

**MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY FORM**

NR Eligible: yes
no

Property Name: A.L. McKenzie House and Barn Inventory Number: G-I-B-032
 Address: 75 Sunset Vista Road Historic district: yes no
 City: Frostburg Zip Code: 21532 County: Garrett
 USGS Quadrangle(s): Frostburg
 Property Owner: Tony and Tania J. Bequette Tax Account ID Number: 009396
 Tax Map Parcel Number(s): 0190 Tax Map Number: 0021
 Project: Fourmile Ridge Wind Energy Project Agency: USACE
 Agency Prepared By: GAI Consultants, Inc.
 Preparer's Name: Tegan Baiocchi Date Prepared: 12/3/2013
 Documentation is presented in: MIHP form
 Preparer's Eligibility Recommendation: Eligibility recommended Eligibility not recommended
 Criteria: A B C D Considerations: A B C D E F G
Complete if the property is a contributing or non-contributing resource to a NR district/property:
 Name of the District/Property: _____
 Inventory Number: _____ Eligible: yes Listed: yes
 Site visit by MHT Staff yes no Name: _____ Date: _____

Description of Property and Justification: *(Please attach map and photo)*

Physical Description

The A.L. McKenzie House and Barn are located in a hilly, wooded area on the southeast side of Beall School Road south of US Route 48 and east of Sunset Vista in Frostburg, Garrett County. According to oral history information gathered during a previous 1982 survey of the property, the A.L. McKenzie House was constructed in 1903 by farmer Oscar McKenzie, and the barn was constructed in 1911 by Olin Robison using an Arthur Murphy design. Chain of Title research, however, indicates that Olin Robison owned the property before 1910, and that Oscar McKenzie owned the property after 1910.

Dwelling (1903)

The A.L. McKenzie House is a 1903 two-story wood-frame vernacular dwelling constructed upon a cut stone foundation, clad in vinyl siding, and capped with a side gable roof covered in corrugated metal. The façade (northwest elevation) features a one-story shed roof enclosed porch built upon square wood piers. A two-story gable roof ell addition is appended to the rear (southeast) elevation upon a concrete block foundation. A one-story partially enclosed flat roof porch is appended to the south corner of the main block and ell addition. A concrete block addition has been appended to the porch, which extends southeast past the ell addition. The open portion of the porch is supported by a decorative iron support. An exterior brick gable end chimney is located

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST REVIEW

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MHT Comments:

Jonathan Sagers
 Reviewer, Office of Preservation Services

1/3/14
 Date

NA
 Reviewer, National Register Program

Date

on the southeast elevation of the ell addition. Fenestration consists of one-over-one and four-over-four double-hung vinyl sash replacement windows, as well as a modern tripartite window unit on the northeast elevation.

Barn (1911)

To the southwest of the main dwelling sits a wood-frame barn constructed in 1911 upon a cut stone and concrete block foundation. The barn is clad in weatherboard and horizontal wood boards and capped with a gambrel roof covered in corrugated metal. The barn is banked on the southeast elevation, which features a shed-roofed human-sized entry. A large bay opening is located on the lower level of the northeast elevation. The barn appears to be heavily altered; in comparison with photographs from the previous 1982 survey, the barn looks to have been shortened by an entire story, removing a large bay entrance from the southeast elevation. The barn also stands in poor condition. According to the previous 1982 survey, the barn was constructed as a horse barn from a design patented by Arthur Murphy, a local resident. The previous survey states that barn was built for Olin Robison, however, he sold the property to Oscar McKenzie in 1910.

Shed (Circa-1950)

A circa-1950 two-story wood-frame shed is located to the west of the main dwelling. It is clad in asphalt shingle siding and features two wood sash windows, but it is covered in vegetation and otherwise not easily visible.

