

## Capsule Summary

### **Inventory No. F-3-267**

St. Timothy's Chapel  
27 Franklin St., Frederick  
Frederick County, MD  
1924  
Access: Private

Built in 1924, St Timothy's Episcopal Chapel, a stately English Gothic limestone building, stands at 27 Franklin Street on the east side of Frederick. Located about halfway between South Street and East Patrick Street, it occupies a location of raised ground on the west side of the street, and faces east. Across the street is St. Timothy's Church School, dated 1900, and to the south is Grove Park. To the north, on the west side of the street is open land extending to East Patrick Street, opposite the Frederick County Fairgrounds. The streetscape exhibits a mix of late 19th-early 20th century residential and industrial buildings on the east side of Franklin Street and open land on the west side.

St. Timothy's Episcopal Chapel, built in 1924, is potentially locally significant under National Register Criterion C as a fully intact early 20th century ecclesiastical English Gothic church building. It gains additional significance under National Register Criterion A for its history as a "mission" chapel of the All Saints Parish, which administered to the spiritual needs of the working class community that grew alongside light industries on the east side of Frederick City beginning in the late 19th century and accelerating through the first half of the 20th century.

# Maryland Historical Trust

## Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. F-3-267

### 1. Name of Property (indicate preferred name)

historic St. Timothy's Episcopal Chapel

other

### 2. Location

street and number 27 Franklin Street \_\_ not for publication

city, town Frederick \_\_ vicinity

county Frederick

### 3. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name St. Timothy's Episcopal Chapel

street and number 27 Franklin Street telephone

city, town Frederick state MD zip code 21701

### 4. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Frederick County Courthouse tax map and parcel Map 418, P. 1027A

city, town Frederick liber 344 folio 536

### 5. Primary Location of Additional Data

- Contributing Resource in National Register District
- Contributing Resource in Local Historic District
- Determined Eligible for the National Register/Maryland Register
- Determined Ineligible for the National Register/Maryland Register
- Recorded by HABS/HAER
- Historic Structure Report or Research Report at MHT
- Other: \_\_\_\_\_

### 6. Classification

Category	Ownership	Current Function	Resource Count	
<input type="checkbox"/> district	<input type="checkbox"/> public	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape	Contributing
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> building(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce/trade	<input type="checkbox"/> recreation/culture	Noncontributing
<input type="checkbox"/> structure	<input type="checkbox"/> both	<input type="checkbox"/> defense	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> religion	<input type="checkbox"/> buildings
<input type="checkbox"/> site		<input type="checkbox"/> domestic	<input type="checkbox"/> social	<input type="checkbox"/> sites
<input type="checkbox"/> object		<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation	<input type="checkbox"/> structures
		<input type="checkbox"/> funerary	<input type="checkbox"/> work in progress	<input type="checkbox"/> objects
		<input type="checkbox"/> government	<input type="checkbox"/> unknown	<input type="checkbox"/> Total
		<input type="checkbox"/> health care	<input type="checkbox"/> vacant/not in use	
		<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> other:	
				Number of Contributing Resources previously listed in the Inventory
				0

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## 7. Description

Inventory No. F-3-267

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### Condition

excellent     deteriorated  
 good         ruins  
 fair          altered

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Prepare both a one paragraph summary and a comprehensive description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

#### Summary:

Built in 1924, St Timothy's Episcopal Chapel, a stately English Gothic limestone building, stands at 27 Franklin Street on the east side of Frederick. Located about halfway between South Street and East Patrick Street, it occupies a location of raised ground on the west side of the street, and faces east. Across the street is St. Timothy's Church School, dated 1900, and to the south is Grove Park. To the north, on the west side of the street is open land extending to East Patrick Street, opposite the Frederick County Fairgrounds. The streetscape exhibits a mix of late 19th-early 20th century residential and industrial buildings on the east side of Franklin Street and open land on the west side.

