm is located on Williamson Road (located approximately 1500 feet northeast of the junction of New Windsor Road and Old New Windsor Road), New Windsor, Carroll County, Maryland. It is owned by the Lehigh Cement Company, located at 675 Quaker Hill Road, Union Bridge, MD 21791. The farm occupies tax parcel Map 56 Parcel 37. The property consists of 102.01 acres and contains a mid-nineteenth-century dwelling, a mid-nineteenth century bank barn, an early twentieth century gambrel roof barn, a mid-twentieth century concrete block shed, a mid-twentieth century milk house, two mid-twentieth-century silos, a modified, ca. 1940s equipment shed, two late twentieth-century corn cribs, two twentieth century cattle barns, and a modern cattle feed shelter. Dating is based on documentary research and physical characteristics.

Contributing Buildings and Structures

Dwelling - Exterior

The two-and-one-half-story dwelling was built ca. 1858 and is situated on a westward ascending slope. The dwelling measures three bays wide by two bays deep. It has a stone foundation and is constructed of brick laid in a running bond pattern with no visible headers on the primary (south) elevation, and in a common bond pattern with a row of headers every sixth row on the rear and secondary elevations. The dwelling has a side gable roof that is sheathed in corrugated metal. Symmetrical interior brick chimneys are present at each gable end. The majority of the dwelling's original wood windows, a combination of six-over-six double-hung and four-light awning sashes, are intact. A cornice of brick cogging is hidden behind modern metal gutters on the north and south elevations while a boxed wood eave is present below the gable. A modern, full-length, one-story addition is located on the east elevation (Photographs 1-6).

The primary elevation has two individual windows flanking the recessed, centered entrance. The original wood panel door is extant and shielded by a modern storm door. Original wood casing, three-light sidelights and a five-light transom surround the entry. Two concrete steps lead up to a centered, modern, concrete slab that sits on a brick foundation providing access to the entryway. Discoloration on the bricks surrounding the door indicates that a single-story, one-bay, pedimented portico surrounding the entry is no longer extant. The second floor has three windows that are vertically aligned over the first floor fenestration. All of the windows are six-over-six double-hung wood sashes with wood sills and angled soldier brick lintels and modern louvered shutters (Photographs 1-2).

The east elevation has two six-over-six, double-hung wood windows on the second floor situated towards the corners of the dwelling. Both of the windows have wood sills, angled, soldier brick lintels and modern louvered shutters. Two, four-light, wood awning windows are located in the gable peak. A one-story, full-length, mid-to-late twentieth-century shed roof addition spans the first floor of the east elevation. The addition is clad in vinyl siding except for the gables which are clad in horizontal wood board. The roof is sheathed in corrugated metal. The north half of the addition rests on a brick and concrete block foundation leaving the south half open allowing for access to the basement and separate storage space. The basement is accessed via the original wood door with four lights in the top half and two panels in the bottom half. A wood clapboard door accesses the storage space. A one foot-wide brick wall supports the south elevation of the addition. The north elevation contains a modern entry directly adjacent to a vinyl, double-hung window. The east elevation contains a band of three, vinyl, double-hung windows as well as two pairs of vinyl, double-hung windows. The south elevation contains a centered set of sliding glass doors accessed by a modern wooden staircase (Photographs 2-4).

The rear (north) elevation of the dwelling is identical to the front elevation except for the entrance and the addition of a three-quarter length, CMU and concrete slab landing. The recessed entrance contains the original wood panel door with a three-light transom. The entrance is surrounded by a modern pedimented portico clad with vinyl siding and topped with asphalt shingles. The portico rests on the westernmost end of the concrete landing on top of the original slab, which is supported by a stone foundation and accessed by three concrete steps. The modern slab extends eastward atop a concrete block foundation for the remainder of the north elevation and provides access to the single-story shed addition on the east side of the dwelling (Photograph 4).

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. CARR-1721

Name **Ephraim Stouffer Farm**

Continuation Sheet

Number 7 Page 1

The west elevation consists of six windows. The first and second floors each have two vertically aligned, six-over-six wood windows situated towards the corners of the dwelling. All of these windows have wood sills, angled, soldier brick lintels and modern louvered shutters. Two, four-light, wood awning windows are located in the gable peak, providing light to the attic (Photograph 5).

Dwelling - Interior

The first floor of the dwelling is organized into five rooms, plus the enclosed porch addition on the east side. The floor plan consists of a room on either side of a central stair hall in the front half of the house. The rear half of the dwelling is divided into two rooms. Unless otherwise mentioned, the floors on the first level are hardwood planks of varying width, and the baseboards are simple unadorned boards approximately 10 inches in height.

The front door opens to the stair hall (Room 101), which features a staircase with a simple walnut banister supported by narrow, square balusters and a turned newel post. All of the doors in the stair hall are original six-panel wood doors. Unless otherwise mentioned, the woodwork surrounding each door consists of simple, shallow-stepped molding throughout the dwelling. A large iron vent grate is positioned on the floor next to the staircase. A door behind the staircase provides access to a storage closet, while an adjacent cased opening leads to the east parlor (Room 106). On the north wall, a door surmounted by a shallow pediment with beaded edges leads to a living room (Room 103). A cased opening on the west wall leads to the west parlor (Room 102). The finishes of the stair hall consist of partially removed wall paper on the upper half and ca. 1970s faux wood paneling below half-round molding. Floral striped, ca. 1970s wall paper is still extant on the east wall. All of the moldings, as well as the stair risers and balusters are painted white (Photographs 7-8).

The west parlor (Room 102) has a fireplace located in the northwest corner. It has been remodeled, the original brick now covered by faux stone tiles. The opening has been sealed. A six-over-six wooden sash window is centered within the south wall, and another one is located on the south half of the west wall. A cased door opening on the east wall leads to the stair hall, while a second cased opening on the north wall leads to the living room (Room 103). The windows and doors are surmounted by a flat casing and coved header cap. The walls are clad in ca. 1970s faux wood paneling from floor to ceiling, with simple coved moldings at the ceilings and corners. The ceiling is clad in ca. 1970s vinyl tiles (Photographs 9-10).

The living room (Room 103) is located north of the west parlor. A fireplace located in the southwest corner of the room retains its original wood casing. Windows exist on the west and north walls. An original six-panel door, with two-light transom positioned on the east side of the north wall, leads to the rear of the property. On the south wall, a cased door opening on the east side leads to the stair hall. A second cased opening to the west leads to Room 102. The floor in the room is covered in modern plush carpeting, and the walls are clad in ca. 1980s faux wood paneling, a different color and pattern than that found in the rest of the dwelling (Photographs 13-15).

A brick fireplace with a wooden mantel supported by brick corbeling is located in the southeast corner of the kitchen. In the northeast corner, a stairway with an open doorway facing west leads to the second floor, while a stairway with a bead board door facing south leads to the basement. A six-over-six light wood sash window is located on the east side of the north wall. A door with six lights over two panels on the east wall, surmounted by a three light transom leads to the screened in porch addition. Cased door openings on the west and south walls lead to the living room (Room 103) and dining room (Room 106), respectively. The floor is covered in late twentieth century vinyl faux-parquet floor tiles. Modern appliances comingle with ca. 1970s cabinetry. The brick wall construction is exposed on the north wall, while the south and west walls are covered in late twentieth-century floral dot patterned vinyl wallpaper. The east wall is clad in white painted wood paneling of indeterminate age (Photographs 16-17).

The dining room (Room 106) is located to the south of the kitchen. A brick fireplace with wooden surround is located in the northeast corner. A twelve-light door with three-light transom is centered on the east wall and leads to the enclosed porch addition. A six-over-

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. CARR-1721

Name **Ephraim Stouffer Farm**
Continuation Sheet

Number 7 Page 2

six light wood sash window is centered in the south wall. Cased door openings on the north end of the west wall and on the west end of the north wall lead to the stair hall and kitchen, respectively. The north wall and fireplace are of exposed brick. All other walls in this room are clad in ca. 1980s faux wood paneling below a molded chair rail with white painted plaster walls above. The whole of the room is surrounded with simple crown molding (Photographs 11-12).

A single story, mid-to-late twentieth-century addition (Room 105) is located on the east side of the dwelling. It is accessible via doors on the east wall of the kitchen and dining room. The frame addition butts against the brick exterior wall of the house, which has been left exposed. The exterior is accessible via a pair of modern sliding glass doors on the south end of the addition, and a single modern door, adjacent to a modern double-hung vinyl window, on the north. Two pairs of modern double-hung windows are located at the south end of the east wall, while a ribbon of three are located on the north end. The original wood floor and bead board ceiling are still extant, while the lower halves of the exterior three walls are clad in ca. 1980s faux wood paneling (Photograph 18).

The second floor of the dwelling is organized into six rooms, arranged to surround the central stair hall (Room 201). There are two rooms on either side of the stair hall, and one located directly to the rear. As on the lower floor, the floors on the first level are hardwood planks of varying width with simple baseboards, unless otherwise mentioned. All doors on the second story are original four-panel wooden doors. A six-over-six light wood sash window is located on the south wall of the stair hall, while doors leading to bedrooms are located on the south end of the east and west walls. Doors on the north and on the north end of the west wall lead to additional rooms in the rear of the house (Photographs 19-21).

The master bedroom (Room 202) is located in the southwest corner of the dwelling. It is accessed via a four-paneled door with original hardware. The room has two six-over-six wood sash windows located on the south and west walls.

A second bedroom (Room 203) is located north of the master bedroom. The room has original six-over-six windows on the west and north walls. The original wood floors are covered in late 20th century Berber carpeting, and the walls are clad in ca. 1980s faux wood paneling with contemporary ogee crown molding and simple cove moldings in each corner. The ceiling is covered in a grid of applied vinyl tiles (Photographs 28-29).

The bathroom (Room 204) is located immediately north of the stair hall. A single six-light window is centered on the north wall. The floors are covered in late twentieth-century vinyl tiles. All bathroom fixtures, including sink, tub, toilet, and lights, are modern (Photographs 26-27).

A laundry room (Room 205) is accessible via a door on the east wall of the bathroom. A staircase located in the northeastern corner of the room leads both to the kitchen on the first floor, and to the attic. The floor and ceiling are clad in applied vinyl tiles, while the walls are covered in ca. 1970s faux wood paneling with ogee crown molding and coved moldings at each corner (Photographs 24-25).

The attic is divided into three sections. The narrowest section is located centrally, with wider flanking sections on the east and west ends of the dwelling. The original unfinished wood plank floors are still extant throughout, although covered in mid-to-late twentieth-century carpeting in some areas. The entirety of the space retains its original lath and plaster on the sloped ceilings. On the exterior walls, layers of original and early plaster have been applied directly to the brick. The interior partition walls appear to be original, and are of frame construction clad in lath and plaster. All plastered walls in the interior of the attic appear to retain a lime-wash finish (Photographs 30-34).

The basement is accessed by an exterior door below the addition on the east end of the dwelling, as well as by a stair case leading from the kitchen in the southeast corner of the dwelling. An additional storage room was created on the east end of the basement; its brick walls serve to support the single story enclosed porch addition above. The storage space is accessible only via the exterior, and

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. CARR-1721

Name Ephraim Stouffer Farm
Continuation Sheet

Number 7 Page 3

has no openings connecting to the basement (Photograph 35). The basement walls are stone, while the interior is divided into five rooms by brick partitions. Traces of plaster are visible on both the stone and brick walls. Unless otherwise mentioned, the ceilings throughout the basement consist of the unconcealed framing of the first floor.

The largest of the rooms in the basement, Room B01, is the point of access for the entire basement. Stairs leading from the kitchen above are located in the northeast corner, while an original four-light over two-panel door is positioned at the south end of the east wall. Single windows are located on the north and south walls near ceiling level. The windows located on the north and south walls are larger than the other basement windows. The window on the north wall has been closed with cinder block infill while the window on the south wall has been closed by a wooden board. A large built-in storage area is located to the south of the stairway on the east wall. The bead board enclosure occupies the majority of the east wall and contains two built in closets and a large brick fireplace with a simple wooden mantel installed on the exterior of the bead board surround. A brick hearth is still extant and extends into the room beyond the wooden fireplace surround. A lath and plaster ceiling is still extant in this room (Photographs 36-38).

Room B02 is accessible via a doorway with a heavy wooden lintel in the brick partition which makes up the west wall of Room B01. A bead board door is still extant, and plaster remains on the brick partition between Rooms B01 and B02, as well as on the partition wall with B04. Deteriorated lath and plaster is visible on the ceiling in this room, and some plaster is still extant on the exterior stone wall.

Room B03 is accessible via a doorway in the west wall of Room B02. The stone walls retain traces of plaster. A window located in the south wall near the ceiling level has been closed by a wooden board (Photograph 40).

Room B04 is accessible via a doorway in the west wall of Room B01. The brick partition which makes up the south wall of this room retains the majority of its early white paint finish. Roughhewn wooden shelves have been built into the wall on the south side of the room, and the window located at ceiling level on the north wall retains an early or original single-pane hopper window (Photograph 39).

Room B05 is the added storage area. Its construction appears to be contemporaneous with the addition of the enclosed porch. The room has a lath and plaster ceiling, and all walls retain their rough plaster finish. A window on the north end of the east wall has been closed by brick infill.

Bank Barn - Exterior

A ca. 1858 bank barn is located approximately 122 feet northeast of the dwelling (Photographs 41-45). The barn stands two-and-one-half stories tall and is approximately 43-feet wide x 70-feet deep. It has a stone foundation and is clad in vertical boards, except in the gable peaks which have horizontal boards. The side gable roof is sheathed in standing seam metal. The west elevation (bank side) has four, full-height, centered, sliding doors. A sliding pedestrian door constructed of vertical board has been cut into the southernmost door. Two louvered vents, one of which is blocked by the adjacent silo, are located north of the doors. Two additional louvered vents vertically aligned above two, boarded up vents with louvers removed are located south of the doors. The ramp to the barn has been paved and is reinforced with a concrete block retaining wall on the south side (Photograph 41).

The first floor of the south elevation is obscured by a modern, wood framed shed roof addition topped with corrugated metal and clad with metal siding on the east and west elevations. Four louvered vents are located above the shed roof, on the barn's main massing towards the west end of the elevation. Two vents intersect with the addition's flashing while the remaining two are vertically aligned above. Three louvered vents are situated in the gable in a Palladian arrangement, with the center vent being taller than the side vents (Photograph 42).

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. CARR-1721

Name **Ephraim Stouffer Farm**
Continuation Sheet

Number 7 Page 4

Originally, eight equally spaced vents spanned the second floor of the east elevation. However, the fourth window from the south was altered into a larger, double-door opening. Two modern, shed-roof additions span the first floor of the east elevation (Photograph 43). Although the additions have two distinct roof lines and were constructed individually, they create one open space inside providing shelter for livestock. The northern addition is constructed of concrete block with a metal roof while the southern addition is clad in corrugated metal with a metal roof. Vertical wood board sliding doors are located on the north elevation; the south elevation is primarily open.

The majority of the barn's north elevation is obscured by a full-width, late 20th century, shed roof addition. Four-evenly spaced louvered vents sit right above the addition's roofline. Below the roof of the addition on the main massing, four vent openings are extant, although the louvers and several boards have been removed. The ground level of the north elevation is clad with corrugated metal. The wood framed addition has a corrugated metal roof, is open on the north and east elevations and has a concrete block half wall on the west elevation topped with metal cladding (Photographs 44-45).

Bank Barn - Interior

The interior of the barn reveals that the building's major structural support members are hand-hewn timbers joined with large wooden pegs. The lower level of the bank barn is constructed of stone and houses the original stables of the structure. On the north gable end, the floor of the second level projects over the stone foundation and is supported on the north wall by large structural timbers. The exterior boards of the north wall extend to the ground level, creating an enclosure which is separate from the stable contained within the stone walls to the south and from the shed roofed addition which projects to the north. The series of additions along the eastern elevation of the barn extends the stable area enclosed within the stone walls. The upper level of the barn holds various equipment and hay, as do the north and southward extending additions (Photographs 46-52).