History and Significance

The first Europeans began to arrive in the area around Avilton, Maryland in the mid-eighteenth century. There is little record of those who settled in the area first, as they did not file patents or commission surveys, but built cabins and cleared small portions of land. However, after the Revolutionary War development in the area greatly expanded. The forests that covered the mountains were slowly but surely cleared. Pine forests largely made up the land between Savage and Negro Mountains, with a few other varieties like spruce and hemlock intermixed (Brown 1896:54). These large wood-covered miles attracted many hunters to the area, including Meshach Browning, who wrote a book about the many years he spent living as a pioneer in the area around Avilton and directly west. Hunters like Browning who populated the area used the National Road, which was constructed through the area in the early nineteenth century, to get their hides and meats back to eastern markets (Browning 1942:195). While the hunters settled early, it was not long before additional lots were readied for settlement. Many of the earliest lots in the area were surveyed for veterans of the Revolutionary War. Some of these lots went to men like Thomas Johnson, who eventually became Governor of Maryland. There were also land speculators who made their mark on the area, including men like Brooke Beall and William Deakins (Rowland 2009:39).

The earliest land records of the area typically consist of people with large tracts of land selling those tracts to other speculators. But, starting in the mid-1800s that began to change, as smaller portions of land were sold off, and more and more farms were raised in the valleys between the mountains. As land was freshly cleared, many farmers from east of the Appalachians began to plant tobacco. However, they learned quickly that the soil was made too poor by tobacco farming in this area (Brown 1896:300). The settlement that would later become Avilton was originally known as "The McKenzie Settlement" for the many numbers of Scottish immigrants, particularly McKenzies, who settled there. The early farmers of this area grew primarily wheat, rye, oats and potatoes. A partial listing of the founding families of this area was included in Garrett County: A History of Maryland's Tableland and includes: Garlitz, Blocher, Wilhelm, Broadwater, Miller, Crowe and Merrill among others. By 1885, the area was known as Avilton, and a post office was opened under that name (Schlosnagle 1978:65).

In the second half of the nineteenth century, railroads made their way through Garrett County, connecting the area like never before. As the railroads arrived, the many pine forests that surrounded area farms were looked at with a new sense of their value. While they had been used as a source of building materials for years, the forests were now logged and the timber was shipped to

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST REVIEW													
Eligibility recommended				Eligibility not recommended									
Criteria:	<u> </u> A	<u> </u> B	<u> </u> C	<u> </u> D	Considerations:	<u> </u> A	<u> </u> B	<u> </u> C	<u> </u> D	<u> </u> E	<u> </u> F	<u> </u> G	
MHT Comments:													
_____							_____						
Reviewer, Office of Preservation Services							Date						
_____							_____						
Reviewer, National Register Program							Date						

larger markets on the railroad. On Savage Mountain, it was the Juniata Lumber Company that took advantage of the fine timber of the area (Brown 1896:264,275). Increasingly, the agricultural area was dotted throughout by people who worked in the industry. As Jacob Brown described the area "she grew from a county of crude backwoods settlements and small self-sufficient farms to a county of coal towns, timber towns, resort towns, trade towns, and increasingly fertile fields and meadows (Brown 1896:304)." While the area was still largely rural, times were slowly changing.

By the first half of the twentieth century, more and more people were working both on their farms and in various industries. By the 1940 Census, many household heads were listed as working in mining or timbering, while it is also indicated that many continued to pursue agriculture (Ancestry.com). While they produced goods for local markets, the demands of an increasingly connected society drew more and more residents off their farms. The effects of the great depression were also seen in the 1940 Census of the area, with many people listed as road builders or general laborers who were employed in emergency government work (Ancestry.com). After World War II, some farms began to not be used for agriculture. This has led to the decline of some of the properties, and the destruction of others. Many families, descendants of the original settlers at McKenzie Settlement, continue to use the fields around Avilton to raise cows and some grains, continuing some of the traditions that were started so many years ago.

The A.L. McKenzie House and Barn property is located northwest of Frostburg in a rural area of Garrett County. The property contains a vernacular 1903 dwelling and a 1911 bank barn designed by local resident Arthur Murphy. The current property consists of approximately 23 acres of land once located within a tract known as Military Lot Number 554.