#### General Description:

The church acquired the land upon which this chapel stands in 1923, and St Timothy's was constructed shortly thereafter. The building's design is characteristic of early 20th ecclesiastical architecture, drawing from English Gothic traditions. The chapel is built of limestone, with raised squared pointing, popular in the 1920s. Its east gable fronts onto the street, with a projecting frame gabled entrance pavilion. The projecting entrance bay is of board and batten construction, intended to resemble half timbering. Stone buttresses mark the corners and separate bays along the sides of the building. A watertable encircles the building about four to five feet above ground level.

At the northwest corner is a projecting square bell tower with a crenelated top. Attached to the bell tower and to the main church building is a stone extension with a hipped roof, filling the corner created by the bell tower against the north wall of the main church building. The church forms a long rectangle with six windows in its north wall and five in the south elevation. A concrete walkway leads from the street to the main entrance, and turns to continue along the north side to the rear of the building. At the base of the bell tower, concrete steps with an iron pipe railing lead down to an electrical room in the basement under the tower.

Windows are small with radial arched headers. They are recessed behind battered stone jambs. The side wall windows have 18 over 18 light sash with small panes. There is a small window in the front gable with nine over nine lights, and small 15-light windows lighting the entrance pavilion. Windows beneath the watertable light the basement area. These have newer single pane sash windows, or at the rear of the building, board and batten single leaf shutters. The lower level windows lack the radial arches and angled side walls that the main level windows have.

The main entrance is in the east elevation of the entrance pavilion. The doors are double and within a recess. Secondary entrances open into the square extension attached to the bell tower and into the north basement of the bell tower and into its west elevation. The roofing material is asphalt shingles. A chimney extends from the top of the tower against its back (west) wall. The interior of the building was not open for view.

Predating the church is St. Timothy's Church School, sited on a separate lot on the east side of Franklin Street. It is a one story three bay frame building dating from 1900, according to its cornerstone. Set gable to the street, opposite the church, it has a brick veneered front and central entrance.

#### Evaluation of integrity:

St. Timothy's Episcopal Chapel displays a high level of integrity with only minimal alteration. It retains integrity of location, setting, design, materials, workmanship, feeling and association. Only a few doors and secondary windows have been replaced along with the roofing material. The building appears to be in good condition.

# 8. Significance

Inventory No. F-3-267

Period	Areas of Significance	Check and justify below		
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> health/medicine	<input type="checkbox"/> performing arts
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy
<input type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> invention	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900-1999	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> entertainment/ recreation	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> 2000-	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> ethnic heritage	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science
	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/ settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> social history
	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning		<input type="checkbox"/> maritime history	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation		<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> other: _____

**Specific dates**      1924-current      **Architect/Builder**      Lloyd C. Culler, builder

**Construction dates**      1924

Evaluation for:  
 National Register       Maryland Register       not evaluated

Prepare a one-paragraph summary statement of significance addressing applicable criteria, followed by a narrative discussion of the history of the resource and its context. (For compliance projects, complete evaluation on a DOE Form – see manual.)

### Summary Statement of Significance

St. Timothy's Episcopal Chapel, built in 1924, is potentially locally significant under National Register Criterion C as a fully intact early 20<sup>th</sup> century ecclesiastical English Gothic church building. It gains additional significance under National Register Criterion A for its history as a "mission" chapel of the All Saints Parish, which administered to the spiritual needs of the working class community that grew alongside light industries on the east side of Frederick City beginning in the late 19<sup>th</sup> century and accelerating through the first half of the 20<sup>th</sup> century.

### Historic Context and Resource History

The slow but steady growth of the population and economic base of Frederick City during the second half of the nineteenth century encouraged city authorities to look toward expansion. In 1870, the taxable limits of Frederick were extended. The expansion encompassed a number of outlying farms, although all of the additional acreage, plus a great deal more, had been included within the original 1817 corporation boundaries. On the eastern-most edge of the new taxable boundary was the recently developed Frederick County Agricultural Society fair grounds, as well as several industrial facilities including the Ramsburg Bone Mill (part of the Ramsburg Fertilizing Co.) and the Benjamin and Franklin Schley Lime Works.

