

**INDIVIDUAL PROPERTY/DISTRICT
MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
INTERNAL NR-ELIGIBILITY REVIEW FORM**

Property/District Name: Ralph Farm Survey Number: D -700

Project: Dorchester County Power Plant Agency: Delmarva

Site visit by MHT Staff: no yes Name _____ Date _____

Eligibility recommended Eligibility **not** recommended

Criteria: A B C D Considerations: A B C D E F G None

Justification for decision: (Use continuation sheet if necessary and attach map)

Set on approximately 147-1/2 acres near Vienna, Maryland in Dorchester County, Ralph Farm is an early to mid-20th-century farm complex which consists of a primary residence and five outbuildings. Located at the end of tree-lined drive, the property sits amongst agricultural fields and retains its historic views and setting. The property survives as a good example of a small, early 20th-century Eastern shore farm complex and is eligible for listing in the National Register under criterion C.

The property on which Ralph Farm is located was originally the home of Thomas Ball; in 1866, Elizabeth Teasdale (nee Ball) and her husband sold the property to Charles T. Ralph. Though subdivided into several smaller tracts, the property has remained in Ralph Family hands since they purchased it in the mid-19th century.

The primary residence is an imposing 2-1/2-story, five-bay structure designed as a variation of the American four-square type house with Colonial Revival-style detailing. The house is square in plan and is covered with a pyramidal roof with hipped roof dormers on all four elevations. Colonial Revival-style details include the heavy box cornice and cornice returns, the paired 1/1 windows with flat trim, the tri-partite windows in the dormers, and the single-story porch across the main facade of the house.

The outbuildings, all of which post-date the construction of the main house, are located to the north and northeast of the house and include four contributing resources and one non-contributing resource. The four contributing resources are: a gable-roofed equipment shed; frame animal barn; shed; a brick bake oven; and a farm office/garage (non-contributing).

The Ralph Farm, including its primary residence and outbuildings, survives as a good, local example of a small farm complex on Maryland's Eastern shore. The house stands as a fine, local example of a variation of an American four-square and a good example of the Colonial Revival style and how it permeated all levels of architecture, from sophisticated urban townhouse and residential dwelling to rural vernacular farmhouse. The property should be included in the National Register under Criterion C, for local significance.

Handwritten signature

Documentation on the property/district is presented in: Review and Compliance Files

Prepared by: MAAR Associates

Beth Hannold 1/25/96
Reviewer, Office of Preservation Services Date

NR program concurrence: yes no not applicable
Orlando Fieritz Feb. 13, 1996.
Reviewer, NR program Date

Survey No. 00-700

MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE HISTORIC PRESERVATION PLAN DATA - HISTORIC CONTEXT

I. Geographic Region:

- Eastern Shore (all Eastern Shore counties, and Cecil)
- Western Shore (Anne Arundel, Calvert, Charles, Prince George's and St. Mary's)
- Piedmont (Baltimore City, Baltimore, Carroll, Frederick, Harford, Howard, Montgomery)
- Western Maryland (Allegany, Garrett and Washington)

II. Chronological/Developmental Periods:

- Paleo-Indian 10000-7500 B.C.
- Early Archaic 7500-6000 B.C.
- Middle Archaic 6000-4000 B.C.
- Late Archaic 4000-2000 B.C.
- Early Woodland 2000-500 B.C.
- Middle Woodland 500 B.C. - A.D. 900
- Late Woodland/Archaic A.D. 900-1600
- Contact and Settlement A.D. 1570-1750
- Rural Agrarian Intensification A.D. 1680-1815
- Agricultural-Industrial Transition A.D. 1815-1870
- Industrial/Urban Dominance A.D. 1870-1930
- Modern Period A.D. 1930-Present
- Unknown Period (prehistoric historic)

III. Prehistoric Period Themes:

- Subsistence
- Settlement
- Political
- Demographic
- Religion
- Technology
- Environmental Adaptation

IV. Historic Period Themes:

- Agriculture
- Architecture, Landscape Architecture, and Community Planning
- Economic (Commercial and Industrial)
- Government/Law
- Military
- Religion
- Social/Educational/Cultural
- Transportation

V. Resource Type:

Category: Building

Historic Environment: Rural

Historic Function(s) and Use(s): Domestic/Single Family Dwelling

Known Design Source: _____

Maryland Comprehensive Historic Preservation Plan Data

D-700 - Ralph Farm

Geographic Organization: Eastern Shore

Chronological/Development Period: Industrial/Urban Dominance A.D. 1870-1930

Historic Period Theme: Agriculture and Architecture

Resource Type:

Category: Building

Historic Environment: Rural

Historic Function(s) and Use(s): Domestic/Single Dwelling

Agriculture-Subsistence/Agricultural Outbuildings

Known Design Source: None

**Maryland Historical Trust
State Historic Sites Inventory Form**

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF
HISTORIC PROPERTIES

Survey No. D-700

Magi No.