The interior of the upper level of the barn is divided into three sections by half-height walls created by joining horizontal boards to the vertical structural support members which run along the center of the space. Six large roughhewn columns with Y braces are arranged into three pairs and support two large purlins which run from north to south and support the rafters and bridging of the roof. Large tie beams run east to west from the tops of the walls and join the centrally located pairs of columns to the exterior walls. At each column location, a tie brace runs from purlin to purlin. Between each pair of columns, hand hewn ladders provide access from the floor to the upper tie braces (Photographs 46-48).

The interior of the lower level of the barn is open in plan. Two rows of four hand-hewn timber support columns run along the center of the space. A wooden set of stairs located on the south end of the west elevation of the barn leads to the second level. A partitioned storage area is located to the south of the stairs. The stone walls on all four sides have openings for doors and windows which are no longer extant. Some of these openings have been closed with cinderblock infill. On the east wall, a pair of window openings flanks a pedestrian doorway on the north end, while on the south end a wide barn doorway is located next to a pedestrian doorway. All of the three of the pedestrian doorways retain the wooden frames of single light transoms. On the south wall, a set of large centrally located doorways have been closed with cinderblock infill. A window is located on the east end of the north wall, while a pedestrian door is located on the west end. Both have been closed with wood infill (Photographs 49-52).

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. CARR-1721

Name **Ephraim Stouffer Farm**
Continuation Sheet

Number 7 Page 5

Gambrel Roof Barn

A ca. 1920 gambrel roof barn is located approximately 150' north of the dwelling. This barn is three stories tall, is approximately 40-foot wide by 63-feet deep and sits on a concrete block foundation. The first floor walls are constructed of concrete block; the south and east elevations use a decorative beveled edge block. Both gables are clad in horizontal wood boards and have overhanging eaves. The gambrel roof is topped with standing seam metal, has two circular roof vents along the ridge and a hay hood on the south elevation (Photographs 53-55).

The south elevation has a window-door-window-door pattern. The windows are the original nine-light wood hopper sashes and the doorway in the center is a pair of vertical board swinging doors. The pedestrian door in the east corner is in-filled with chicken wire with a small opening in the lower left corner which provides access for resident chickens to an outdoor pen. The second floor has a centered opening that provides interior access to an exterior, moveable conveyor belt. This opening has a pair of swinging, vertical wood board doors. Two wood louvered vents flank each side of the opening. These vents are more decorative than those on the bank barn. Each consists of a pair of tall, narrow louvered arches within a solid wood frame. Beneath the hay hood on the third floor is a pair of sliding vertical board doors. Original four-over-four, double-hung, wood windows flank the doors on either side (Photograph 53).

The east elevation has one double-hung window in the south corner followed by a pedestrian door then four, nine-light wood hopper windows. A breezeway with a standing seam metal roof stretches from the doorway to the adjacent concrete milk house. North of the four windows is a concrete block wall connecting the barn to the northwest corner of the milk house. Beyond the wall is another pedestrian door and two additional windows. Another concrete block wall is located in the north corner stretching 10' from the barn eastward to a concrete block shed (Photograph 54).

The west elevation is constructed of concrete block and has overhanging eaves. Nine original nine-light wood hopper windows are evenly spaced across the elevation.

The first floor of the north elevation has a wide, centered wooden door flanked by the original nine-light hopper windows on each side. The second floor is identical to that of the south elevation, with a centered door and four, louvered vents. The third floor has two, four-over-four, double-hung wood windows situated towards the eaves. One replacement, six-over-six, double-hung window is located in the gable peak (Photograph 55).

Milk Shed

The ca. 1940 milk shed rests on a concrete foundation and stands one story tall. It is one bay wide by three bays deep. The walls are constructed of bevel-edged concrete block except in the gable peaks, which are clad in horizontal wood boards. It has a front gable roof that is sheathed in standing seam metal. There is an interior brick chimney at the north end, and two circular vents at the ridge of the roof. The front, south elevation of the shed has a centered set of modern sliding glass doors and a wood louvered vent (identical to those on the gambrel roof barn) centered in the gable peak. The east elevation has four original nine-light wood hopper windows; a centered pair and individual sashes to the north and south. The west elevation has a wood door and surround at the south end, beneath the breezeway, followed by an additional boarded-up doorway. The north elevation has an off-centered single, nine-light wood hopper window and a wood louvered vent (identical to those on the gambrel roof barn) centered in the gable peak (Photographs 53-54).

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. CARR-1721

Name **Ephraim Stouffer Farm**

Continuation Sheet

Number 7 Page 6

Tractor Shed

A modified tractor shed is located approximately 90' north of the dwelling. The wood framed building has three distinct sections. The original c. 1940 center section measures 22' wide by 30' deep and is clad in metal and the front gable roof is sheathed in standing seam metal. The south elevation is completely open; however an extant metal track demonstrates that large sliding doors previously existed. A 28' wide by 66' deep shed roof addition has been constructed off of the west elevation. The south and west elevations are clad in a combination of corrugated metal and vertical wood boards and devoid of any fenestration. The shed roof is sheathed in standing seam metal. Two large garage bays are located in the north corner of the east elevation, neither of which have doors. Another shed roof addition, this one measuring 15' wide by 22' deep, is located on the east elevation. This addition is clad in metal and the roof is sheathed in standing seam metal. Two garage bays make up the entirety of the east elevation, neither of which is protected by a door (Photographs 59-62).

Silos

Two mid-twentieth century cement silos are located on the property. The first structure is adjacent to the bank barn and is the shorter of the two. The second is located just off the west elevation of the gambrel roof barn, near the southwest corner. Shallow conical roofs top both silos (Photographs 41, 45, and 55).

Non-Contributing Buildings and Structures

Concrete Block Shed

Located directly north of the milk house is a modern, three-sided, concrete block shed topped with a standing seam metal shed roof. The sheds north wall extends 10' beyond its roofline to connect with the gambrel roof barn (Photograph 54).

Cattle Barns and Feed Shelter

Two mid-to-late twentieth-century cattle barns and a modern feed shelter structure are located north of the gambrel roof barn, perpendicular to each other. The larger cattle barn is situated on an east-west axis and the smaller sits north-south. The larger wood frame barn has a side gable roof that is sheathed in corrugated metal. The north, east and west walls are also clad in corrugated metal. The smaller, wood-frame barn has a shed roof that is sheathed in standing seam metal. Its north and west walls are clad in vertical wood boards. Situated on an angle south of the larger barn is the cattle feeder. This wood framed structure has a side gable roof clad in corrugated metal and is open on all sides (Photographs 56-58).

Corn Cribs

Two late twentieth-century corn cribs of different heights sit approximately 80' west of the gambrel barn. Both corn cribs sit on a poured concrete foundation. They are constructed of metal wire and have conical standing seam metal roofs (Photograph 63).

8. Significance

Inventory No. CARR-1721

Period	Areas of Significance	Check and justify below		
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> health/medicine	<input type="checkbox"/> performing arts
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy
<input type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> invention	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> politics/government
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900-1999	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> entertainment/ recreation	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> 2000-	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> ethnic heritage	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science
	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/ settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> social history
	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning		<input type="checkbox"/> maritime history	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation		<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> other: _____

Specific dates 1922-1958 **Architect/Builder** Unknown

Construction dates ca. 1858-2000

Evaluation for:

National Register Maryland Register not evaluated

Prepare a one-paragraph summary statement of significance addressing applicable criteria, followed by a narrative discussion of the history of the resource and its context. (For compliance projects, complete evaluation on a DOE Form – see manual.)

Significance

The Ephraim Stouffer Farm was evaluated according to criteria set forth in the National Register Bulletin: "How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation" (National Park Service 1997). The property is associated with Randall G. Spoerlein, who first shipped milk from the area to Washington, D.C and was a significant local and state figure. His work as a dairy farmer and the farm's role in the shipment of milk are significant advancements in the agricultural practices of the area. The farm was well above the county average in property value and production value, particularly in the dairying industry. Spoerlein lived on the Ephraim Stouffer Farm from 1922 to 1958. During that time, he was on the board of directors of the Maryland Cooperative Milk Producers. Spoerlein was involved with several local committees and clubs including the Westminster Kiwanis Club and the economic development committee. He served on the Carroll County Farm Bureau and served as the first supervisor of the Carroll Soil Conservation Districts. Spoerlein was also mayor of New Windsor from 1956-1978. In 1961, the University of Maryland College Park honored him for his contributions and leadership to Maryland agriculture. The Ephraim Stouffer Farm is still a working farm and retains its integrity of association with a notable local and state individual. The farm also retains the majority of its land and is recommended eligible under Criteria A and B.

The farm property as a whole does not retain integrity architecturally. There are large additions on the bank barn and the remaining buildings are from the turn of the twentieth century, with alterations. The dwelling on the property has some alterations. There is an addition on the east side and the front porch has been removed; however, the dwelling possesses several other elements, such as the original wood windows and doors. It also has the decorative molding at the cornice line. Even though the dwelling retains many features, the missing front porch and the modern porch and addition diminish the integrity of design, materials and workmanship. The Ephraim Stouffer Farm is therefore recommended not eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion C. Eligibility under Criterion D cannot be fully addressed at this time since the property has not been subject to archaeological testing.

History

(Portions of the following sections are abstracted from the previously prepared Maryland Historical Trust Determination of Eligibility form prepared for the property by Lisa Sattler, CHRIS, October 2011)

On a map of Carroll County published in 1862, a dwelling attributed to "E. Stouffer" was denoted on the Ephraim Stouffer Farmstead, located south of a dwelling attributed to "J. Stouffer" (Martinet 1862). The dwelling was attributed to "Stouffer" on a Carroll County map published the following year (Shearer 1863). On an 1877 map of the County, the dwelling was again attributed to "E. Stouffer" (Lake, Griffing and Stevenson 1877).

Genealogical records indicate that Stouffer had been born in 1830 to Maryland residents Joseph Stouffer (sometimes spelled "Stauffer") (1804-1886) and Eliza Englar (1807-1855), members of the Pipe Creek Church of the Brethren in Union Bridge (Friedman

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. CARR-1721

Name **Ephraim Stouffer Farm**
Continuation Sheet

Number 8 Page 1

2011:n.p.). As of 1850 (as reflected in census records compiled in that year), 19-year-old Ephraim was living with his parents and six younger siblings on a farmstead approximately 0.3 miles northeast of the Ephraim Stouffer Farmstead. The value of his father's farmstead at that time is listed as \$16,000, and both he and his 17-year-old brother David are listed as farmers (United States Bureau of the Census 1850).

Deed research indicates that Ephraim Stouffer acquired the lands which contain the farmstead as a result of three separate sales. The earliest land acquisition occurred on May 20, 1858 when Ephraim Stouffer purchased a 70 acre tract of land from Joseph Stouffer, his father, for the sum of \$5,950.00. That land was subdivided from a plot of land comprised of parts of several tracts of land, including: "Caspar's Loss," "The Resurvey on Several Lots," "The Resurvey on Leonard's Range," "Dear Enough," and "Mattingsly" (Carroll County Liber 24:266). The next of Ephraim Stouffer's land acquisitions occurred on September 25, 1858, when Stouffer purchased 10 acres and thirty perches from Jacob Landes for the sum of \$865.93 (Liber 24:478). Those ten acres represent a portion of a tract of land formerly known as "Margaret's Fancy," upon which Jacob and his wife, Margaret Landes, built their farmstead which eventually came to be known as "Englar's Mill," an adjacent farm property which is listed in the Maryland Inventory of Historic Places (CARR-326) (Maryland Historical Trust, 1978). The third land acquisition occurred on August 27, 1870, when Ephraim Stouffer purchased 24 acres, three roods and 27 square perches of land from Elizabeth Snader, et al, (Heirs of Phillip Snader), for the sum of \$2242.69 (Liber 39:129).

Around 1858, Ephraim married Susan Englar, and the couple set up housekeeping on the Ephraim Stouffer Farmstead (Friedman 2011:n.p.; United States Bureau of the Census 1860a; Martenet 1862). In Carroll County census records compiled in 1860, Ephraim Stouffer was identified as a 29-year-old Maryland-born farmer, living in New Windsor District (served by the Sam's Creek Post Office) with his 24-year-old wife Susan, a 21-year-old mulatto female servant (Frances Davies), and a 12-year-old black male servant (William Brown) (United States Bureau of the census 1860a). An agricultural census was also conducted in 1860; however, Ephraim Stouffer was not listed on it (United States Bureau of the Census 1860b).

The couple welcomed a daughter, Lulu Mae, in 1868. By 1870, the Stouffer household comprised 39-year-old farmer Ephraim; his wife Susan; their 2-year-old daughter Lulu Mae; a 13-year-old, white male boarding student (Timothy Frazier); an 18-year-old, mulatto male farm laborer (Francis McAlbee); and a 16-year-old, black female domestic servant (Jane Fisher) (United States Bureau of the Census 1870). Ephraim's widowed and retired father Joseph came to join Ephraim's household at that time as well, though sometime after the recording of the 1870 Census. By 1880, the Stouffer household comprised 49-year-old farmer Ephraim; his 44-year-old wife Susan; 12-year-old Lulu Mae; 74-year-old Joseph Stouffer; and a 15-year-old, black female domestic servant (Mary Brightville) (United States Bureau of the Census 1880a).

The Ephraim Stouffer Farmstead was located on the 1880 agricultural census (United States Bureau of the Census 1880b). When compared with a neighboring farm, the cash value of the farm was greater; however, the values of each category were somewhat similar. The estimated value of the farm production for the Ephraim Stouffer Farm was \$2,119 and the neighboring farm was \$2,088. Even though the cash value of the farm was \$3,000 more than the neighboring property, their production values were similar. The average estimated value of the farm production for the county was \$704.37. The Ephraim Stouffer Farm was average when compared with a neighbor, but was well above average when compared with Carroll County (United States Bureau of the Census 1880b).

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. CARR-1721

Name Ephraim Stouffer Farm
Continuation Sheet

Number 8 Page 2

	Ephraim Stouffer Agricultural Data for 1880	Neighboring Farm Agricultural Data for 1880
Improved Land	105 acres	196 acres
Cash Value	\$18,500	\$15,000
Value of farm implements and machinery	\$500	\$800
Value of Livestock	\$600	\$900
Cost of fertilizer	\$120	\$200
Amount of wages paid	\$260	\$300
Weeks of hired labor	100	120
Estimated value of farm production	\$2,119	\$2,088
Acres of grasses mown	25	26
Acres of hay	25	30
Horses	3	11
Mules	3	0
Milk cows	6	7
Other cattle	1	7
Calves dropped	5	7
Animals sold living	5	7
Gallons of milk sold	3,000	0
Sheep	1	0
Lambs	1	0
Swine	4	27
Poultry	124	110
Dozens of eggs	200	300
Bushels of wheat	879	1,000
Bushels of rye	0	120
Bushels of Indian corn	3,000	2,000
Bushels of oats	0	75
Bushels of Irish potatoes	40	40
Pounds of butter	0	780
Bushels of apples	40	60
Bushels of pears	0	5

By 1900—in his 68th year—Ephraim Stouffer had retired from farming and was serving as a “preacher” in the Pipe Creek Church of the Brethren. He and his wife were living beside their only child—32-year-old Lulu Mae—who had been married for a decade to farmer Abram P. Snader (United States Bureau of the Census 1900). Abram P. Snader grew up on a neighboring farm and was the fourth oldest child of Evan and Eliza Snader (United States Bureau of the Census 1880).