The earliest deed reference recovered for Military Lot Number 554 dates from 1859, when the heirs of Joshua J. Johnson convey several Military Lots, including Lot Number 554, to Thomas J. Johnson (Allegany County Deed Book 18: 111). According to the 1860 United States Census, Thomas J. Johnson was a wealthy farmer and landowner with at least eight children living in his household (United States Census Bureau 1860). By 1870, Thomas J. Johnson continued to farm, but four of his sons worked as lumber merchants, likely harvesting timber from their father's plentiful land (United States Census Bureau 1870). By 1880, Thomas J. Johnson had died, and in 1899, the property was sold by his heirs to his children Samuel Johnson, Charles H. Johnson, and Carrie Johnson Coulehan (Garrett County Deed Book 38: Page 23; United States Census Bureau 1880). In 1903, Samuel Johnson, Charles H. Johnson, and Carrie G. Coulehan conveyed all 50 acres of Military Lot Number 554, as well as portions of Military Lot Numbers 553 and 557 to farmer Olin D. Robison, totaling 70 acres (Garrett County Deed Book 44: Page 80).

According to the 1910 United States Census, Olin D. Robison worked as a lumberman at a saw mill, and it is likely that he is responsible for constructing the 1903 dwelling that is extant on the property (United States Census Bureau 1910). A previous 1982 survey of the property stated that Oscar McKenzie built the 1903 dwelling, but land records show that he did not own the property until 1910. In turn, the 1982 survey stated that Olin D. Robison constructed the extant bank barn in 1911, but Olin D. Robison did not own the property in 1911. Olin D. Robison sold the 70-acre property to Oscar Mckenzie in 1910, and the Robisons are listed in the 1920 census as residing on West Main Street in Frostburg (Garrett County Deed Book 61:463; United States Census Bureau 1920).

In 1910, fire clay miner Oscar McKenzie purchased Olin D. Robison's 70-acre property, including Military Lot 554 (Garrett County Deed Book 61: 463). Oscar McKenzie only owned the property two years before selling it to George Pulliam in 1912 (Garrett County Deed Book 64: 37). George Pullium sold the property to William Francis Montgomery of Cumberland, Allegany County, in 1914 (Garrett County Deed Book 66: 485). According to the 1910 United States Census, William F. Montgomery worked as a brakeman for the Western Maryland Railroad (United States Census Bureau 1910). William F. Montgomery and his wife Ida sold the property in February 1919 to George W. Huff and Carl G. Mullin, likely without ever residing on the property (Garrett County Deed Book 76: 10). In July of that year, George W. Huff conveyed his one-half interest in the property to Carl G. Mullin (Garrett County Deed Book 76: 391).

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MHT Comments:													
_____ Reviewer, Office of Preservation Services							_____ Date						
_____ Reviewer, National Register Program							_____ Date						

According to city directories for Cumberland, Allegany County from 1919 to 1933, Carl G. Mullin was an Attorney-at-Law who lived at the Washington Hotel in Cumberland (Ancestry.com 2011). In 1931, Carl Mullin defaulted on his mortgage for the property, and it was sold at public auction to the Maryland Land Company (Garrett County Deed Book 104: 144). The property was described in the deed as 71 acres, including Military Lot Number 554 and parts of Military Lot Numbers 553 and 557, and including a six-room dwelling house, a garage, and a barn. George E. Taylor, an outside foreman for a local coal mine, and his wife Maude purchased Military Lot Number 554, totaling 50 acres.

The 1940 United States Census lists George and Maude Taylor and their family as living in Frostburg, Allegany County, in the same house in which they lived in 1935, so it is not clear whether the family ever lived on the property, or whether this was recorded in error (United States Census Bureau 1940). In 1949, George and Maude Taylor sold the property to Albert and Ethel McKenzie (Garrett County Deed Book 139: 489). According to the 1940 census, Albert L. McKenzie was a coal miner who lived with his wife and daughter on Lonaconing Road before purchasing the property on Beall School Road. He later worked as a truck driver and mixer for the Celanese Fibers Corporation near Cumberland, Allegany County (Cumberland Times-News 25 August 2000). Albert and Ethel McKenzie conveyed the property to their daughter Pauline McKenzie Garlitz in 1998 (Garrett County Deed Book 764: 106). Albert L. McKenzie died on August 24, 2000, and in October of that year, Pauline Garlitz and Ethel McKenzie sold approximately 23 acres of the property to Tony and Tania J. Bequette (Garrett County Deed Book 824: 248).