DOE yes no

1. Name (indicate preferred name)

historic Ralph Farm, Thomas Ball Home Farm, Ball Farm

and/or common Ralph Farm

2. Location

street & number 4842 Maiden Forest Road not for publication

city, town Vienna vicinity of congressional district

state Maryland county Dorchester

3. Classification

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use	
<input type="checkbox"/> district	<input type="checkbox"/> public	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> occupied	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> museum
<input type="checkbox"/> building(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private	<input type="checkbox"/> unoccupied	<input type="checkbox"/> commercial	<input type="checkbox"/> park
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> structure	<input type="checkbox"/> both	<input type="checkbox"/> work in progress	<input type="checkbox"/> educational	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private residence
<input type="checkbox"/> site	Public Acquisition	Accessible	<input type="checkbox"/> entertainment	<input type="checkbox"/> religious
<input type="checkbox"/> object	<input type="checkbox"/> in process	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> yes: restricted	<input type="checkbox"/> government	<input type="checkbox"/> scientific
	<input type="checkbox"/> being considered	<input type="checkbox"/> yes: unrestricted	<input type="checkbox"/> industrial	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> not applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> no	<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> other:

4. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name Doris B. Ralph

street & number None telephone no.:

city, town Vienna state and zip code VA 21869

5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Dorchester County Courthouse liber RSM-86

street & number High Street folio 9

city, town Cambridge state MD

6. Representation in Existing Historical Surveys

title

date federal state county local

depository for survey records

city, town state

7. Description

Survey No. D-700

Condition

excellent

good

fair

deteriorated

ruins

unexposed

Check one

unaltered

altered

Check one

original site

moved

date of move _____

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

8. Significance

Survey No. D-700

Period	Areas of Significance—Check and justify below			
<input type="checkbox"/> prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-historic	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> sculpture
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> social/ humanitarian
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> music	<input type="checkbox"/> theater
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government	<input type="checkbox"/> other (specify)
		<input type="checkbox"/> invention		

Specific dates

Builder/Architect

check: Applicable Criteria: A B C D
and/or

Applicable Exception: A B C D E F G

Level of Significance: national state local

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey No D-700

M-93 Report
Jones 1966
Land 1974
Stiverson 1977
Griffing and Lake 1877

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of nominated property Approximately 523 acres

Quadrangle name Rhodesdale

Quadrangle scale 1:24000

UTM References do NOT complete UTM references

A

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Zone Easting Northing

B

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Zone Easting Northing

C

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D

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E

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F

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G

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H

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Verbal boundary description and justification

Tax Map 56, Parcel 13

List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries

state	code	county	code

11. Form Prepared By

name/title Lauren Archibald and Judith Rosentel and Betty C. Zebooker

organization MAAR Associates, Inc. date November 1993

street & number P.O. Box 655 telephone (302) 368-5777

city or town Newark state DE

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust
Shaw House
21 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
(301) 269-2438

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
DHCP/DHCD
100 COMMUNITY PLACE
CROWNSVILLE, MD 21032-2023
1-514-7600

7. Description

Survey No. D-700

Condition		Check one	Check one
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> deteriorated	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> unaltered	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> original site
<input type="checkbox"/> good	<input type="checkbox"/> ruins	<input type="checkbox"/> altered	<input type="checkbox"/> moved date of move _____
<input type="checkbox"/> fair	<input type="checkbox"/> unexposed		

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

This house, set in farm fields, lies about 1/4 mile off the road. It is a variation of the American four-square type that probably dates from 1900-1920. Features include large dormer windows on three sides of the roof, each with tripartite windows and heavy box cornices with returns. The house's steeply pitched pyramidal roof is covered with grey slate shingles.