Deed and cemetery records indicate that Ephraim and Susan conveyed the Ephraim Stouffer Farmstead on a tract of approximately 105 acres to their daughter and son-in-law through several conveyances in 1900 (Carroll County Liber 285:461; Holdcraft 2002:59, 62). Following Ephraim’s death in March 1903 (and his burial in the Pipe Creek Church of the Brethren cemetery), Abram Snader

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. CARR-1721

Name **Ephraim Stouffer Farm**
Continuation Sheet

Number 8 Page 3

became a minister in the Pipe Creek Church of the Brethren (Holdcraft 2002:59, 62). Abram and Lulu Mae had only one child: a daughter named Anna, born March 2, 1892 (Holdcraft 2002:60; United States Bureau of the Census 1910).

The Snader residence was depicted (but not identified) on the Ephraim Stouffer Farmstead on a USGS map published in 1911 (USGS 1911). This map indicated that the section of present-day New Windsor Road south of Marston Road was not yet in place. The Snader residence was accessed by two lanes connected to the "Liberty Turnpike" (present-day Old New Windsor Road) at separate locations northwest and southwest of the farmstead. This configuration of features was depicted again on a map of New Windsor (Election District 11) published in 1916 (Rand McNally & Co. 1916). The dwelling on the Ephraim Stouffer Farmstead was attributed to "A.P. Snader," and it was located on a tract of 100 acres.

By 1920, Abram Snader was serving as the President of the Maryland State Horticultural Society (Maryland Agricultural Society 1921:82). He was identified in Carroll County census records compiled in that year as a 52-year-old "farm operator" who cultivated his "own orchard" (United States Bureau of the Census 1920). He lived with his 51-year-old wife "L. May" and 27-year-old, unmarried daughter Anna, who was employed as a teacher in a public school (United States Bureau of the Census 1920). Around 1922, Anna Snader married farmer Randall G. Spoerlein, and the couple set up housekeeping on the family farm (Carroll County Genealogy 2010:n.p.). Abram Snader died in August 1924, and Lulu Mae died intestate five years later. Both were buried in the Pipe Creek Church of the Brethren graveyard (Holdcraft 2002:59).

Following her mother's death in 1929, Anna Snader Spoerlein was awarded the family farm (Carroll County Liber 285:461). She and her husband Randall occupied the property until her death in 1956 (Carroll County Genealogy 2010:n.p.). Other information concerning Randall Spoerlein and his activities on the former Stouffer-Snader farm was reported as follows in a 1990 obituary:

Born Sept. 17, 1899, in Accident, Garrett County, he was a son of the late John and Dora Dodge Spoerlein. Mr. Spoerlein was a 1920 graduate of Blue Ridge College. He started farming near New Windsor in 1922 and continued until his retirement in 1968. In the early 1930s, he was appointed to fill the unexpired term of Sen. R[ichard] Smith Snader on the board of directors of the Maryland Cooperative Milk Producers Association where he served until 1940, when he became the first farmer from Carroll County to ship milk to Washington, D.C.

In 1938, Mr. Spoerlein was elected to and served a term in the Maryland House of Delegates. He became a member of the Westminster Kiwanis Club in the 1930s and was one of the oldest continuous members. In 1944, Mr. Spoerlein was appointed one of the first supervisors of the Carroll Soil Conservation Districts, where he served for 33 years. He was appointed by the Carroll County Commissioners as one of the first members of the county's economic development committee, where he remained until 1976.

Mr. Spoerlein served as a director of the Maryland State Fair Board for a number of years. He served as president of the Carroll County Farm Bureau for four years and as state president for two years. Mr. Spoerlein was a five-year member of the New Windsor Town Council, prior to his election as mayor, a position he held for 22 years. One of Mr. Spoerlein's major contributions as mayor was the purchase of a 170-acre farm which contained the main spring that furnished water to New Windsor, where he planted 50 acres of pine trees and built a pond. In 1984, he gave the town a monetary gift to plant a 5-acre black walnut grove on the farm. He was a director of the Brethren Insurance Co. of Hagerstown for 27 years. He served as a director, a vice president and the chairman of the board of the Westminster Bank & Trust Co. He served for a period of time as a director of the Maryland and Virginia Wool Growers Association.

He was a life member of the Carroll County Historical Society and a former member of the board of directors of Carroll County General Hospital. Mr. Spoerlein was one of the organizers of the Carroll County Farm Museum and served as one its

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. CARR-1721

Name **Ephraim Stouffer Farm**
Continuation Sheet

Number 8 Page 4

first directors. In 1961, the University of Maryland College Park, honored him for his contributions and leadership to Maryland agriculture. Mr. Spoerlein was a member of Edgewood Church of the Brethren. . . .

[He] died Friday, April 26, at Carroll Lutheran Village Health Care Center, after an extended illness. Twice married, his first wife was Anna Snader Spoerlein who died in 1956. His second wife was Gretchen Pittinger Spoerlein who died in 1983 (Carroll County Genealogy 2010:n.p.).

In 1958, two years after Anna's death, Spoerlein conveyed several tracts—including the Ephraim Stouffer Farmstead on just over 100 acres—to the Lehigh Portland Cement Company (Carroll County Liber 285:461). By that time, New Windsor Road (Route 31) had been extended southwestward from its Marston Road intersection, along the east side of the property (MD Dept. of Geology, Mines and Water Resources, 1959). With that roadway addition, a new access lane was constructed from the new roadway northwestward to the house and barn (United States Army Corps of Engineers 1944). The occupants of the farmstead following its acquisition by the Lehigh Portland Cement Company have not been identified. Current tax assessment records indicate that the Ephraim Stouffer Farmstead is located on a 102.01-acre agricultural tract owned by the Lehigh Portland Cement Company.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Inventory No. CARR-1721

Carroll County Genealogy

- 2010 Randall George Spoerlein obituary. Transcribed from an unidentified original. Published online
<<http://usgensites.com/mdcarroll/modules/lexikon/letter.php?start=220>>. Accessed on June 14, 2011.

Friedman, K.C.

- 2011 Ephraim Stouffer genealogical data. Published online
<<http://trees.ancestry.com/tree/21084128/person/1026237985?ssrc=>>>. Accessed on June 14, 2011.

Google Earth

- 2010 Aerial photograph taken on October 20, 2010. Accessed as Google Earth Historical Imagery via the Google Earth application on August 2, 2011.

Holdcraft, Jacob Mehrling

- 2002 *Names in Stone, Maryland: 75,000 Cemetery Inscriptions From Frederick County, Maryland. Vol. 2.* Baltimore, Maryland: Genealogical Publishing Co.

Lake, Griffing and Stevenson

- 1877 *An Illustrated Atlas of Carroll County, Maryland.* Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: Lake, Griffing and Stevenson.

Martenet, Simon J.

- 1862 *Martenet's Map of Maryland.* Baltimore, Maryland: Simon J. Martenet.

Maryland Agricultural Society

- 1921 *Report of the Maryland Agricultural Society, Volume V, for the Year 1920.* College Park, Maryland: Maryland Agricultural Society.

Maryland Department of Geology, Mines and Water Resources

- 1959 *Map of Carroll County.* Compiled from Topographic Sheets of the Corps of Engineers, U.S. Army, and the U.S. Geological Survey, 1949. Revised 1959. Baltimore, MD: Maryland Department of Geology, Mines and Water Resources.

Maryland Historical Trust

- 1978 *National Register of Historic Places Nomination Form, Englar's Mill House, Inventory No. CARR-326.* Annapolis, MD: Maryland Historical Trust.

National Park Service

- 1997 "How to Apply the National Register Criteria for Evaluation." *National Register Bulletin.* Washington, D.C.: National Park Service, U.S. Government Printing Office.

Rand McNally & Co.

- 1916 "New Windsor, Election District No. 11, Carroll Co., MD." In *New Detailed Survey of Carroll County, Maryland.* Chicago, Illinois: Rand McNally & Co. Reprinted 2002 by the Carroll County Genealogical Society, Westminster, Maryland.

Seifert, Donna, Barbara J. Little, Beth L. Savage, and John H. Sprinkle, Jr.

- 1997 *National Register Bulletin: "Defining Boundaries for National Register Properties."* U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service, National Register of Historic Places, 1995, Revised 1997.

Shearer, W.O.

- 1863 *Map of Carroll County, Md.* Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: W.O. Shearer.

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. CARR-1721

Name **Ephraim Stouffer Farm**
Continuation Sheet

Number 9 Page 1

United States Army Corps of Engineers

1944 *New Windsor, MD.* Topographic quadrangle. Compiled from imagery taken 1943.
Washington, DC: United States Army Corps of Engineers.

United States Bureau of the Census

1850 *Seventh Census of the Population of the United States.* Manuscripts on Microfilm.

1860a *Eighth Census of the Population of the United States.* Manuscripts on Microfilm.

1860b Agricultural schedules. Manuscripts on Microfilm.

1870 *Ninth Census of the Population of the United States.* Manuscripts on Microfilm.

1880a *Tenth Census of the Population of the United States.* Manuscript on microfilm.

1880b Agricultural schedules. Manuscripts on Microfilm.

1900 *Twelfth Census of the Population of the United States.* Manuscript on microfilm.

1910 *Thirteenth Census of the Population of the United States.* Manuscript on microfilm.

1920 *Fourteenth Census of the Population of the United States.* Manuscript on microfilm. United States

Geological Survey

1911 *Taneytown MD-PA Quadrangle.* 15-minute series. Surveyed in 1908-09. Edition of 1911. Washington, DC: United States Geological Survey.

1972 *Union Bridge, MD Quadrangle.* 7.5 minute series. Compiled from imagery taken 1953. Culture revised 1953. Photorevised 1971. Reston, Virginia: United States Geological Survey.

1977 *New Windsor, MD Quadrangle.* 7.5 minute series. Compiled from imagery taken 1943. Culture revised 1953. Photorevised 1971. Photoinspected 1977. Reston, Virginia: United States Geological Survey.

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of surveyed property 102.01
Acreage of historical setting 102.01

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. CARR-1721

Name **Ephraim Stouffer Farm**
Continuation Sheet

Number 9 Page 2

Quadrangle name New Windsor MD, USGS 1972 Quadrangle scale: 1:24,000

Verbal boundary description and justification

The proposed National Register boundary for the Ephraim Stouffer Farm is as follows: beginning at a point on the shoulder of the east side of Old New Windsor Road, going southeast approximately 1,715 feet to the western shoulder of a road in the quarry. The boundary then follows the shoulder of the quarry road southeast for approximately 608 feet to a turn in the road. It continues to follow the shoulder of the quarry road south-southwest for approximately 561 feet to an intersection in the road. The boundary then turns southeast to a point on the shoulder of the New Windsor Road. The boundary then crosses the road and then follows the shoulder of the road for approximately 2,086 feet. It then turns north-northwest for approximately 452 feet to a tree line. The boundary then follows the tree line northeast for approximately 393 feet to the end of the tree line. It then turns northwest following a second tree line approximately 1,721 feet to the end of the tree line. The boundary then turns west for approximately 121 feet to a point on the east shoulder on Old New Windsor Road. The boundary then follows the shoulder of the road for approximately 566 feet, returning to its point of origin. This boundary encompasses the dwelling, barns, sheds, other outbuildings and remaining land. The dwelling, barns, sheds and other outbuildings are the contributing elements of the property. This boundary was prepared in accordance with guidelines set forth in the National Register Bulletin: "Defining Boundaries for National Register Properties" (Seifert et al. 1997).