The Schley Lime Works, located on a parcel behind the Schley family manor house (E. Patrick Street, MIHP #F-3-206), operated through the 1880s under the direction of Benjamin H. and Franklin (Frank) Schley.<sup>1</sup> The brothers apparently retained the prime industrial parcel, with a right-of-way to the turnpike, even after their mother, Margaret Schley sold the manor house property in 1864. Frank Schley purchased a three-acre lot in 1862 fronting along the Baltimore Turnpike and by 1864 had constructed his own manor house (Franklin Schley House, 800 E. Patrick St., Schleysville Survey District, MIHP #F-3-221).<sup>2</sup>

Franklin Schley began construction of a series of brick rowhouses on lots fronting onto the turnpike by 1873, the subdivision appearing on the 1873 Titus Atlas map of Frederick. Over the next decade Schley added several dwellings along the side road (Franklin Street) leading to the B&O Railroad branch line. The 1887 Sanborn Insurance map shows the subdivision noted as "Schleysville." In 1886, Frank Schley died, leaving all of his property to his widow, Mary Helen (Eader) Schley.<sup>3</sup> In 1891 Mrs. Schley sold the Franklin Street houses and three lots to Conrad Ruland, who was occupied as a "Grocer and Packer" in 1900.<sup>4</sup> The East Patrick Street (Baltimore Turnpike) houses were sold to Samuel Wertheimer, also a Grocer in 1900.<sup>5</sup> Among the earliest of Frederick's industrial workers housing subdivisions, the Schleysville houses were likely initially tenanted by Schley's lime works employees, and perhaps later rented to Ruland's packing house employees among others.

By 1900, the outer edge of Frederick city had expanded with additional light industry as well as residential subdivisions. Industrial development was primarily concentrated now on the eastern edge of town, along the B&O and Pennsylvania Railroad right-of-ways. By 1908 Frederick's industrial focus shifted to the three packing plants on East South Street, several brick works, and a number of

# Maryland Historical Trust

## Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

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Name  
**Continuation Sheet**

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emerging dairy companies. Primary among the dairy operations was the White Cross Milk Company, established in 1909 on the west bank of Carroll Creek, East Patrick Street extended.<sup>1</sup> In addition to the smaller traditional houses and “Negro tenements” along the alleys of Frederick, a number of small subdivisions created specifically as housing for employees of local industries began to appear. Of particular note were those located along Water Street between East South and B&O Streets, which may have been associated with the nearby packing companies or the with the B&O Railroad. The Nicodemus Ice Cream Company constructed an enclave of ten bungalows on Pennsylvania Avenue, south of East Patrick Street extended, in 1924.<sup>2</sup> Originally platted to include fifty-six lots, the subdivision was never completed beyond the ten original dwellings and was sold to Southern Dairies, Inc. in 1928.

The Schleysville rowhouses were recombined under a single corporate owner with the the M.J. Grove Lime Company purchase of the Franklin Street lots in 1903, described as “Lots 1, 2, and 3 of Schleysville,” and 1905 purchase of the East Patrick Street section of Schleysville.<sup>6</sup> The M.J. Grove limestone quarry was located nearby on East South Street, and again, the Schleysville dwellings provided convenient housing for company employees. It was apparently the Grove Company that constructed the frame double rowhouses on Franklin Street, probably on Lot 2. The rowhouses apparently remained the property of the company until 1948, when a plat of the “Subdivision of Property of The M.J. Grove Lime Company” was recorded, showing the Franklin St. lots individually surveyed for sale. Numerous subsequent deeds for the individual houses making up Schleysville attest to its subdivision after 1948.<sup>7</sup>

### Resource History

As the industrial character of the south and east edges of Frederick City developed through the late 19<sup>th</sup> and early 20<sup>th</sup> centuries, the associated neighborhood residents found themselves cut-off by distance from the centralized, downtown locations of nearly all of the city’s religious institutions – referred to by the poet Whittier as “the clustered spires of Frederick.” In response the All Saints’ Episcopal Parish embarked on a period of mission church development in an effort to reach outlying Parish congregants and communities in need of spiritual guidance.