The 2 1/2 story house has five bays across the front with a center door and four bays on the sides. The single-level front porch is screened and has a hip roof. One-over-one sash windows throughout the house are flanked by shutters. On the main facade, the house has a screened-in front porch with wood balusters and a hip roof. There is a small sun-porch addition on the west side and a single-story, enclosed porch attached to the rear of the house. The house rests on a brick foundation and is in excellent condition. Two brick chimneys pierce the large dormers on the east and west sides of the house.

The Ralph Farm is accessed by a tree-lined driveway.

Outbuildings

There are presently five outbuildings, all situated to the north and northeast of the house. Generally, nearly all of the outbuildings appear to post-date the house. The modern farm office/garage is a long, low structure constructed of corrugated metal (non-contributing). To the north of this is a frame, gable-roofed structure with a lower, corrugated metal section built around it. The small frame structure has a chimney with stove inside, and currently serves as a tool shed. To the north of this is a linear structure covered with corrugated metal, which probably served as an animal barn. This structure has a smaller, lower wing on its south end. Behind the house is a small shed and a screened-in patio/pavilion. Situated some distance southwest of the house is a large brick bakeoven with a brick planter which post-dates the bakeoven. The bakeoven has a central hearth flanked by two lower hearths with iron grills. The bakeoven was probably constructed sometime after the house was built in the twentieth century.

8. Significance

Survey No. D-700

Period	Areas of Significance—Check and justify below			
<input type="checkbox"/> prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-historic	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> sculpture
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> social/ humanitarian
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> music	<input type="checkbox"/> theater
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government	<input type="checkbox"/> other (specify)
		<input type="checkbox"/> invention		

Specific dates	Builder/Architect
check: Applicable Criteria: <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D and/or	
Applicable Exception: <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/> G	
Level of Significance: <input type="checkbox"/> national <input type="checkbox"/> state <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> local	

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

The property on which D-700 is located was originally the home farm of Thomas Ball. In 1866, it was conveyed to his daughter, Elizabeth by the Trustee of his estate; and in 1887, Elizabeth Teasdale (nee Ball) and her husband sold the property to Charles T. Ralph. Although Ralph did not purchase the property until 1887, he appears to have occupied the premises for at least a decade prior to the date of purchase. A sign in front of the house says "Ralph Farm est. 1871." The 1877 Lake, Griffing and Stevenson Atlas map of the Vienna area shows him as the occupant of the property in 1877. The property is currently owned by the widow of Charles T. Ralph's son, Walker T. Ralph.

Since the mid-seventeenth century, the economy of the entire Eastern Shore has been based primarily on agriculture. Initially, the economy was based on the cultivation of a single cash crop, tobacco, which was not only the principal commodity of the region but also served as legal tender. The cultivation of tobacco was labor-intensive and highly specialized, requiring extensive hand cultivation. To accommodate tobacco cultivation, early plantations required housing for a large work force consisting primarily of slaves, as well as specialized buildings for the drying and storage of tobacco and wharfs and landings for its shipment abroad (Land 1974; Stiverson 1977).

During the eighteenth century, Eastern Shore planters began substituting the cultivation of tobacco with the cultivation of wheat. Wheat as a cash crop had two major advantages over tobacco. First, the cultivation of wheat was not labor-intensive and required a large work force for only a brief period of time during harvest; second, wheat was easier and cheaper to process for market (Stiverson 1977). During the late eighteenth and early nineteenth centuries, the Eastern Shore of Maryland was one of the principal commercial grain-producing regions of the United States. Wheat cultivation required different specialized buildings such as granaries and mills, as well as barns and stables for the mules, horses or oxen which played an important role in commercial grain farming.

By 1860, Maryland's Eastern Shore was no longer an important grain-producing region, and agriculture became more diversified. Some farms continued to cultivate wheat and corn as feed crops in conjunction with dairy farming, while other farms switched to the commercial cultivation of vegetables, poultry, and fruit. During this period, unsuccessful attempts were also made to cultivate rice, flax and cotton (Jones 1966; Stiverson 1977). As the scientific breeding and feeding of animals to enhance their commercial value was introduced, livestock and poultry were no longer permitted to range freely. The adoption of these scientific advances in agricultural technology

D-700: Ralph Farm, Dorchester County, Maryland

8. Significance continued

often required the construction of new kinds of highly specialized agricultural buildings such as large dairy barns, silos, and commercial chicken houses, while scientific advances in the technology of preserving and shipping farm produce resulted in the construction of structures such as packing houses, slaughter houses, and canneries.