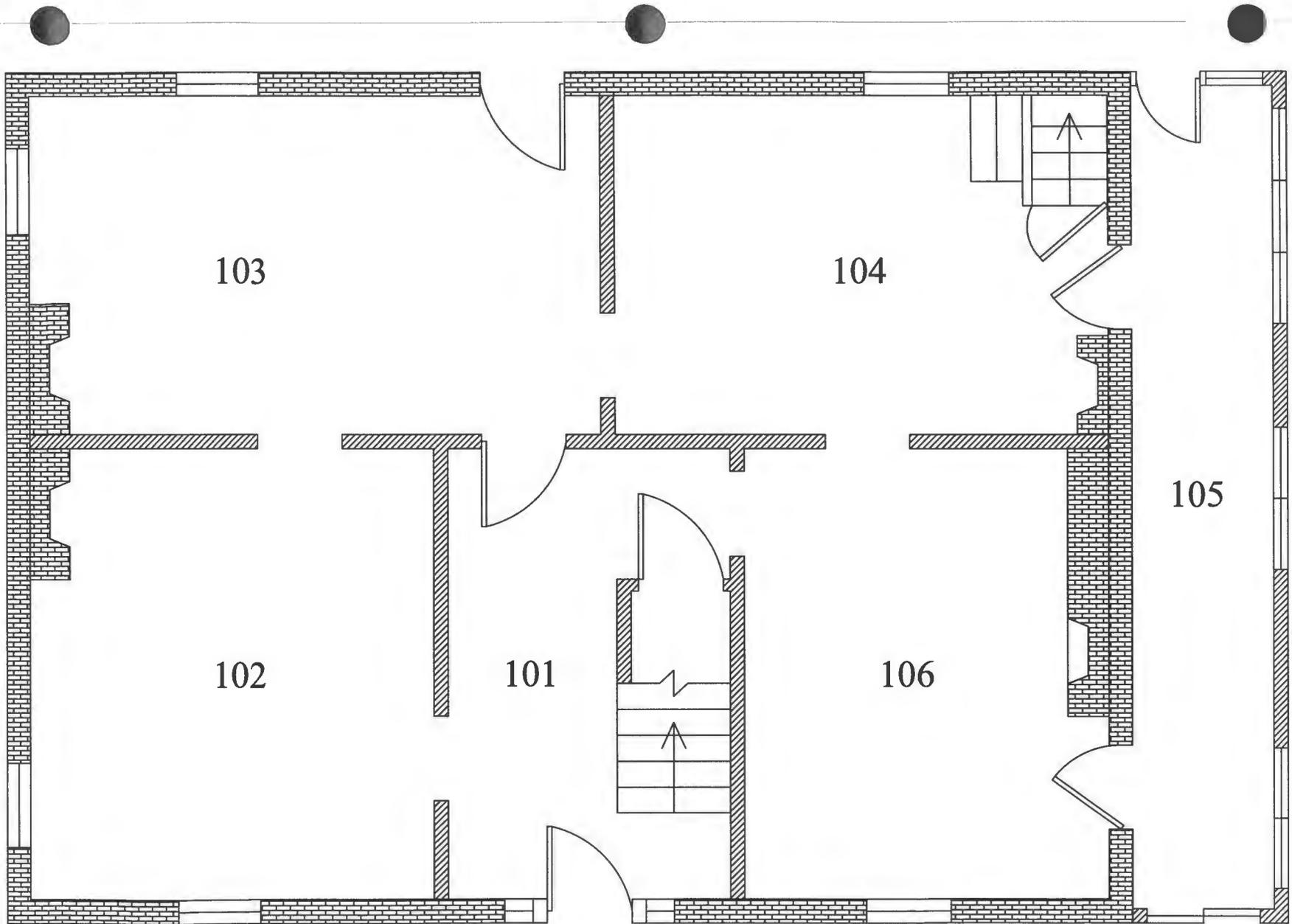
11. Form Prepared by

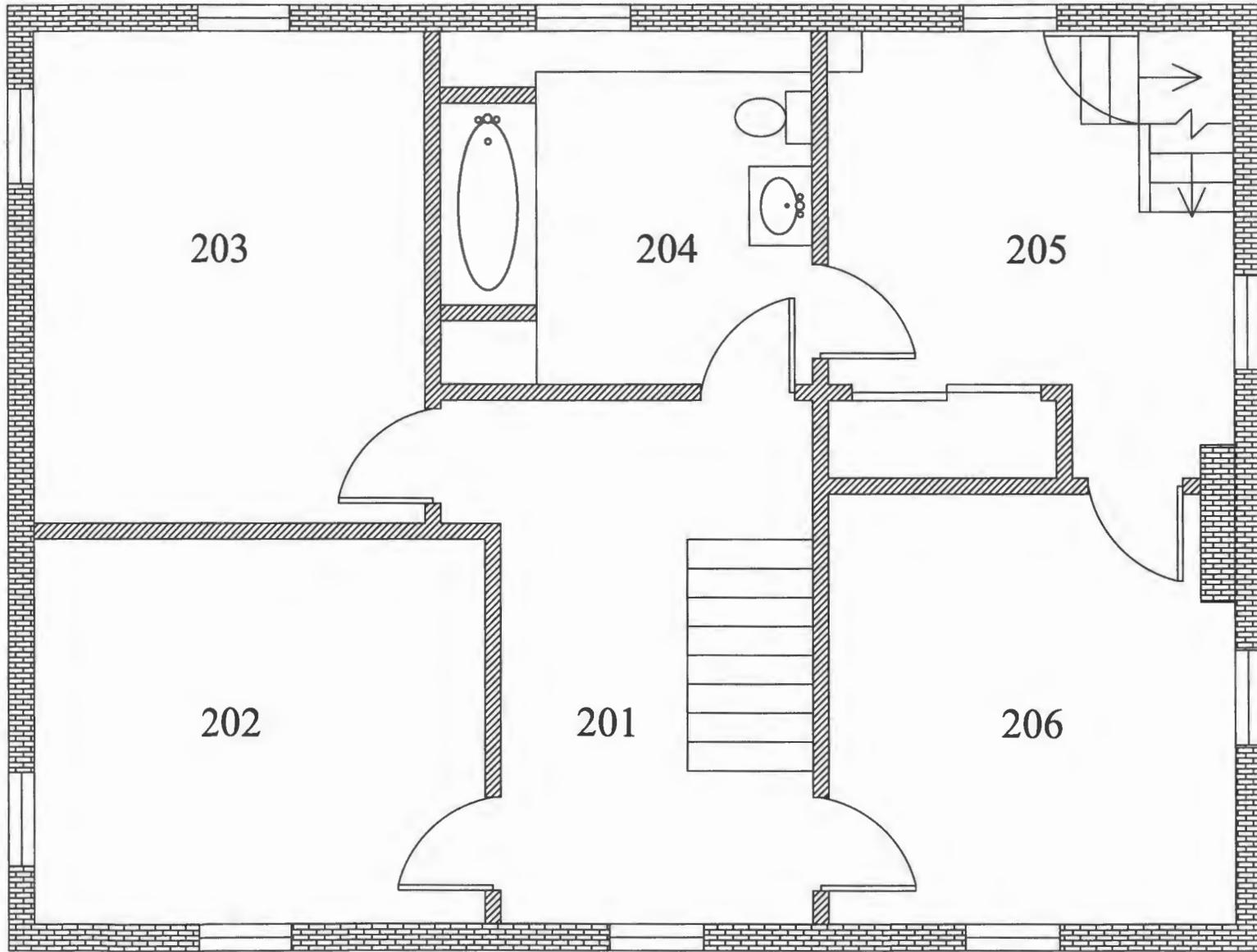
name/title	Christine Leggio; Sara McLaughlin, Architectural Historians		
organization	Johnson, Mirmiran & Thompson	date	October 2014
street & number	1600 Market Street, Suite 520	telephone	267-256-0300
city or town	Philadelphia	state	PA

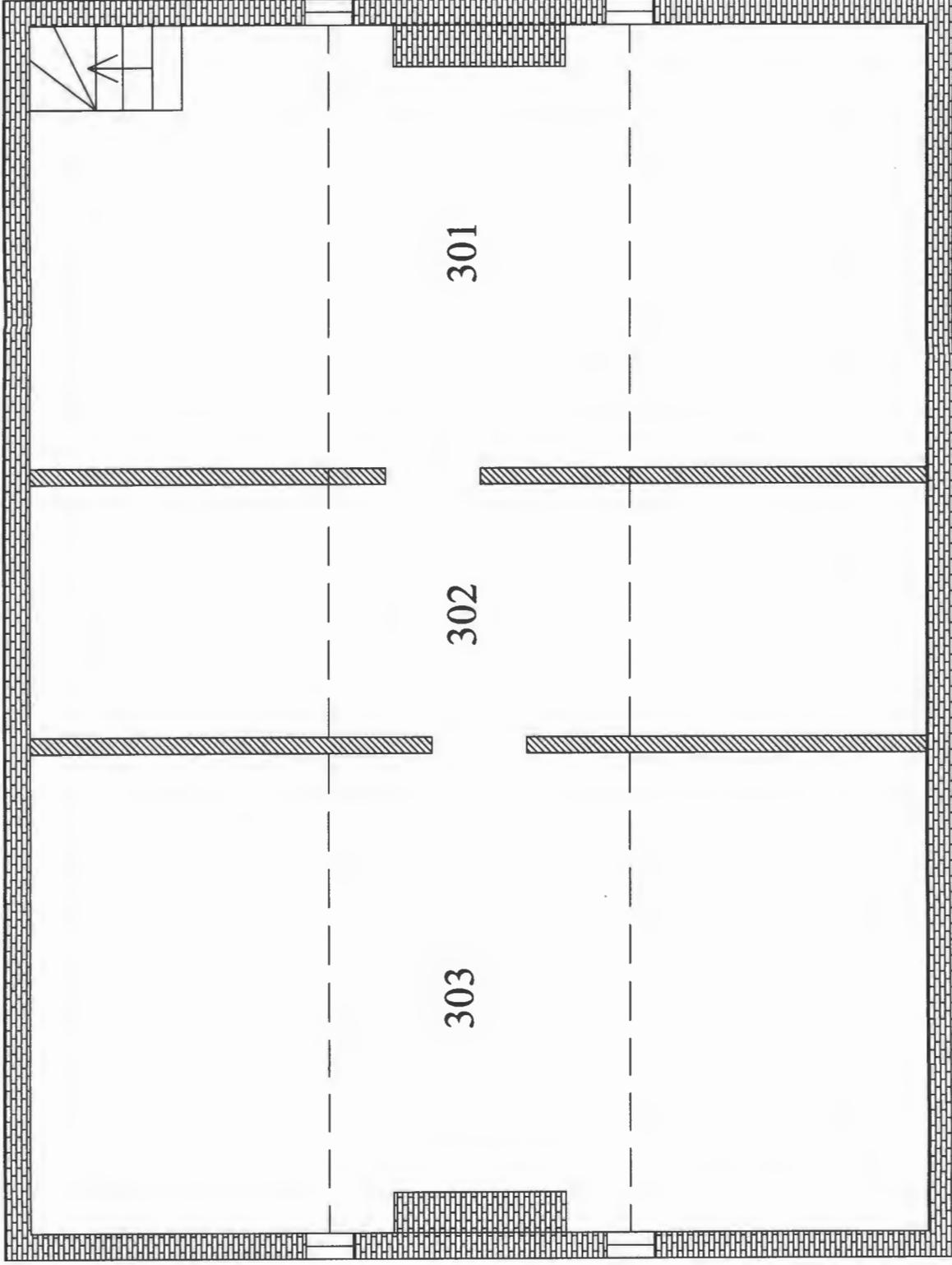
The Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust
Maryland Department of Planning
100 Community Place
Crownsville, MD 21032-2023
410-514-7600