NRHP Evaluation

No information could be located that connects the A. L. McKenzie House and Barn property to significant events or themes in local, state, or national history. As such, this resource is recommended not eligible for NRHP listing under Criterion A. The extant resources on the property are associated with several individuals, including Olin Robison and Oscar McKenzie, who may have constructed the house and barn. Local historical and genealogical sources provide no further information relating to Olin Robison, Oscar McKenzie, or any other individuals associated with the property, and there is no evidence that any individuals associated with the property were significant in local, state, or national history. Therefore, this resource is recommended not eligible for NRHP listing under Criterion B. The A. L. McKenzie House stands as a common and unexceptional example of early twentieth-century vernacular architecture in western Maryland. In addition, the house is heavily altered, and the enclosure of the porch and addition of vinyl siding and vinyl replacement windows have diminished the dwelling's historic character and integrity. The associated bank barn to the south has also been altered and stands in poor condition, with key architectural elements removed and altered. Therefore, the A. L. McKenzie House and Barn property is recommended not eligible for NRHP listing under Criterion C. Eligibility under Criterion D cannot be determined as the resource has not undergone archaeological testing.

References

Allegany County Land Records
Various years Recorder of Deeds. Retrieved from <http://www.mdlandrec.net>.

Ancestry.com.
2011 U.S. City Directories, 1821-1989 [database on-line]. Available at Ancestry.com.

Brown, Jacob
1896 Brown's Miscellaneous Writings Upon a Great Variety of Subjects. J. J. Miller: Cumberland, MD.

Browning, Meshach

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Eligibility recommended				Eligibility not recommended									
Criteria:	<u> </u> A	<u> </u> B	<u> </u> C	<u> </u> D	Considerations:	<u> </u> A	<u> </u> B	<u> </u> C	<u> </u> D	<u> </u> E	<u> </u> F	<u> </u> G	
MHT Comments:													
_____							_____						
Reviewer, Office of Preservation Services							Date						
_____							_____						
Reviewer, National Register Program							Date						

1942 44 Years of the Life of a Hunter. Winston Printing Company: Winston-Salem, NC.

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2000 "Albert L. McKenzie." 26 August. Cumberland, MD.

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2011a "John F. Robeson." Find a Grave. Electronic document, <http://www.findagrave.com/cgi-bin/fg.cgi?page=gr&Grid=71323471>, accessed December 1, 2013.

2011b "William J. Robeson." Find a Grave. Electronic document, <http://www.findagrave.com/cgi-bin/fg.cgi?page=gr&Grid=71242787>, accessed December 1, 2013.

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H., W. A.

1935 Map of Military Lots, Tracts, Escheats, &c. in Garrett County, MD and Allegany County, MD. West of Cumberland: Prepared Under Act of 1874 Chapter 322 &c.

Rowland, Tim

2009 Maryland's Appalachian Highlands. History Press: Charleston, SC.

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United States Census Bureau

1870 1870 United States Federal Census. Available at Ancestry.com.

1880 1880 United States Federal Census. Available at Ancestry.com.

1900 1900 United States Federal Census. Available at Ancestry.com.

1910 1910 United States Federal Census. Available at Ancestry.com.

1920 1920 United States Federal Census. Available at Ancestry.com.

1930 1930 United States Federal Census. Available at Ancestry.com.

1940 1940 United States Federal Census. Available at Ancestry.com.