During the late nineteenth century, farm machinery of various kinds was introduced. The mechanization of various agricultural tasks such as plowing, sowing, reaping, and milking required either the enlargement of existing farm buildings such as barns and stables or the construction of new buildings to accommodate the farm machinery. At the same time, traditional accommodations for teams of horses, mules, and oxen, as well as tack rooms and cart houses became obsolete.

Architectural evidence suggests that the house was erected in the early twentieth century and replaced an earlier house which no longer exists. The agricultural activity represented by the farm buildings and dependencies associated with the Ralph House preserves the cultural integrity of the site as part of a working farm.

The Ralph Farm is significant as a fine local example of an architecturally-intact Colonial Revival period house. The house is interesting for Dorchester County because it exemplifies national trends in residential construction of the time. While its form is essentially box-like, this house is made more elegant by the inclusion of Colonial Revival embellishments. The slate roof shingles are a rarity in rural Dorchester County. Although there are other houses from this period in the county, this is one of the best examples in the unincorporated Vienna area and it retains its original agricultural setting. The property is eligible to the National Register under Criterion C. Further research would be required to evaluate its significance under Criterion D.

Field examination of this house was limited because the owner would not allow access to the property for most of the visits.

**D-700 - Chain of Title
(Thomas Ball Home Farm, Ball Farm, Ralph Farm)**

NOTE: Ralph Farm as it presently exists is made up of two tracts of land called "Little Chicone Farm" and "Ball Farm" a.k.a. "Thomas Ball Home Farm." D-700 is associated only with the Thomas Ball Farm." The "Little Chicone Farm" tract was not acquired by the Ralph family until 1907 (Deedbook CL-33-181).

29 December 1866

FJH-11-419

Isaac H. Houston, Trustee, Est. of Thomas Ball
to
Elizabeth Ball, his daughter

Home farm of Thomas J. Ball, "Ball Farm" situated on the County roads from Vienna to Crotcher's Ferry and from Big Mills to Vienna cont. 600 acres more or less.

9 September 1887

CL-6-85

Charles Teasdale and Elizabeth, his wife, nee Ball
to
Charles T. Ralph

Tracts of land comprising "Ball Farm" cont. 600 acres more or less, reserving therefrom the family burying ground as it now exists, Ball and Teasdale families and such servants of said families as may wish to be buried there.

16 March 1904

CL-29-121

Charles T. Ralph
to
George T. Ralph

Half interest in four tracts of land including the Ball Farm lying on the County road leading from Vienna to Crotchers Ferry and from Vienna to Big Mills.

_____, _____ 1920

Recited RSM-86-4

Charles T. Ralph died and by LW&T conveyed as life estate to Annie E., his wife, with the right to dispose of as much of the property as was necessary for her support.

14 July 1938

Recited RSM-86-4

Annie E. Ralph died intestate and the property descended to her son, Walker T. Ralph.

31 December 1941

RSM-44-238

George T. Ralph
to
Walter T. Ralph

Undivided half of Ralph farm properties.

10 September 1953

RSM-86-4

Walker T. Ralph
to
Edna M. Wheatley

Land conveyed below and recorded just prior to recording of the deed described below so that Walter T. Ralph's wife's name would appear on the deed.