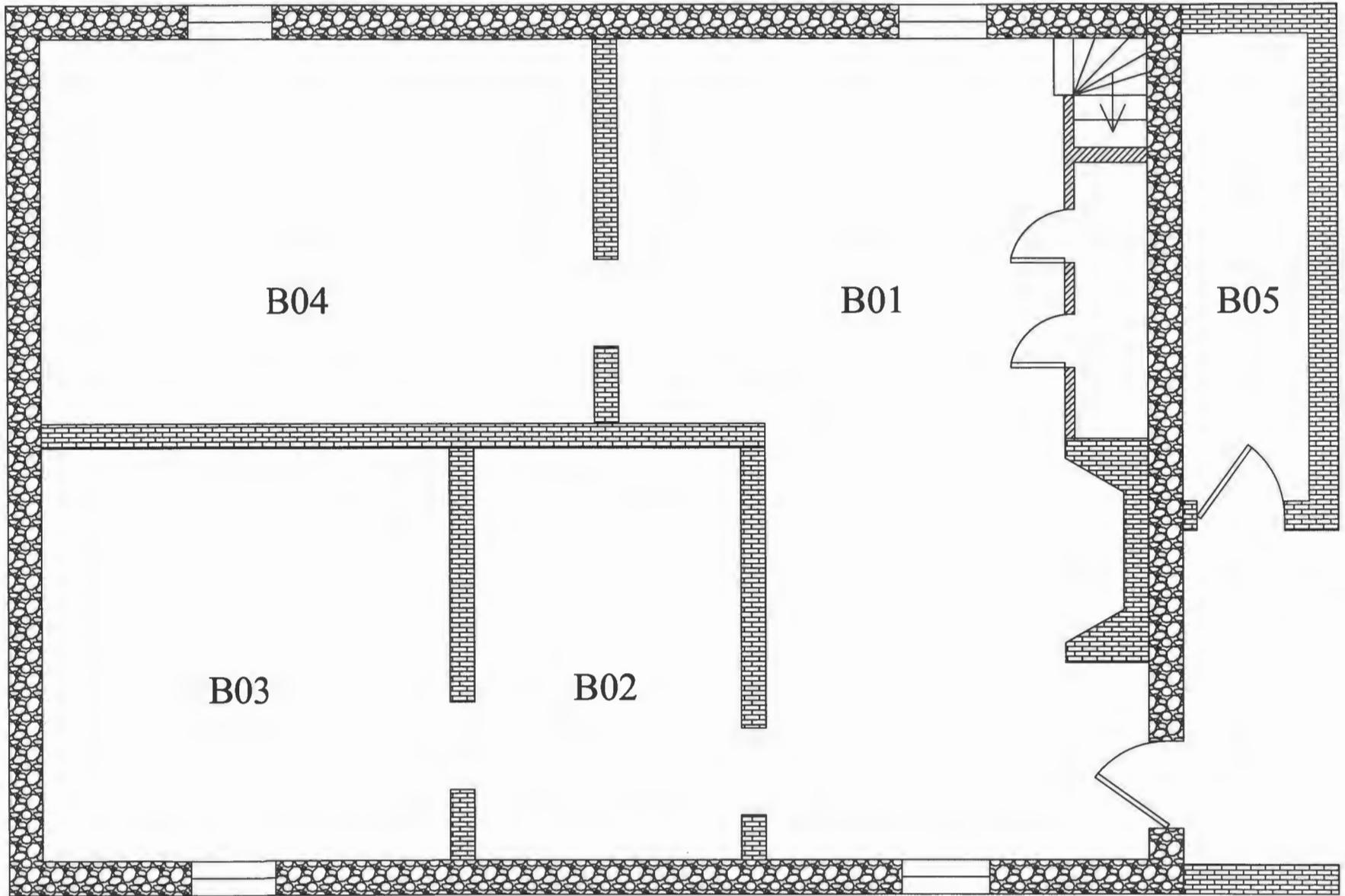
NOT TO SCALE

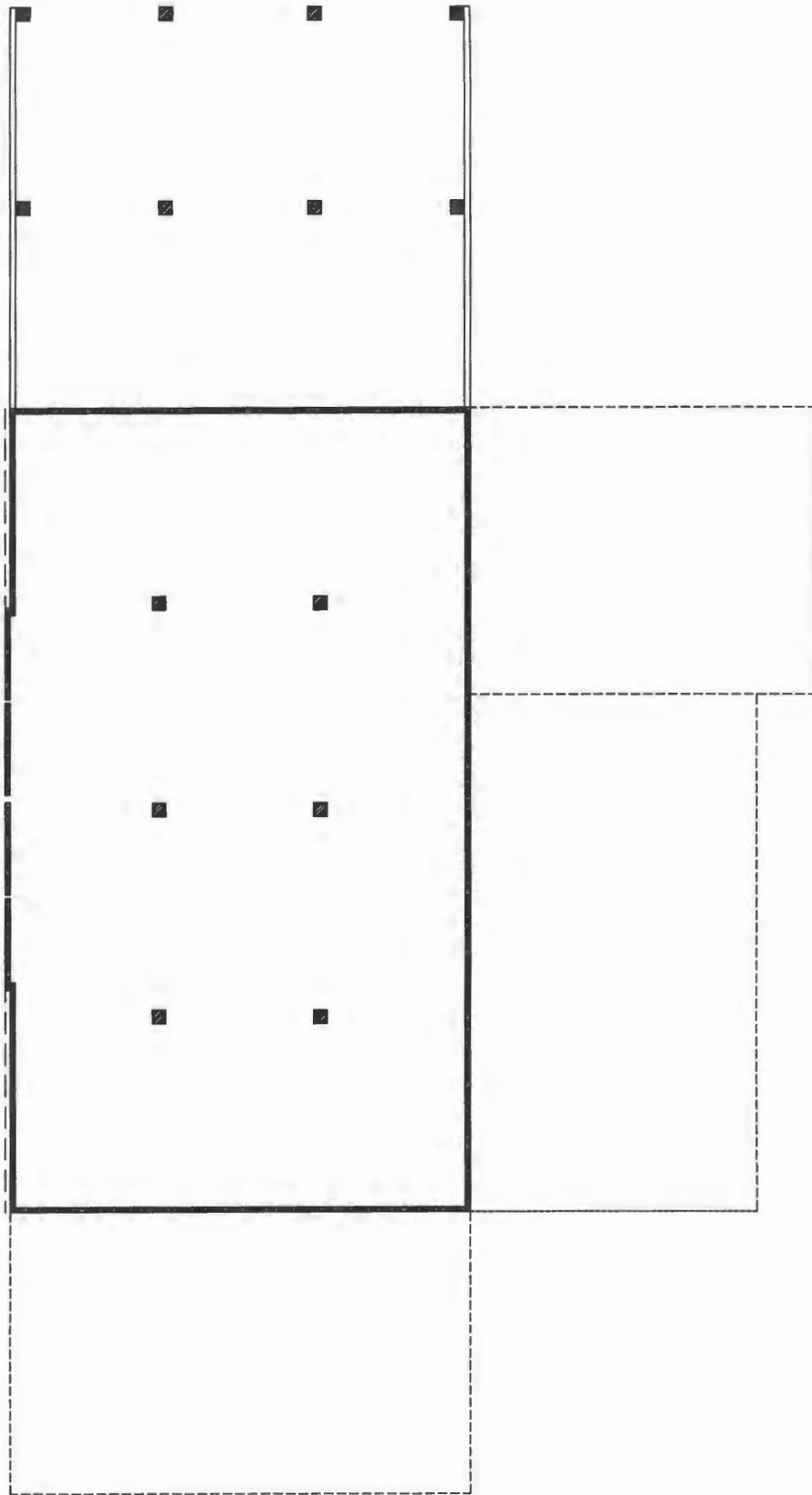
Ephraim Stouffer Farm - CARR-1721

Farm House - Attic



JOHNSON, MIRIRAN & THOMPSON
Engineering A Brighter Future®





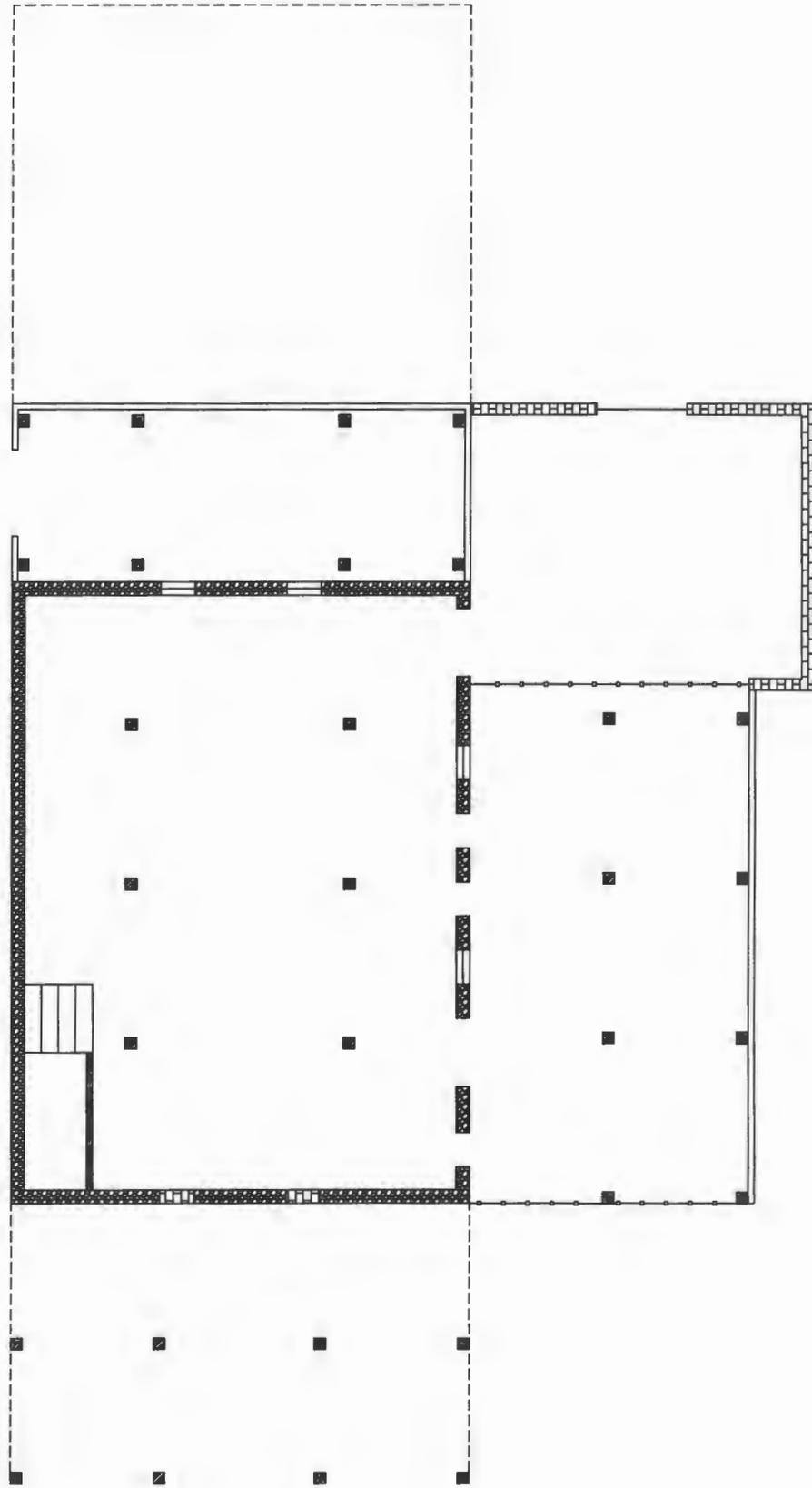
JOHNSON, MIRMIRAN & THOMPSON
Engineering A Brighter Future®

Ephraim Stouffer Farm - CARR-1721

Bank Barn - Upper Level



NOT TO SCALE



CARR-1721

**EPHRAIM STUFFER FARM
NEW WINDSOR, CARROLL COUNTY, MARYLAND**

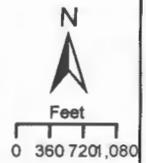


**Figure 1: Ephraim Stuffer Farm
Resource Location**

Key: — National Register Boundary



**Source: New Windsor, MD.
USGS 1972.**



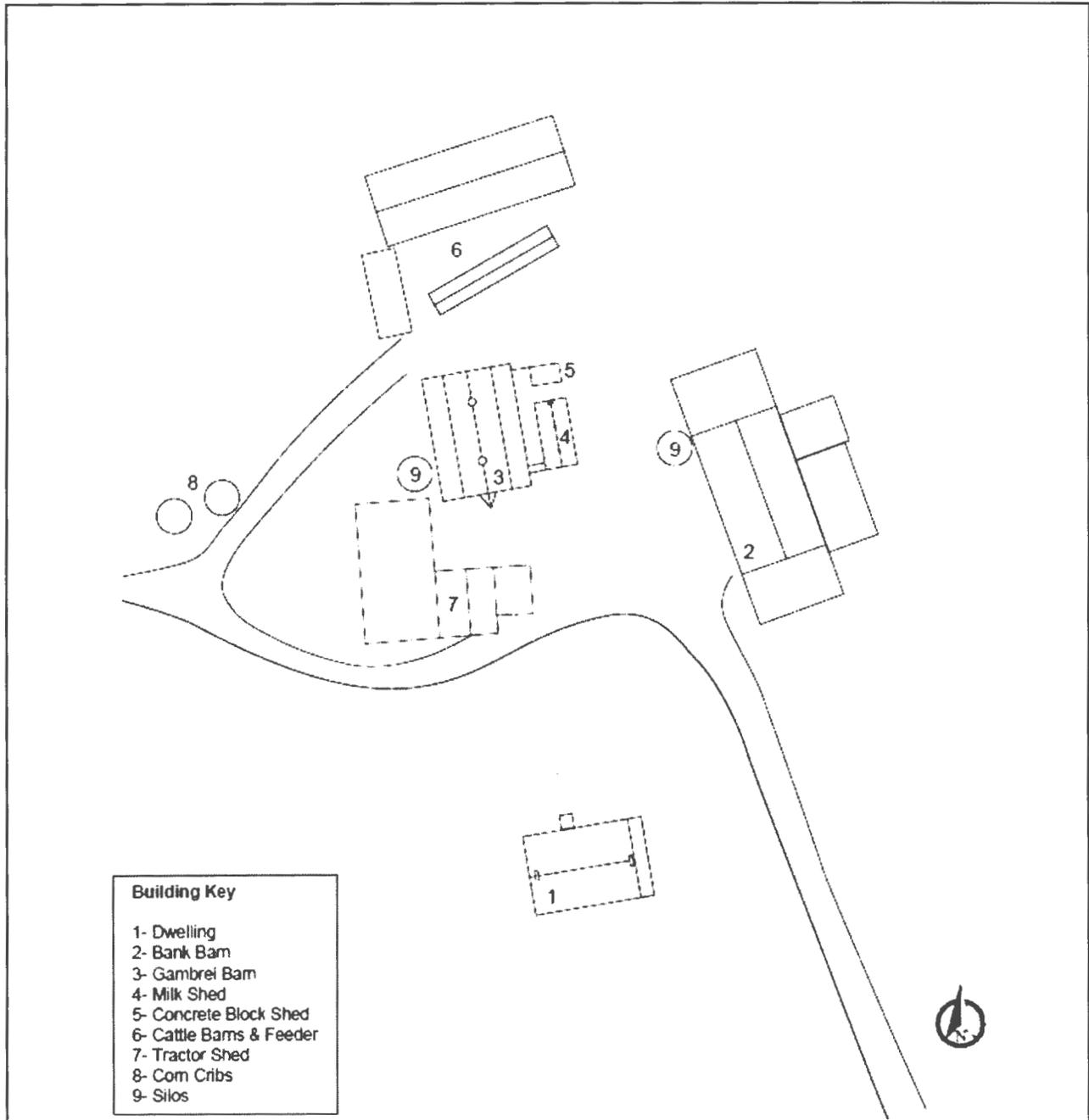
CARR-1721

**EPHRAIM STOUFFER FARM
NEW WINDSOR, CARROLL COUNTY, MARYLAND**



Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, i-cubed, USDA, USGS, AEX, Getmapping, Aerogrid, IGN, IGP, swisstopo, and the GIS User Community

<p>Figure 2: Ephraim Stouffer Farm Resource Location</p>	<p>Key: — National Register Boundary</p>	<p>N ↑ Feet 0 360 720 1,080</p>
	<p>Source: New Windsor, MD. ESRI, 2014.</p>	



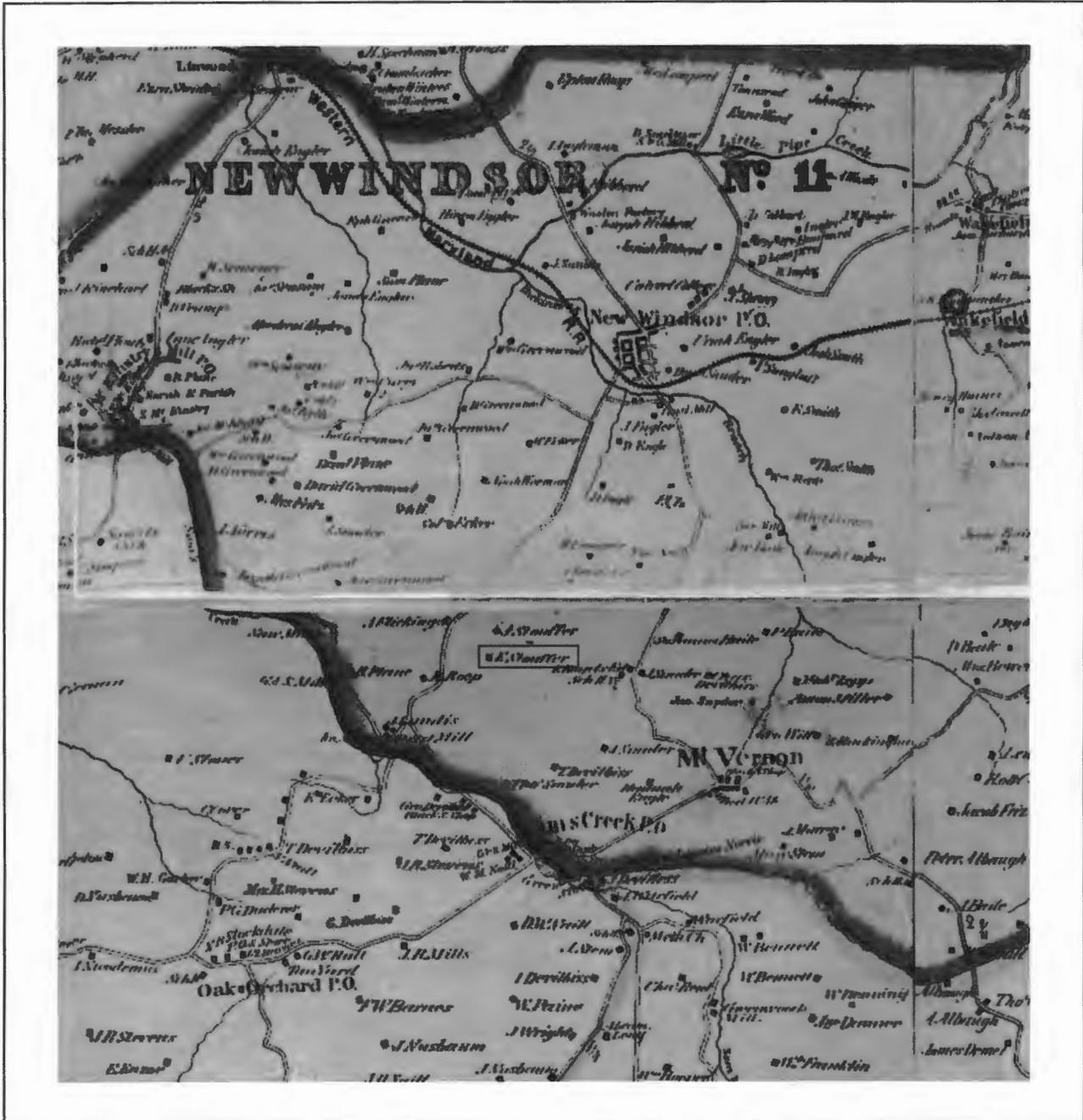
Building Key
1- Dwelling
2- Bank Barn
3- Gambrel Barn
4- Milk Shed
5- Concrete Block Shed
6- Cattle Barns & Feeder
7- Tractor Shed
8- Corn Cribs
9- Silos

Figure 3: Ephraim Stouffer Farm, Site Plan

Source: MHT DOE Form, Sattler, 2011



CARR-1721
 EPHRAIM STOUTER FARM
 NEW WINDSOR, CARROLL COUNTY, MARYLAND



<p>Figure 4: Ephraim Stouffer Farm, ca. 1862</p>	<p>Key: □ Resource Location</p>	<p>N</p> 
	<p>Source: Simon J. Martenet, 1862</p>	