The St. Timothy’s Chapel began as a Mission Sunday School about 1897, established by Henry and Bertha Trail on Franklin Street within the Schleysville subdivision, then just beyond the city boundary.<sup>8</sup> The Trails were listed on the 1900 census as brother and sister, Henry the 37-year old son and Bertha the 34-year old daughter of Charles E. Trail, a prominent Frederick landowner and All Saints’ Parish vestryman. In 1900, Conrad Ruland, owner of the Franklin Street Schleysville lots, sold a 30’ by 40’ parcel out of Lot 2 to Bertha Trail, Mollie Kemp, and Mary S. Maulsby.<sup>9</sup> The frame Mission Sunday School building was constructed in 1900, according to its cornerstone, and appeared on the 1904 Sanborn Map.

In the *History of All Saints’ Parish*, Second Edition, the authors note that “one of Miss Bertha’s objectives was to turn the attention of the local residents from the neighborhood saloon to St. Timothy’s...”<sup>10</sup> Early members of the mission chapel recounted the story of their mother, Mrs. Tinney, who walked to the West Church Street All Saints’ Church services at a time when few people owned cars, indicating there was a need for a church in the area.<sup>11</sup> When Conrad Ruland sold the rest of his Schleysville Lots 1, 2, and 3 to the M.J. Grove Lime Company in 1903, the parcel “on which the Mission Church is erected” was excepted from the sale.<sup>12</sup> Clearly, the Mission Sunday School provided the foundation on which to build a new Episcopal congregation on the east end of Frederick. This was achieved by holding services first “in private homes, and subsequently in a fairgrounds building, a wooden chapel [the Mission School], and ultimately the present stone structure constructed in 1924.”<sup>13</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> Williams, p. 617. The factory building has changed ownership a number of times over nearly 100 years but continues to produce dairy products to this day (2003).

<sup>2</sup> Frederick Co. Land Record, Deed Book 368, page 240.

# Maryland Historical Trust

## Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

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Name  
**Continuation Sheet**

Number 8 Page 2

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The All Saints' Parish began raising funds to operate the "Schleysville Mission" in 1910, although general funds were likely disbursed to the mission prior to that date.<sup>14</sup> It was also in 1910 that the first Baptisms in the "Schleysville Chapel" were recorded, the parish register noting that Margaret May and Perry Curtis Orndorff were baptized by Thompson P. Ege at the chapel, at that time the frame Mission School building.<sup>15</sup> Following the death of her father, Charles E. Trail, Bertha Trail established a memorial fund in memory of her parents in 1912 which provided a salary for a chapel vicar who "had charge of the work under the general supervision of the rector of the parish."<sup>16</sup> By 1913, the frame school building was called St. Timothy's Chapel in the Parish Register, noting numerous baptisms.

In January 1922, the All Saints' Vestry meeting minutes noted, "The rector announced that the ladies in charge of St. Timothy's Chapel at Schleysville, had in contemplation the erection of a new building...It was desired by those in charge of the Mission that the title to the land when purchased and the building when erected be vested in the Vestry the latter thus assuming the responsibilities and privileges heretofore borne by individuals."<sup>17</sup> Over the next two years, a building fund was collected to the tune of \$11,7786, with a loan of \$3,700, the amount paid out to various mechanics involved in the building construction, and in particular the bulk of it to builder Lloyd C. Culler. The building was completed by January 1924 at a total cost of \$15,486.<sup>18</sup>

At the time of her death in 1940, Bertha Trail had "devoted a major part of her life to the welfare of the residents of the Schleysville area."<sup>19</sup> The beautiful and active St. Timothy's Chapel on Franklin Street was a testament to her vision and perseverance. By the 1960s, the chapel had grown to include approximately 100 Sunday School children among the congregants, large enough to "take its place in the Diocesan Family" as a Diocesan Mission.<sup>20</sup>

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## 9. Major Bibliographical References

Inventory No. F-3-267

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All Saints Parish Vestry Minutes and Registries. All Saints Parish archives, All Saints Parish, Frederick, MD.  
Frederick County Land Records. MdLandRec.Net, Maryland Archives, msa.maryland.gov.  
Helfenstein, Ernest. *History of All Saints' Parish*. Second Edition revised and expanded by Jean Davis, Carroll Hendrickson, Jr., Arthur Potts, and C. Lynne Prince. Frederick, MD: All Saints' Church, 1991.  
Williams, T.J.C. *History of Frederick County, Maryland*. Baltimore, MD: Regional Publishing Co., 1979, originally pub. 1910.