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Date

Reviewer, National Register Program

Date



Main Dwelling

Shed

Barn

Sunset Vista

Mels Rd

Beall School Rd

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8
- 9

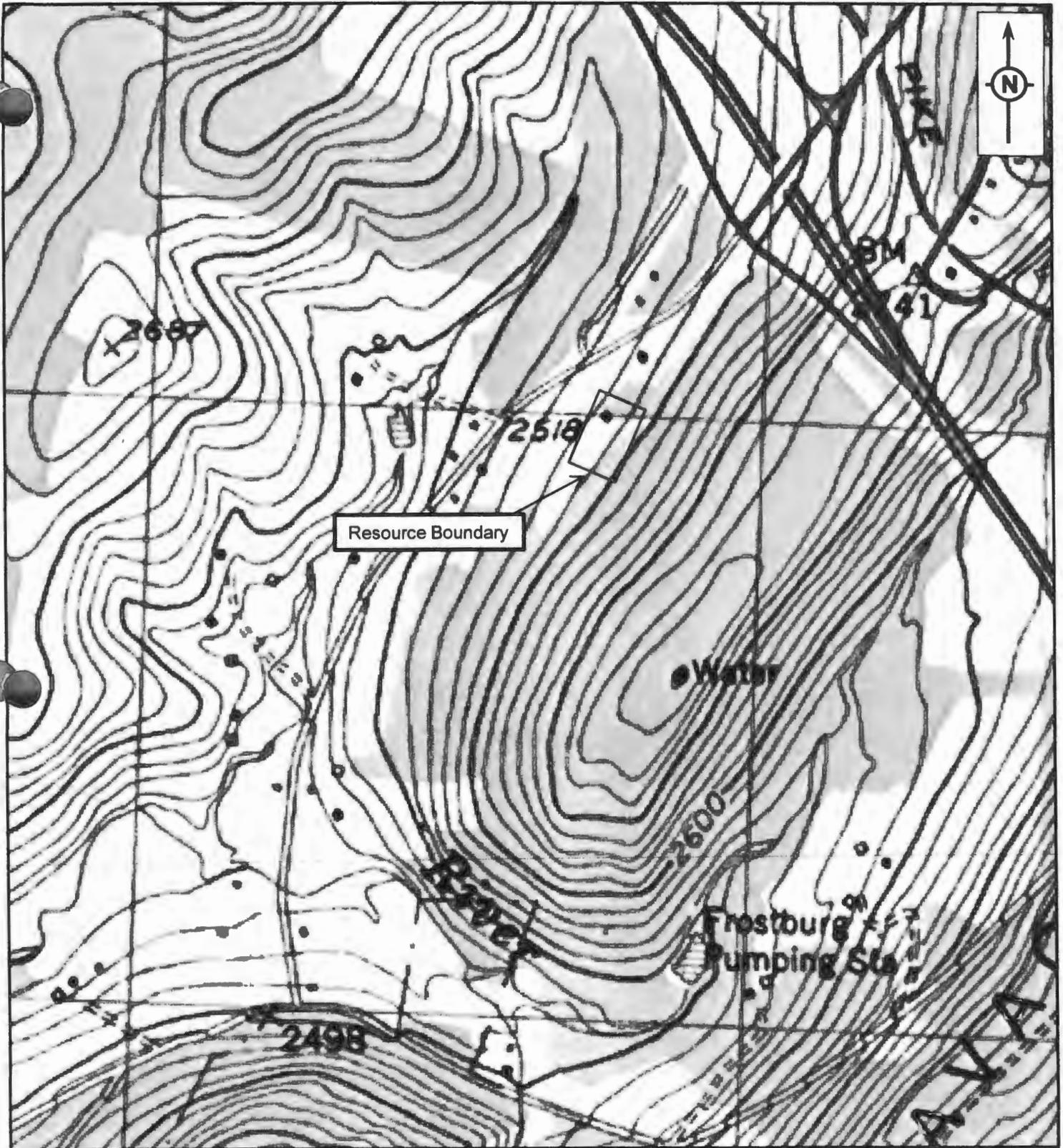


SOURCE: MICROSOFT CORPORATION, 2013.

gai consultants

G-I-B-032
Resource Sketch Map

A.L. McKenzie House and Barn
75 Sunset Vista Road
Frostburg, Garrett County



SOURCE: USGS 7.5 MINUTE FROSTBURG
QUADRANGLE MAP (1998).

gai consultants

G-I-B-032

A.L. McKenzie House and Barn
75 Sunset Vista Road
Frostburg, Garrett County

G-I-B-032

A.L. McKenzie House and Barn

GAI Consultants, Inc.