CARR-1721
 EPHRAIM STOUFFER FARM
 NEW WINDSOR, CARROLL COUNTY, MARYLAND

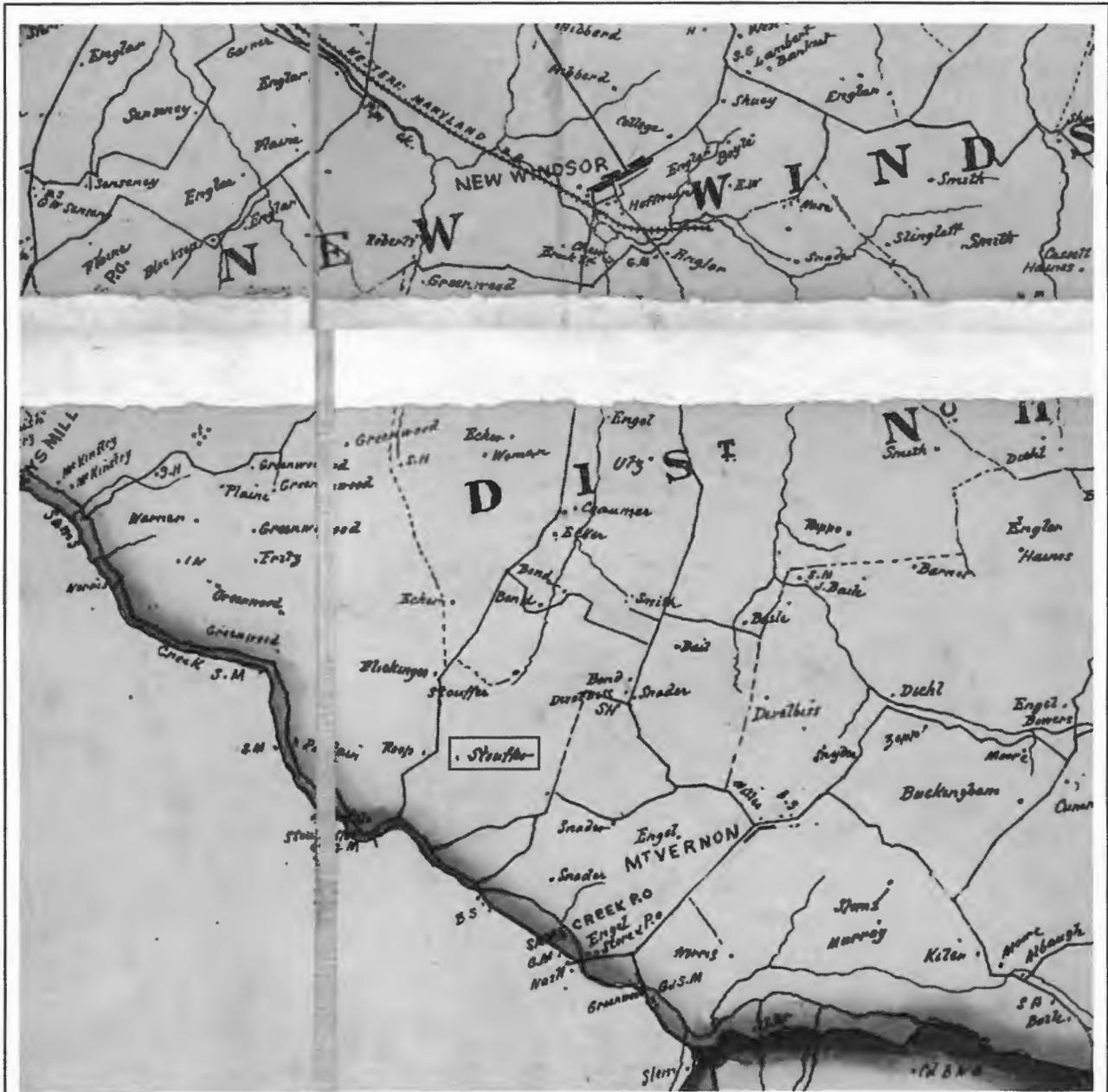
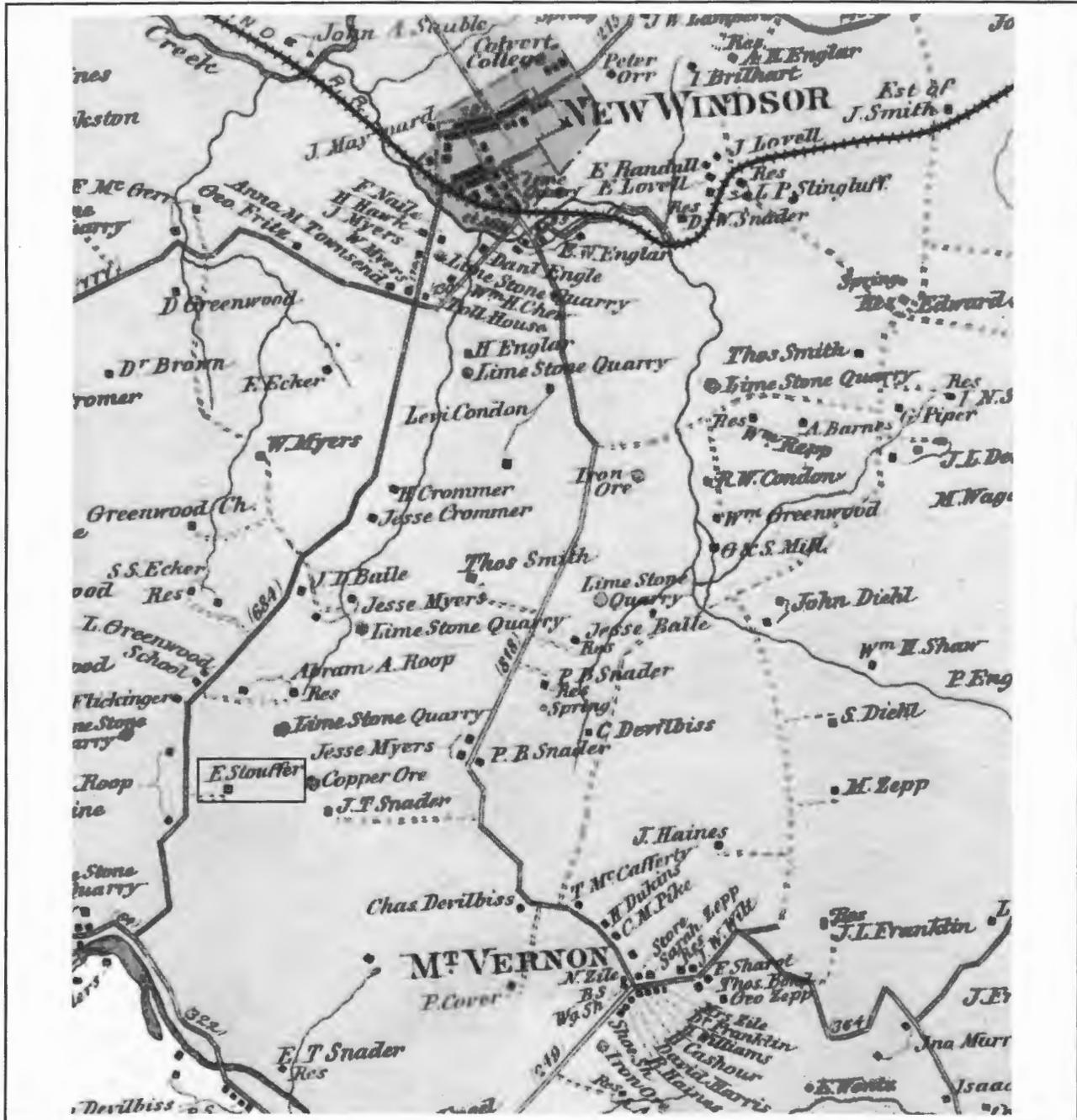


Figure 5: Ephraim Stouffer Farm, ca. 1863

Key: Resource Location



CARR-1721
 EPHRAIM STOUTTER FARM
 NEW WINDSOR, CARROLL COUNTY, MARYLAND



<p>Figure 6: Ephraim Stouffer Farm, ca. 1877</p>	<p>Key: Resource Location</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">N </p>
<p style="text-align: center;">JMT <small>JOHNSON, MIRMIRAN & THOMPSON</small> <small>Engineering & Architecture</small></p>	<p>Source: Lake, Griffing and Stevenson, 1877</p>	

CARR-1721
 EPHRAIM STOUFFER FARM
 NEW WINDSOR, CARROLL COUNTY, MARYLAND



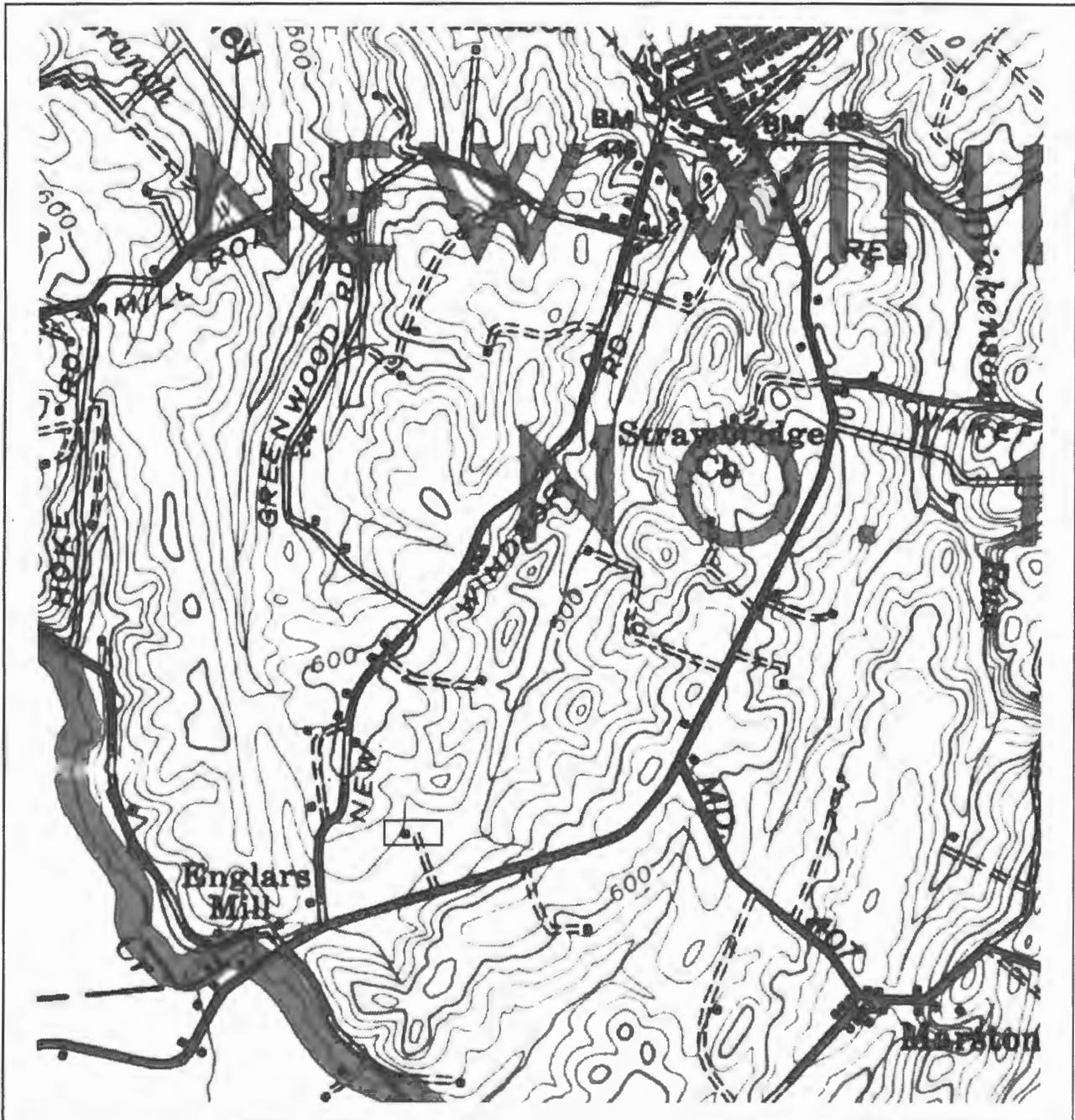
Figure 7: Ephraim Stouffer Farm, ca. 1911