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## 10. Geographical Data

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Acreage of surveyed property	<u>.43 acre</u>	
Acreage of historical setting	<u>.43 acre</u>	
Quadrangle name	<u>Frederick</u>	Quadrangle scale: <u>1:24,000</u>

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### Verbal boundary description and justification

The St. Timothy's Episcopal Church boundary is described by the outlines of Parcel 1027A of Frederick City Tax Map 418 and Frederick County Deed Book 344, page 536.

The parcel is the historic parcel purchased for the purpose of constructed St. Timothy's Episcopal Chapel in 1923, Frederick Co. Deed Book 344, page 536.

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## 11. Form Prepared by

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name/title	Paula Reed, PhD, architectural historian; Edie Wallace, M.A., historian		
organization	Paula S. Reed & Associates, Inc.	date	May 21, 2013
street & number	1 W. Franklin St., Suite 201	telephone	301-739-2070
city or town	Hagerstown	state	Maryland

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The Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust  
DHCD/DHCP  
100 Community Place  
Crownsville, MD 21032-2023  
410-514-7600

# Maryland Historical Trust

## Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. F-3-267

Name

**Continuation Sheet**

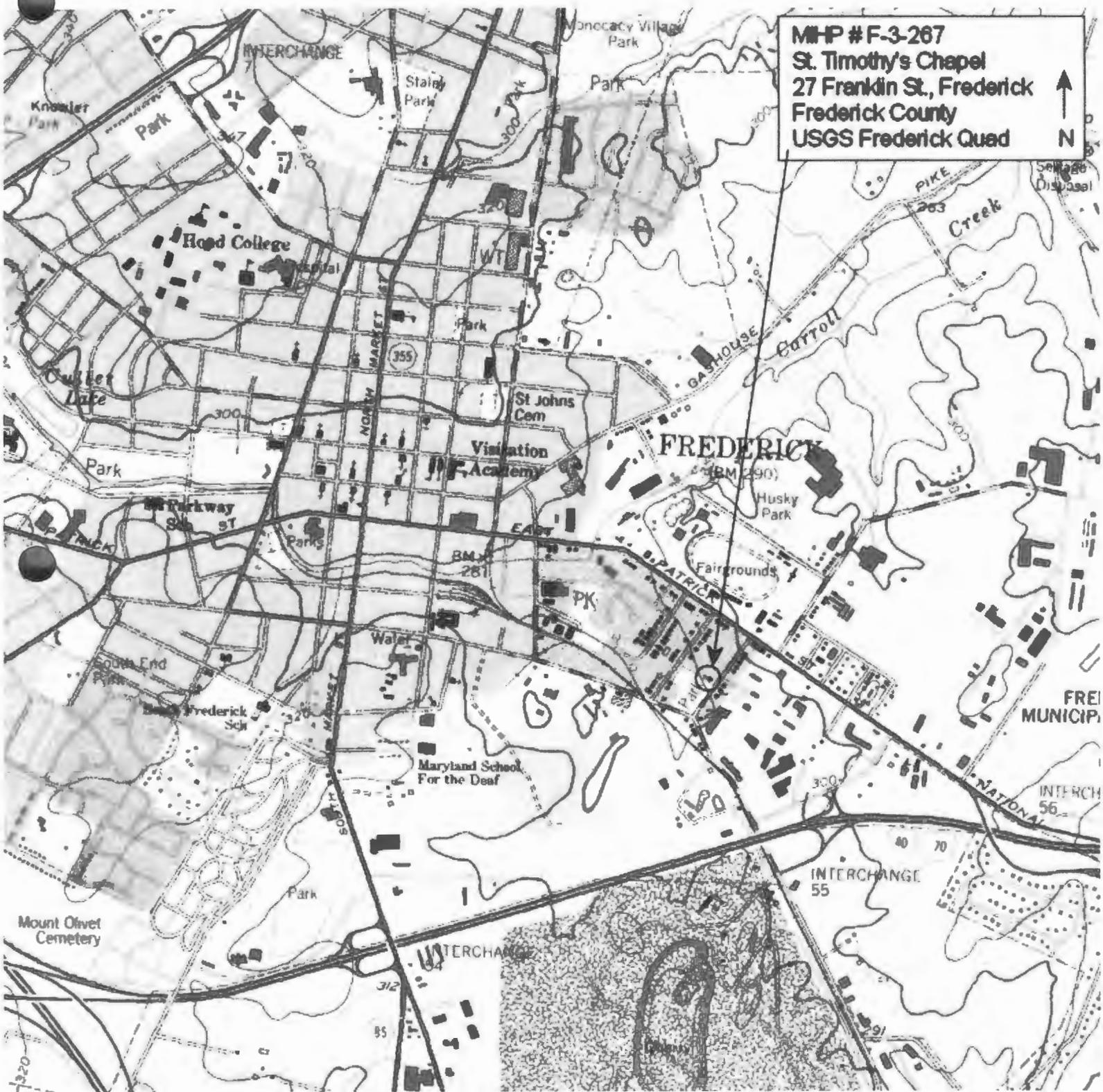
Number 9 Page 1

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### Endnotes

- <sup>1</sup> T.J.C. Williams, *History of Frederick County, Maryland*, (Baltimore, MD: Regional Publishing Co., 1979, originally pub. 1910), p. 1354.