10 September 1953

RSM-86-9

Edna M. Wheatley, widow
to
Walker T. Ralph and Doris, his wife

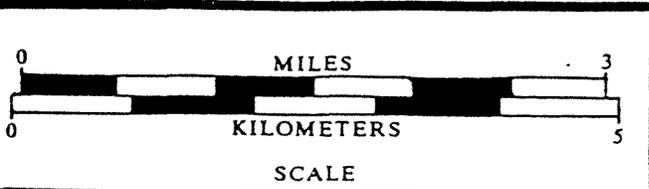
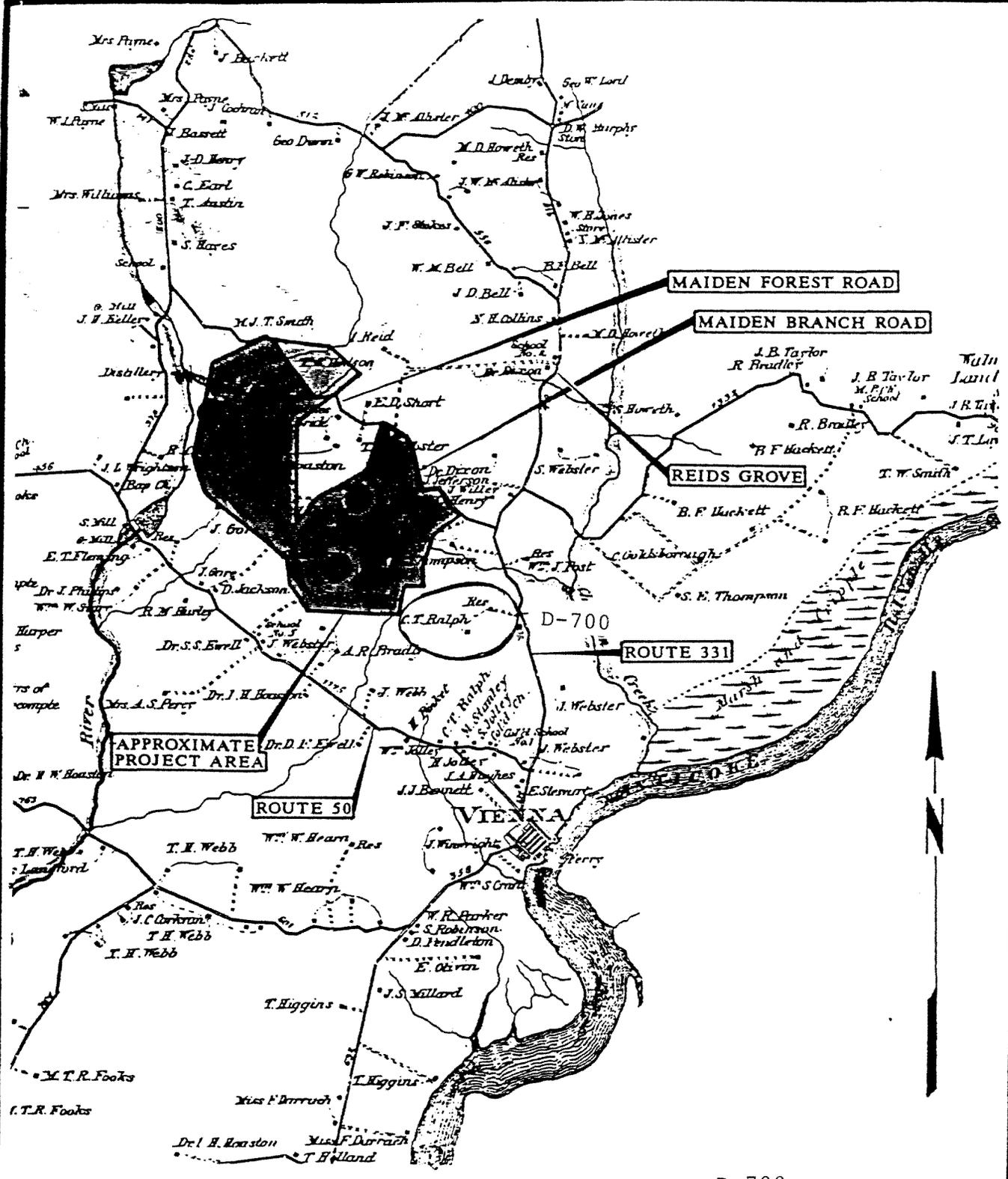
Tract #1 - "Little Chicone Farm" cont. 147 1/2 acres

Tract #2 - "Ball Farm"