Key: □ Resource Location

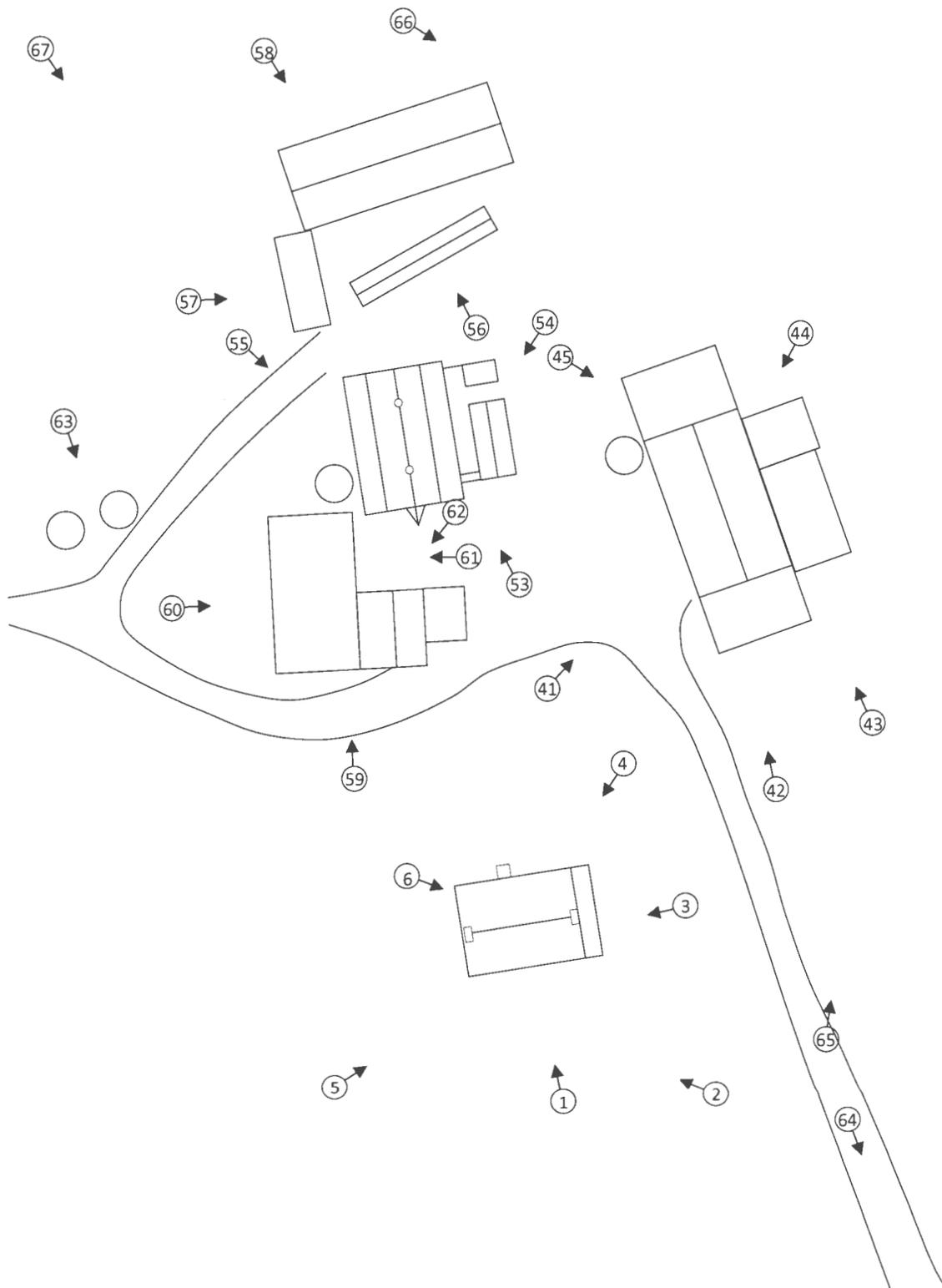


Source: US Geological Survey,
 1911

CARR-1721
EPHRAIM STOUFFER FARM
NEW WINDSOR, CARROLL COUNTY, MARYLAND

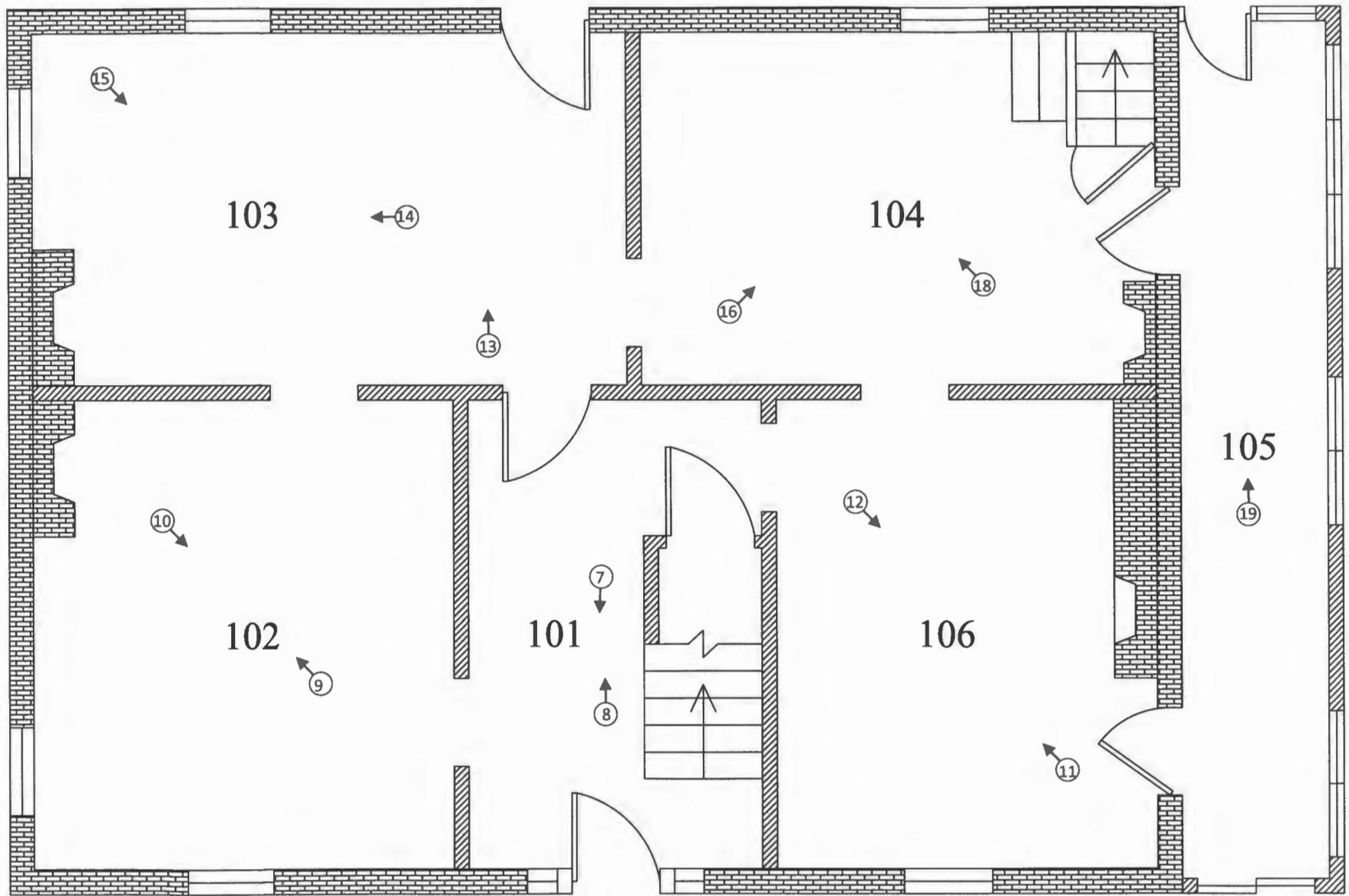


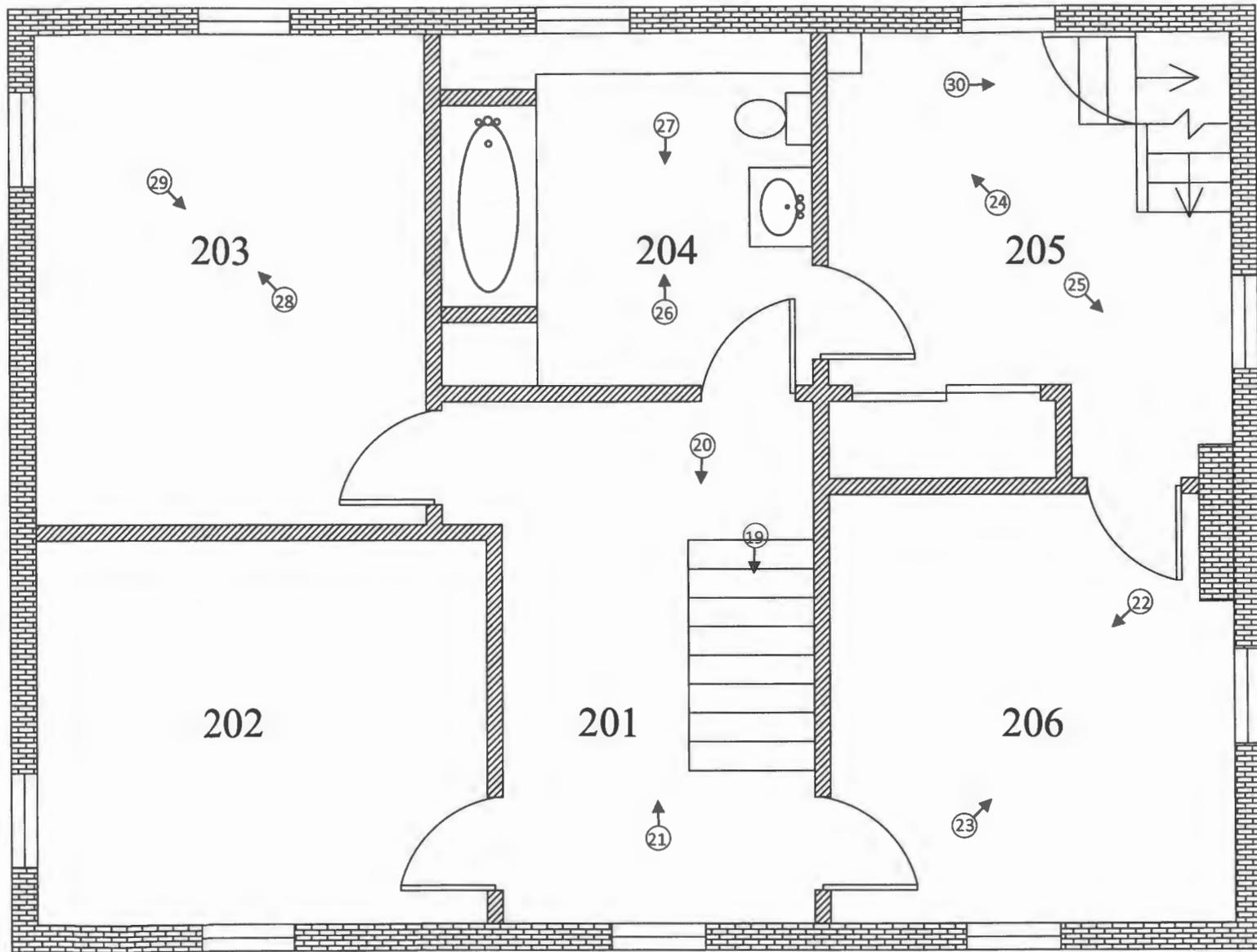
<p>Figure 8: Ephraim Stouffer Farm, ca. 1959</p>	<p>Key: □ Resource Location</p>	<p>N</p>
	<p>Source: MD Department of Geology, Mines and Water Resources, 1959</p>	

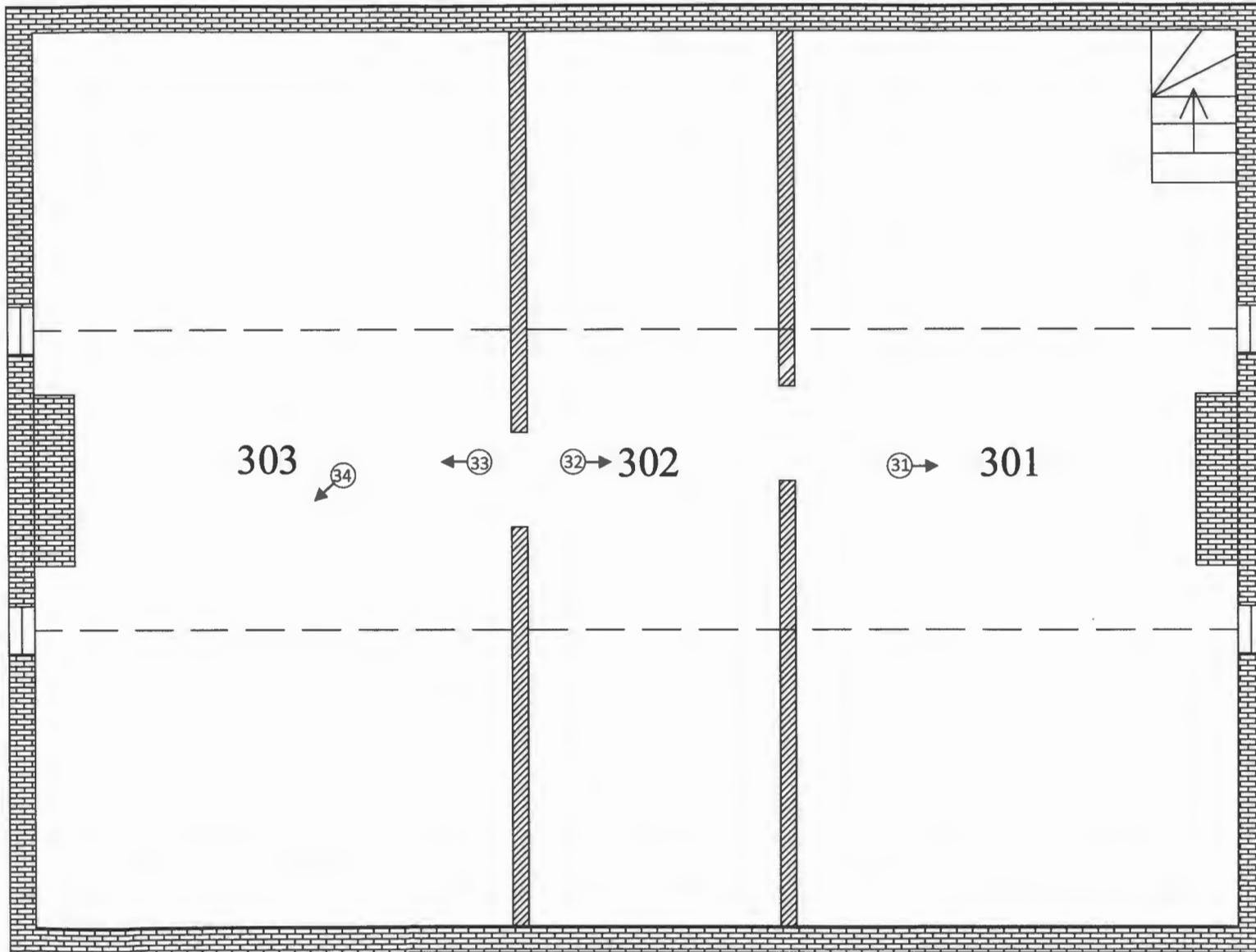


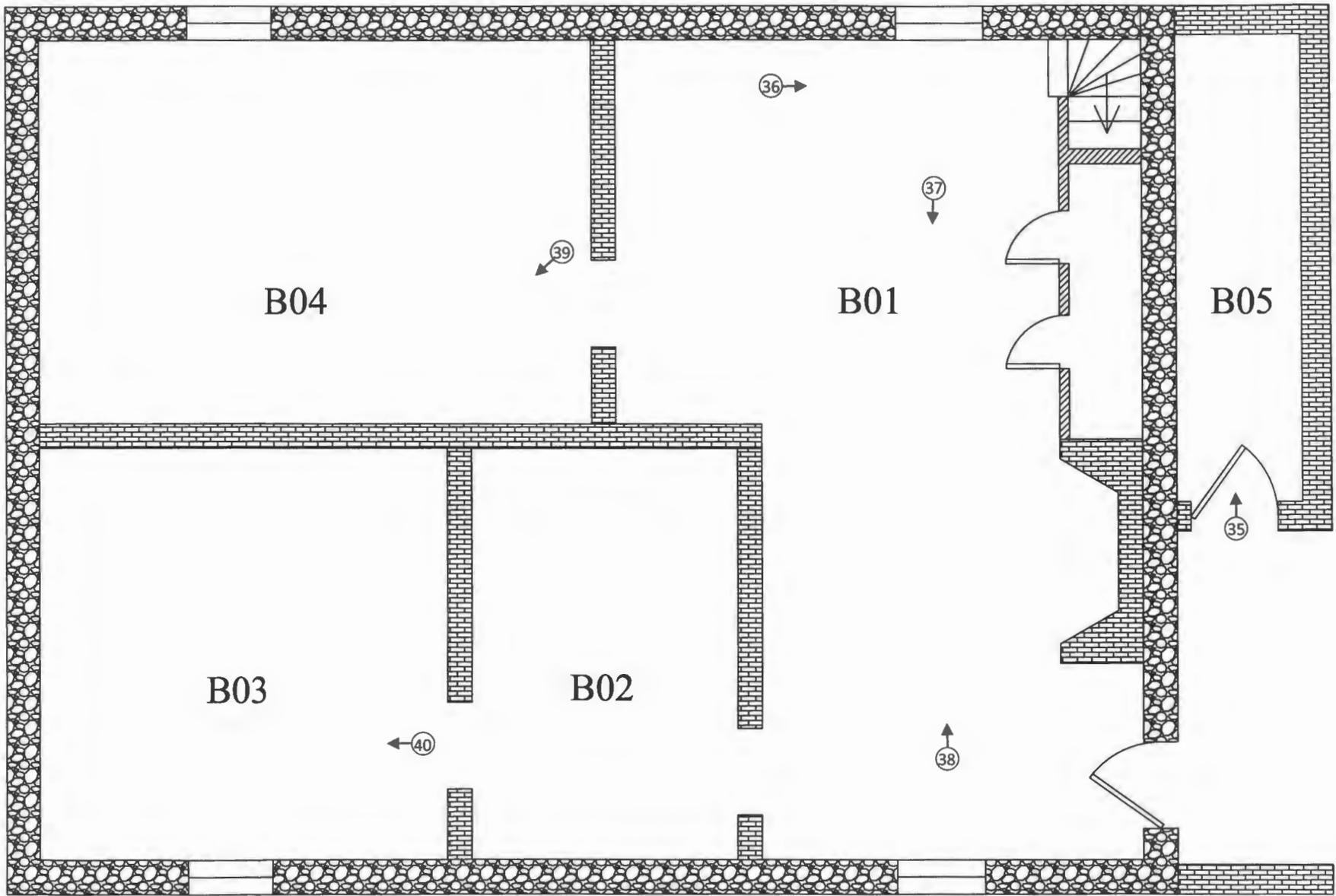
EPHRAIM STOUFFER FARM – BUILDING EXTERIOR PHOTO LOCATION MAP
CARR-1721
NEW WINDSOR, CARROLL COUNTY, MARYLAND

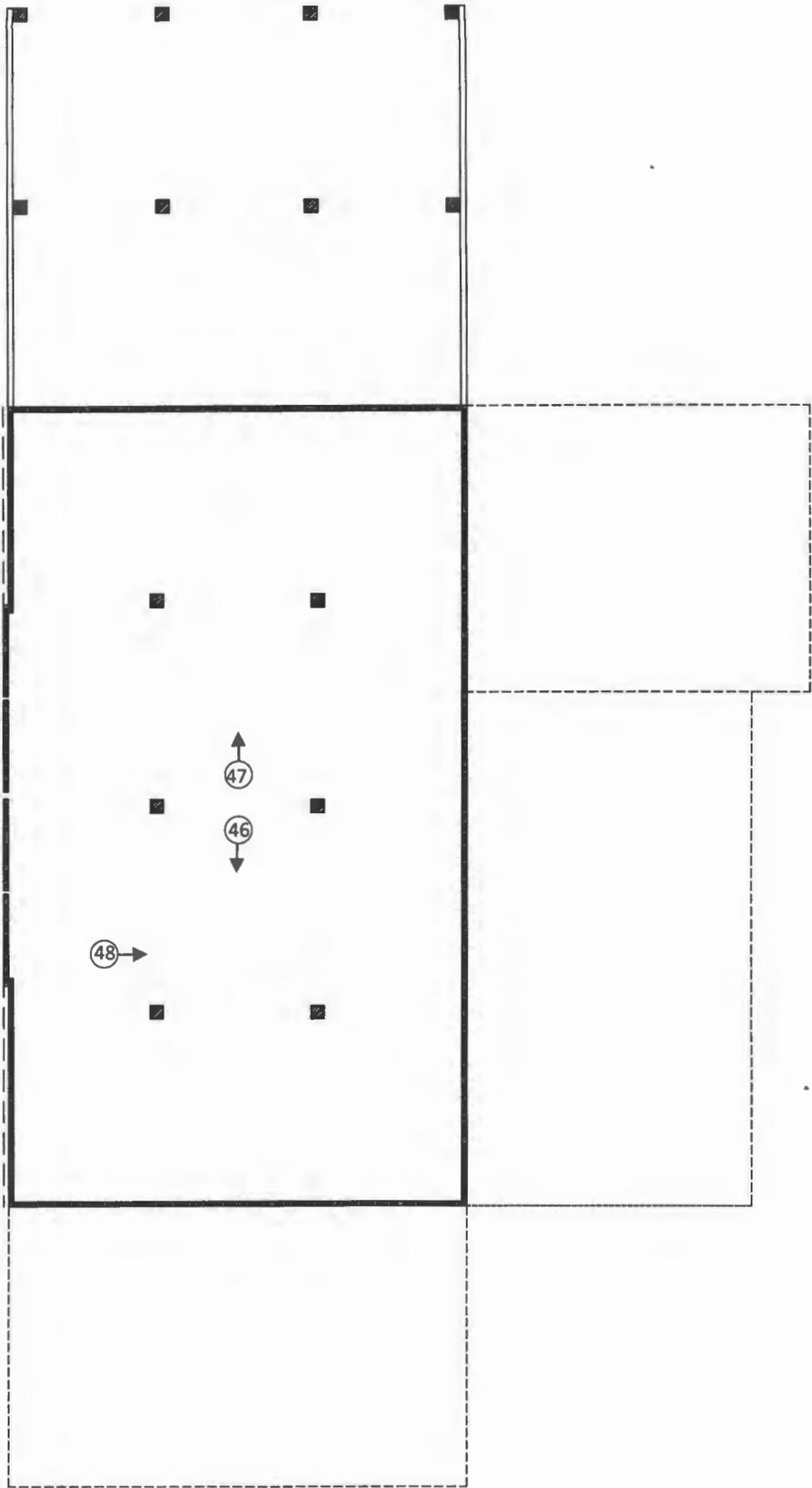












JOHNSON, MIRMIRAN & THOMPSON
Engineering A Brighter Future®

Ephraim Stouffer Farm - CARR-1721

Bank Barn - Upper Level - Photograph Location



NOT TO SCALE

CARR-1721 – Ephraim Stouffer Farm – Photo Log

Prints created using Epson DuraBrite Ultra Inks and Epson Premium Glossy Photo Paper