- <sup>2</sup> Frederick Co. Land Record, Liber BGF 7, Folio 317.
- <sup>3</sup> Frederick Co. Will Book JJJ 2, page 276.
- <sup>4</sup> Frederick Co. Land Records, Liber WIP 13, Folio 333 (Schley to Hedges); Liber WIP 13, Folio 653 (Hedges to Ruland); and Liber WIP 13, Folio 373 (Schley to Ruland). A "Packer" refers to the industrial canning of vegetables and fruits.
- <sup>5</sup> Frederick Co. Land Record, Liber WIP 13, Folio 389.
- <sup>6</sup> Frederick Co. Land Record, Liber DHH 15, Folio 613 and Liber STH 271, Folio 354.
- <sup>7</sup> See Frederick Co. Land Records for example, Liber 508, Folio 248 (Grove Co. to Rippeon, 1952, #814 E. Patrick St.) and Liber 477, Folio 369 (Grove Co. to Crummit, 1949, #6 Franklin St.).
- <sup>8</sup> Ernest Helfenstein, *History of All Saints' Parish*, Second Edition revised and expanded by Jean Davis, Carroll Hendrickson, Jr., Arthur Potts, and C. Lynne Prince, (Frederick, MD: All Saints' Church, 1991), p. 105 and p. 145.
- <sup>9</sup> Fred. Co. Deed Book DHH 5, p. 526.
- <sup>10</sup> Helfenstein, p. 145.
- <sup>11</sup> Helfenstein, p. 145.
- <sup>12</sup> Fred. Co. Deed Book DHH 15, p. 613.
- <sup>13</sup> Helfenstein, p. 145.
- <sup>14</sup> "All Saints' Vestry Minutes," 1909-1914, p. 178, All Saints' Parish archives, Frederick, MD.
- <sup>15</sup> "Parish Register," 1910, p. 2, All Saints' Parish archives, Frederick, MD.
- <sup>16</sup> Helfenstein, p. 106.
- <sup>17</sup> "All Saints Vestry Minutes," 1915-1925, p. 134.
- <sup>18</sup> "All Saints Vestry Minutes," 1915-1925, p. 188 and p. 192.
- <sup>19</sup> Helfenstein, p. 145.
- <sup>20</sup> Helfenstein, p. 165.