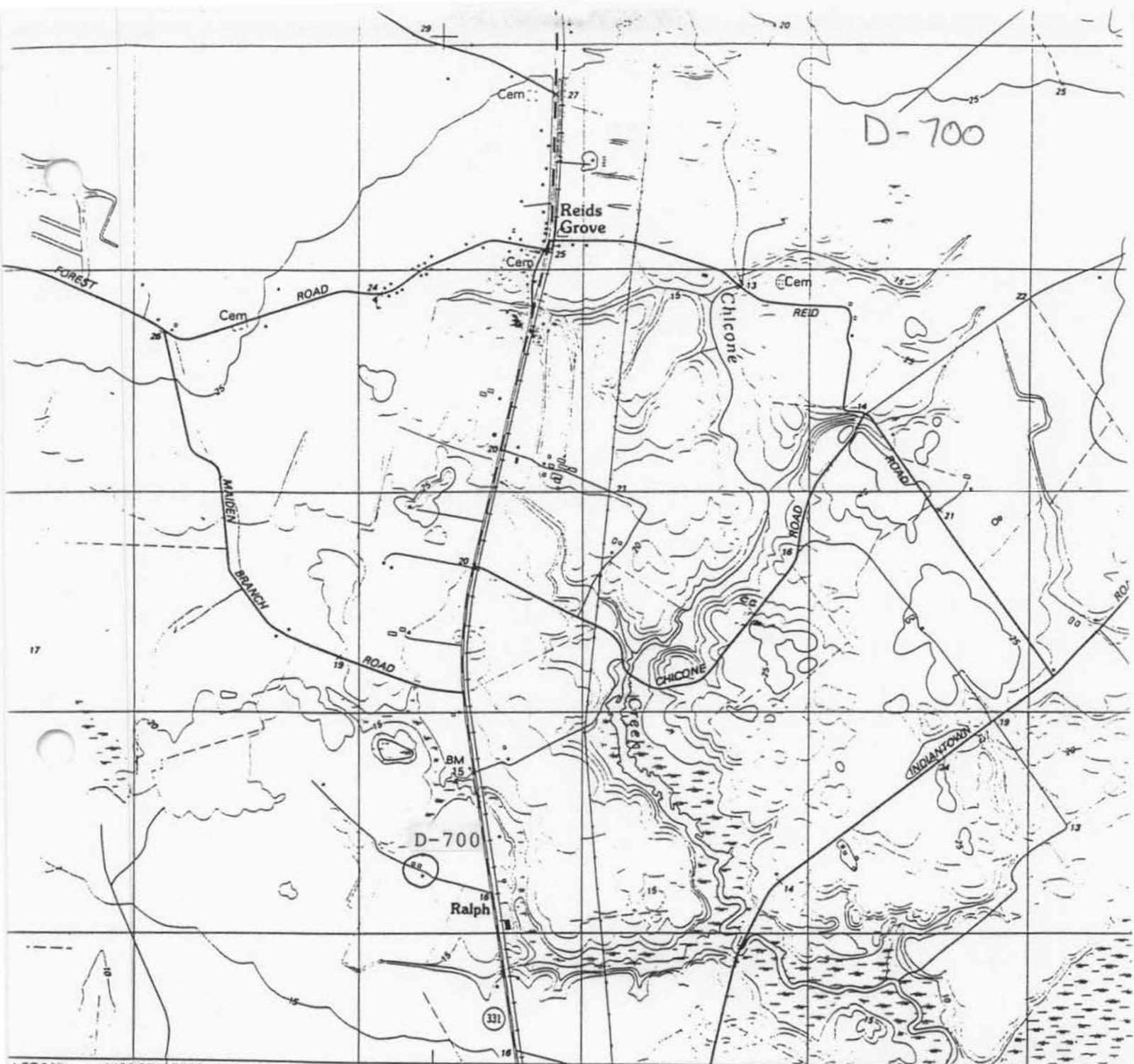
D-700: Ralph Farm, Dorchester County, Maryland

9.0 Major Bibliographical References continued

- Archibald, Lauren, Robert F. Hoffman, Betty C. Zebooker
1994 A Phase I Cultural Resources Survey Performed in Association With a Proposed Coal Fired Power Plant on the Handley-Otto-Marousek Tract Located in Dorchester County, Maryland. Submitted to Delmarva Power and Light.
- Jones, Elias
1966 New Revised History of Dorchester County, Maryland. Tidewater Publishers. Cambridge, Maryland.
- Lake, Griffing and Stevenson
1877 An Illustrated Atlas of Talbot and Dorchester Counties, Maryland.
- Land, Aubrey C.
1974 Provincial Maryland. In Maryland: A History 1632 - 1974. Richard Warsh and William L Fox (eds). Maryland Historical Society, Baltimore Maryland,
- Stiverson, Gregory A.
1977 Poverty in a Land of Plenty: Tenancy in Eighteenth Century Maryland. The Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore, Maryland.