Data included on Verbatim® UltraLife™ Archival Grade DVD-R with Proprietary AZO recording dye

Image No.	Image File Name	Image Description
1	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_01	South elevation of the dwelling, looking north.
2	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_02	South and east elevations of the dwelling, looking northwest.
3	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_03	East elevation of the dwelling, looking west.
4	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_04	East and north elevations of the dwelling, looking southwest.
5	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_05	West and south elevations of the dwelling, looking northeast.
6	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_06	Detail view of brick cogging cornice on the north elevation of the dwelling.
7	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_07	First Floor– view of front door (Room 101), looking south.
8	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_08	First Floor– view from front door (Room 101), looking north.
9	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_09	First Floor– southwest room (102), looking northwest.
10	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_10	First Floor– southwest room (102), looking southeast.
11	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_11	First Floor– southeast room (106), looking southeast.
12	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_12	First Floor– southeast room (106), looking northwest.
13	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_13	First Floor– northwest room (103), looking north.
14	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_14	First Floor– northwest room (103), looking west.
15	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_15	First Floor– northwest room (103), looking southeast.
16	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_16	First Floor– northeast room (104), looking northeast.
17	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_17	First Floor– northeast room (104), looking northwest.
18	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_18	First Floor– addition (105), looking north.
19	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_19	Second Floor– center hall (201), looking south at stairs.
20	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_20	Second floor – center hall (201), looking south.
21	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_21	Second Floor– center hall (201), looking north.
22	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_22	Second Floor– southeast room (206), looking southwest.
23	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_23	Second Floor– southeast room (206), looking northeast.
24	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_24	Second Floor– northeast room (205), looking northwest.
25	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_25	Second Floor– southeast room (205), looking southeast.
26	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_26	Second Floor– north center room (204), looking north.
27	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_27	Second Floor– north center room (204), looking south.
28	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_28	Second Floor– northwest room (203), looking northwest.
29	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_29	Second Floor– northwest room (203), looking southeast.
30	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_30	Second Floor– stairs in northeast room to Attic east room, looking east.
31	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_31	Attic– east room (301), looking east.
32	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_32	Attic– center room (302), looking east.
33	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_33	Attic– center room (302), looking west.
34	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_34	Attic– west room (303), looking southwest.
35	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_35	Basement level exterior storage space (B05), looking north.
36	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_36	Basement– stairs to first floor in east room (B01), looking east.
37	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_37	Basement– east room (B01), looking south.
38	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_38	Basement– east room (B01), looking north.
39	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_39	Basement– northwest room (B04), looking southwest.

40	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_40	Basement– southwest room (B03), looking west.
41	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_41	Bank Barn and Silo– west and south elevations, looking northeast.
42	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_42	Bank Barn– south elevation, looking north.
43	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_43	Bank Barn– east addition to south elevation, looking north.
44	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_44	Bank Barn– east and north elevations, looking southwest.
45	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_45	Bank Barn and Silo– west and north elevations, looking southeast.
46	CARR-1721_2014-10-29_46	Bank Barn– interior upper level, looking south.
47	CARR-1721_2014-10-29_47	Bank Barn– upper level, looking north.
48	CARR-1721_2014-10-29_48	Bank Barn– upper level, looking east.
49	CARR-1721_2014-10-29_49	Bank Barn– lower level, looking southwest within original stone foundation.
50	CARR-1721_2014-10-29_50	Bank Barn– northeast addition, looking southeast.
51	CARR-1721_2014-10-29_51	Bank Barn– southeast addition, looking southeast.
52	CARR-1721_2014-10-29_52	Bank Barn– south addition, looking northeast.
53	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_53	Gambrel Barn and Milk House– south elevation, looking north.
54	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_54	Gambrel Barn and Milk House– east elevation, looking southwest.
55	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_55	Gambrel Barn and Silo– west and north elevations, looking southeast.
56	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_56	Cattle Barns and Feeder– south elevations, looking northwest.
57	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_57	Cattle Barn– west elevation of western barn, looking east.
58	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_58	Cattle Barn– north elevation of northern barn, looking southeast.
59	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_59	Tractor Shed– south elevation, looking north.
60	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_60	Tractor Shed and Silo– west elevation, looking east.
61	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_61	Tractor Shed– east elevation, looking west.
62	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_62	Tractor Shed– north and east elevations, looking southwest.
63	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_63	Corn Cribs– looking southeast.
64	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_64	Landscape– driveway, looking southeast towards New Windsor Road.
65	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_65	Landscape– bank barn and pastures, looking northeast.
66	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_66	Landscape– pastures and cattle barn, looking east.
67	CARR-1721_2014-9-18_67	Farmstead– looking southeast.



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

South ELEVATION of the Dwelling, Looking NORTH

1/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO.

South and east elevations of the Dwelling,
Looking Northwest.

2/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

CARROLL COUNTY, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MDSHPO

East elevation of the dwelling, looking West.

3/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MO SHPO

East and North Elevations of the Dwelling,
Looking southwest.

4/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm
Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

West and South Elevations of Dwelling,
Looking Northeast.

5/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Detail view of Brick capping cornice on
north elevation of Dwelling.

6/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

CARROLL COUNTY, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

First Floor - View of Front Door (Room 101), Looking
South.

7/67



CARR-721

Ephraim Stouffer FARM

CARROLL COUNTY, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

First Floor - view from front door (Room 101)
Looking North.

8/67



Mc CORMICK - DEERING
FARMALLS

SOLD HERE

CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

CARROLL COUNTY, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

First Floor, Southwest Room (102), looking northwest.

9/67



CARR-1720

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

First floor, South west Room (102), looking Southeast.

10/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

First Floor - Southeast Room (106), Looking
Southeast.

11/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

First Floor - southeast Room (106), looking NW.

12/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

First Floor - Northwest room (103), Looking
North.

13/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

First Floor, North West Room (103), Looking West.

14/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

First floor - North west room (103), looking south-west.

15/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll county, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

First floor - Northeast Room (104), Looking NE.

16/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

First floor - Northeast Room (104), looking NW.

17/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

First Floor - Addition (105) Looking North.

18/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm
Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MDSHPO

Second Floor - center Hall (201), looking south
at stairs.

19/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Second floor - Center Hall (201) Looking South.

20/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Second floor - center Hall (201), looking North.

21/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Heggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Second floor - Southeast Room (206) looking SW.

22167



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Second floor - Southeast Room (206) Looking Northeast.

23/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Second Floor - Northeast Room (205) Looking NW.

24/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Second floor - Southeast Room (205), Looking
South east.

25/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Heggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Second floor - North center Room (204), looking
North.

26/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Second Floor - North Center Room (204)
Looking South.

27/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Second Floor - Northwest Room (203), looking
Northwest.

28/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggia, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Second floor - Northwest Room (203), Looking
Southeast.

29/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

9/18/2014

Gheggio, photographer

MD shpo

Second Floor - Stairs in Northeast Room
to Attic East Room, looking East.

30/67



plex

↑
BERRY
CORPORATION
CORPORATE HEADQUARTERS
1000 W. 10TH AVENUE
DENVER, CO 80202

MADE IN CHINA
WLMC003

WESLO

BA&T
1000

CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggin, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Attic - East Room (301), Looking East.

31/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Attic - center Room (302), looking East.

32/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Attic - center Room (302), looking west.

33/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Attic.- West Room (303), looking southwest.

34/67



NO.	10
DATE	4-1
BY	GTY
REMARKS	0
MADE IN JAPAN	

CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm
Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Basement level exterior storage space (B05),
Looking North.

35/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Basement - stairs to First Floor in East Room
(B01) looking east.

36/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Basement, - east Room, Looking South.

37/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

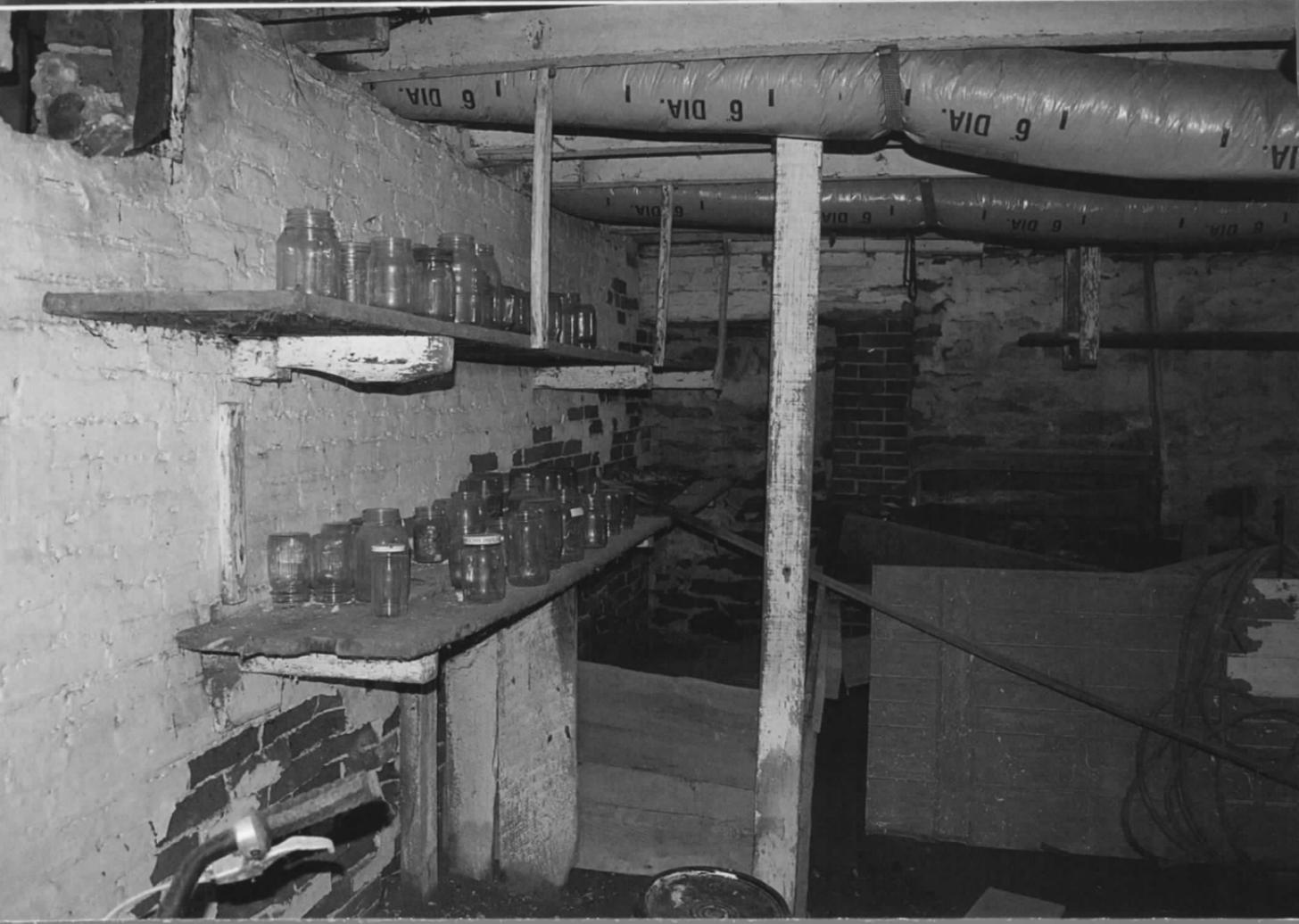
C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Basement - East Room (B01), looking north.

38/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouter Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Basement - Northwest Room (B04), Looking
Southwest.

39/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Basement - Southwest Room (B03), Looking West.

40/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Bank Barn + Silo - West and South Elevations,
Looking Northeast.

41/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Bank Barn - South Elevation, Looking North.

42/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Bank Barn - East addition to South Elevation
Looking North.

43/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Bank Barn - East + North Elevations,
Looking Southwest.

44/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Bank Barn + Silo, West & North Elevations,
Looking Southeast.

45/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

10/29/2014

MD SHPO

Bank Barn - Interior, upper level, looking
South.

46/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll county, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

10/29/2014

MD SHPO

Bank Barn - upper level, looking North.

47/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll county, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

10/29/2014

MD SHPO

Bank Barn, upper level, looking east.

48/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm
Carroll county, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

10/29/2014

MD SHPO

Bank Barn - Lower level, looking Southwest
within original stone foundation.

49/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

10/29/2014

MD SHPO

Bank Barn - Northeast addition, looking
Southeast.

50/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Cannoll County, MD

C. Heggio, Photographer

10/29/2014

MD SHPO

Bank Barn - South Addition, looking Northeast.

52/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, photographer

10/29/2014

MD SHPO

Bank Barn - Southeast addition, looking
Southeast.

51/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer FARM

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Gambel Barn & Milk House - South Elevation
Looking North.

53/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Gambrel Barn + Milk House - East Elevations
Looking Southwest.

54/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll county, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Gambrel barn + silo - west & North Elevations
Looking Southeast.

S5/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Cattle Barns + Feeder - South Elevations,
Looking Northwest.

56/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MDSHPO

Cattle Barn, - ~~WEST~~ Elevation of ~~WESTERN~~
Barn, looking East.

57/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Cattle Barn - North Elevation of Northern
Barn, looking Southeast.

58/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Tractor shed - South elevation, looking
NORTH.

59/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer FARM

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Tractor shed and silo - west elevation,
looking east.

60/67



JOHN DEERE

CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm
Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Tractor shed - east elevation,
Looking West.

61/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Tractor shed - North & East elevations,
looking southwest.

62/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPD

Corn cribs - looking Southeast.

63/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stutter Farm

CARROLL COUNTY, MD

C. Heggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

landscape - Driveway, looking
southeast towards New Windsor Road.

64/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim stouffer Farm

Carroll county, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Landscape - Bank Barn & pastures,
Looking Northeast.

65/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

landscape — pastures + cattle Barn,
looking east.

66/67



CARR-1721

Ephraim Stouffer Farm

Carroll County, MD

C. Leggio, Photographer

9/18/2014

MD SHPO

Farmstead - Looking Southeast.

67/67