MHP # F-3-267  
St. Timothy's Chapel  
27 Franklin St., Frederick  
Frederick County  
USGS Frederick Quad



MHP # F-3-267

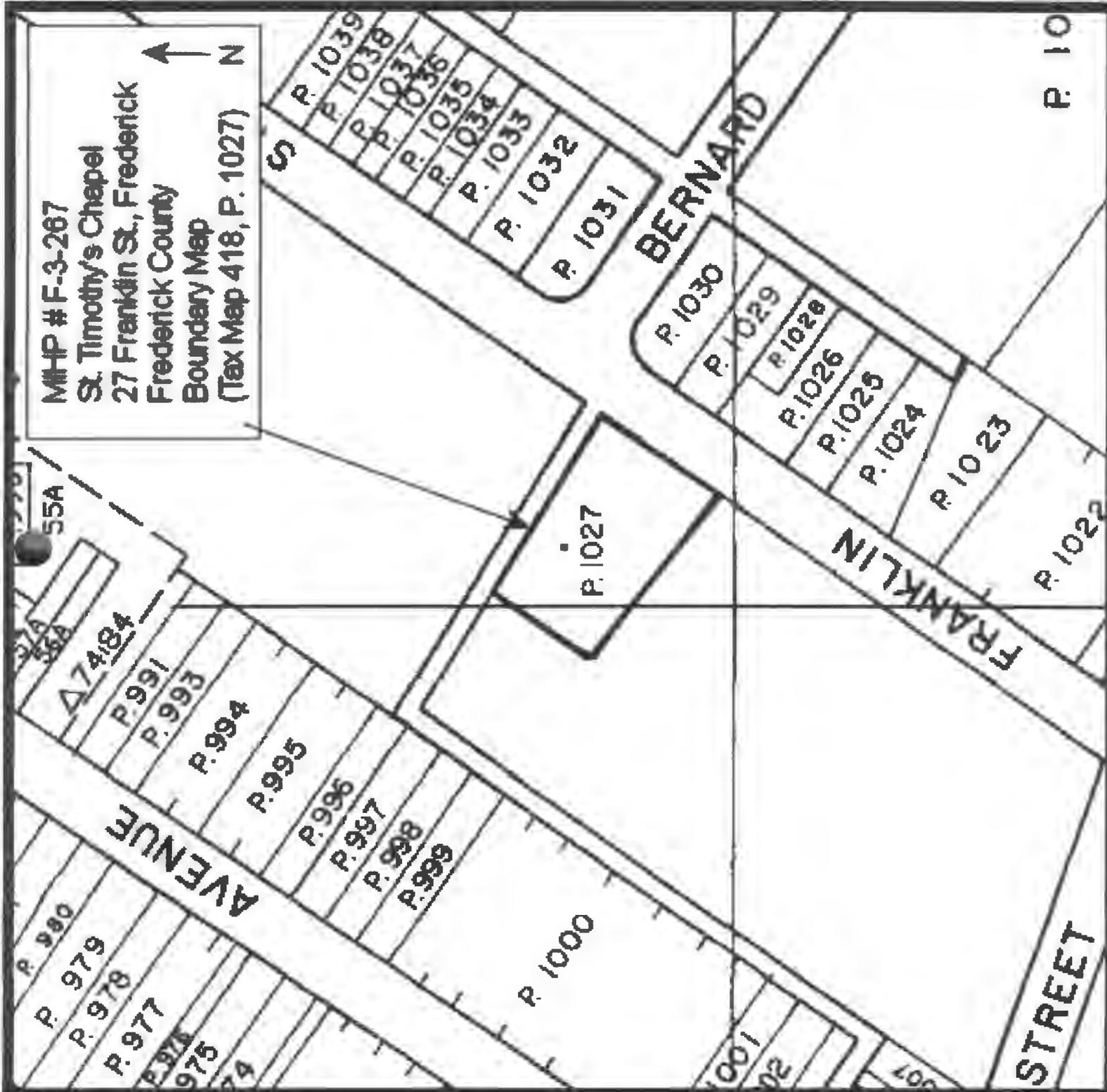
St. Timothy's Chapel

27 Franklin St., Frederick

Frederick County

Boundary Map

(Tax Map 418, P. 1027)



MHP # F-3-267  
St. Timothy's Chapel  
27 Franklin St., Frederick  
Frederick County  
Site Plan and Photo Views



chapel



property boundary

Franklin St

1900 Mission  
Sunday School

NAPA  
Auto Parts

20 ft  
10 m

**Digital Photograph Log**  
**Page 1 of 2**

**Name of Property:** St. Timothy's Chapel, MIHP # F-3-267  
**City or Vicinity:** Frederick  
**County, State:** Frederick County, MD  
**Name of Photographer:** Edie Wallace  
**Date of Photographs:** May 2013  
**Location of Original Files:** MD SHPO  
**Number of Photographs:** 13

HP 100 Gray Photo Cartridge  
HP Premium Plus Photo Paper

F-3-267\_2013-05-14\_01  
View W East elevation and setting.