D-700
 Ralph Farm
 Vicinity of Vienna
 Dorchester County
 An Illustrated Atlas of Talbot
 & Dorchester Counties, Md.,
 Lake, Griffing, & Stevenson, 1877



D-700

Reids Grove

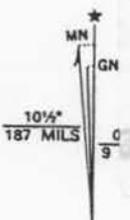
D-700

Ralph

SCALE 6 MI. 1:130 000 FEET

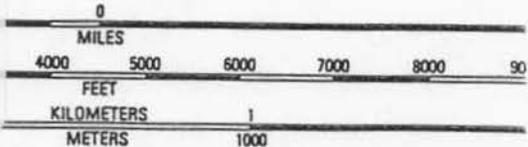
(MARDELA SPRINGS) 5860 IV NE

Survey
Photographs
e
is where
is unchecked



D-700
Ralph Farm
Vicinity of Vienna
Dorchester County
Rhodesdale quad

SCALE 1:24 000



CONTOUR INTERVAL 5 FEET
NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM OF 1929

SHORELINE SHOWN REPRESENTS THE APPROXIMATE LINE OF MEAN HIGH WATER
THE MEAN RANGE OF TIDE IS APPROXIMATELY 1 FOOT

UTM GRID AND 1988 MAGNETIC NORTH DECLINATION AT CENTER OF SHEET

RHODESDALE, MD.
1988 7.5'

THIS MAP COMPLIES WITH NATIONAL MAP ACCURACY STANDARDS
FOR SALE BY U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, DENVER, COLORADO 80225, OR RESTON, VIRG
A FOLDER DESCRIBING TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS AND SYMBOLS IS AVAILABLE ON REQUEST



D-700

SAR-11-19

RALPH FARM

DORCHESTER, MD

J. ROSENTEL

MARYLAND SHPO
SEPTEMBER 1993

VIEW OF EAST, MAIN FACADE OF HOUSE

1 of 13



D-700

RALPH FARM

DORCHESTER, MD

M. REINBOLD

FEBRUARY 1994

MARYLAND SHPO

VIEW OF MAIN ELEVATION LOOKING WEST

2 of 13



D-700

21-Roll 10 -

RALPH FARM
DORCHESTER, MD
L. ARCHIBALD

new

SEPTEMBER 1994

MARYLAND SHPO

VIEW OF EAST + SOUTH ELEVATIONS,
LOOKING TO NW

3 of 13



D-700

RALPH T FARM

DORCHESTER, MD

M. REINHOLD

FEBRUARY 1994

OVERVIEW OF HOUSE SHOWING east and
NORTH FACADES

4 of 13



D-700

20-Roll
11

RALPH FARM

NW

DORCHESTER, MD

L. ARCHIBALD

SEPTEMBER 1994

OVERVIEW OF HOUSE SHOWING EAST +
NORTH FACADES

5 of 13



D-700

16-7-93
S

RALPH FARM

DORCHESTER, MD

J. ROSENTEL

SEPTEMBER 1993

MARYLAND SHPO

VIEW OF REAR OF HOUSE (WEST ELEVATION)

6 of 13



D-700

13-72r

RALPH FARM

DORCHESTER, MD

J. ROSENTEL

SEPTEMBER 1993

MARYLAND SHPO

VIEW TO SOUTH WEST; REAR CORNER OF HOUSE
SHOWING ADDITION AND OUTBUILDINGS

7 of 13



D-700

4 - Roll
5

RALPH FARM

DORCHESTER, MD

L. ARCHIBALD

SEPTEMBER 1994

VIEW OF FARM LANE FROM FRONT OF
HOUSE LOOKING EAST

8 of 13



D-100

RALPH FARM

15-7A-

F

DORCHESTER, MD

J. ROSENTEL

SEPTEMBER 1993

MARYLAND SITE

VIEW OF FARM OFFICE/GARAGE (NON-CENTRAL)

VIEW TO NORTHEAST

9 of 13



D-700

14-7A
NE

RALPH FARM

DORCHESTER, MD

J. ROSENTEL

SEPTEMBER 1993

MARYLAND SHAD

VIEW OF OUTBUILDING- LOOKING NORTH

10 of 13



D-700

Roll
23- 10 -

RALPH FARM

DORCHESTER, MD

L. ARCHIBALD

SEPTEMBER 1994

MARYLAND SHPO

VIEW OF OUTBUILDING, LOOKING NW

11 of 13



D-700

22-10^{R11}

RALPH FARM

DORCHESTER, MD

L. ARCHIBALD

SEPTEMBER 1994

MARYLAND SHRO

VIEW OF SCREENED-IN PATIO/PAVILLION + SHED

LOOKING EAST

12 of 13



D-700

3-11^{RJH}

RALPH FARM

DORCHESTER, MD

L. ARCHIBALD

SEPTEMBER 1994

MARYLAND STATE

VIEW TO SW OF ~~BAKEOVEN~~ & PLANTER

13 of 13