F-3-267\_2013-05-14\_02  
View SW, East and North elevations.

F-3-267\_2013-05-14\_03  
View SW, North Elevation.

F-3-267\_2013-05-14\_04  
Window detail, North elevation.

F-3-267\_2013-05-14\_05  
View SW, Bell Tower.

F-3-267\_2013-05-14\_06  
Detail, Bell Tower, view SE.

F-3-267\_2013-05-14\_07  
View SE, cellar entrance.

F-3-267\_2013-05-14\_08  
View NE, West elevation.

F-3-267\_2013-05-14\_09  
View SE, West elevation.

F-3-267\_2013-05-14\_10  
West elevation, cellar window detail.

F-3-267\_2013-05-14\_11  
View NE, South elevation.

**St. Timothy's Chapel, MIHP # F-3-267**  
**Digital Photo Log, page 2 of 2**

F-3-267\_2013-05-14\_12  
View SW, detail entrance pavilion window.

F-3-267\_2013-05-14\_13  
View SE, St. Timothy's Church School.



◀ |||| F-3-267

St Timothy's Chapel  
27 Franklin St.  
Frederick, MD

Eddie Wallace, PRA, Inc  
5/2013

MD SHPO

view W. East elevation and Setting

#1 of 13



F-3-267

St. Timothy's Chapel  
27 Franklin St.  
Frederick, MD

Eddie Wallace, PRA, Inc.

5/2013

MD SHPD

view SW, E and N. elevations

#2 of 13



◀ |||| F-3-267

St. Timothy's Chapel

27 Franklin St.

Frederick, MD

Eddie Wallace, PRA, Inc.

5/2013

MD SHPO

view SW, N elevation

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F-3-267

St. Timothy's Chapel  
27 Franklin St.

Fredrick, MD

Eddie Wallace, PRA, Inc.

5/2013

MD SHPO

window detail, North elevation

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F-3-267

St Timothy's Chapel  
27 Franklin St.

Frederick, MD

Eddie Wallace, PRA, Inc.

5/2013

MD SHPO

View SW, bell tower

#5 of 13



F-3-267

St. Timothy's Chapel

27 Franklin St.

Frederick, MD

Edie Wallace, PRA, Inc.

5/2013

MD SHPO

view SE, Bell Tower, detail

#6 of 13



ELECTRICAL  
ROOM

F-3-267

St Timothy's Chapel

27 Franklin St.

Frederick, MD

Eddie Wallace, PRA, Inc.

5/2013

MD SHPO

view SE, cellar entrance

#7 of 13



F-3-267

St. Timothy's Chapel

27 Franklin St

Frederick, MD

Edie Wallace, PRA, Inc.

5/2013

MD SHPO

View NE, W. elevation

# 8 of 13



◀ |||| F-3-267

St Timothy's Chapel  
27 Franklin St.  
Frederick, MD

Edie Wallace, PRA, Inc.

5/2013

MD SHPD

View SE, W. Elevation

#9 of 13



F-3-267

St Timothy's Chapel

27 Franklin St.

Frederick, MD

Edie Wallace, PRA, Inc.

5/2013

MD SHPD

w. elevation, cellar window detail

#10 of 13



F-3-267

St. Timothy's Chapel

27 Franklin St.

Frederick, MD

Edie Wallace, PRA, Inc

5/2013

MD SHPO

view NE, S. elevation

#11 of 13



F-3-267

St. Timothy's Chapel  
27 Franklin St

Fredrick, MD

Edie Wallace, PRA, Inc.

5/2013

MD SHPD

View SW, detail entrance pavilion window

#12 of 13



450  
1900

F-3-267

St. Timothy's Chapel (St. Timothy's Church School)

27 Franklin St.

Frederick, MD

Edie Wallace, PRA, Inc.

5/2013

MD SHPD

View SE, St. Timothy's Church School

#13 of 13