Previously Recorded Resources within Indirect APE – Fourmile Wind Energy Project

Garrett County, Maryland

Epson Premium Glossy Paper/Epson UltraChrome pigmented inks

G-I-B-0032_2013-08-22_01 – Main dwelling, southwest façade, facing northeast

G-I-B-0032_2013-08-22_02 – Main dwelling, northwest façade, facing east

G-I-B-0032_2013-08-22_03 – Main dwelling, northwest and northeast facades, facing south

G-I-B-0032_2013-08-22_04 – Main dwelling, southeast façade, facing northeast

G-I-B-0032_2013-08-22_05 – Shed, facing east

G-I-B-0032_2013-08-22_06 – Barn, facing south



G-1-B-032

A.L. McKenzie House and Barn
Garrett County, Maryland

Liz Williams

8-22-15

MD SHPO

Main dwelling, southwest facade, facing northeast

1/6



Gr-1-B-. 032

A.L. McKenzie House and Barn
Garrett County, Maryland

Liz Williams

8-22-13

MD SHPO

Main dwelling, northwest facade; facing east

2/6



G-1-B-032

A.L. McKenzie House and Barn
Garrett County, Maryland

Liz Williams

8-22-13

MO SHPO

Main dwelling, northwest and southeast facades, facing south

3/6



G-1-B- 032

A-L. McKenzie House and Barn
Garrett County, Maryland

Liz Williams

8-22-13

MD SHPO

Main dwelling, Southeast facade, facing northeast

4/6



G-1-B- 232
A.L. McKenzie House and Barn
Garrett County, Maryland
Liz Williams
8-22-13
MD SHED
Shed, facing east
5/6



G-1-B-032
A-L. McKenzie House and Barn
Garrett County, Maryland
Liz Williams
8-22-13
MO SHPD
Barn, facing South
6/6

G-I-B-032

A.L. McKenzie House and Barn
Frostburg
Private

1903

The A.L. McKenzie stud constructed house is a three bay by one bay, two story house in an ell configuration. The house rests on a low, cut stone foundation. The house is covered on all elevations, and on the roof, with asphalt shingles. The original siding is lapped weatherboard. There is a small frame shed behind and to the north of the house. The house was built by farmer Oscar McKenzie in 1903.

The frame bank barn was built in 1911 after a patented design by Arthur Murphy, a local inhabitant.

INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY 1201605735

1 NAME

HISTORIC

AND/OR COMMON

A. L. McKenzie House & Barn

2 LOCATION

STREET & NUMBER

Beall School Rd., approx. 3/10 mile south of Route 48

CITY, TOWN

Frostburg

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

6th

— VICINITY OF

STATE

Maryland

COUNTY

Garrett County

3 CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY

__DISTRICT

BUILDING(S)

__STRUCTURE

__SITE

__OBJECT

OWNERSHIP

__PUBLIC

PRIVATE

__BOTH

PUBLIC ACQUISITION

__IN PROCESS

__BEING CONSIDERED

STATUS

OCCUPIED

__UNOCCUPIED

__WORK IN PROGRESS

ACCESSIBLE

__YES: RESTRICTED

__YES: UNRESTRICTED

NO

PRESENT USE

__AGRICULTURE

__COMMERCIAL

__EDUCATIONAL

__ENTERTAINMENT

__GOVERNMENT

__INDUSTRIAL

__MILITARY

__MUSEUM

__PARK

PRIVATE RESIDENCE

__RELIGIOUS

__SCIENTIFIC

__TRANSPORTATION

__OTHER

4 OWNER OF PROPERTY

NAME

Telephone #:

STREET & NUMBER

CITY, TOWN

— VICINITY OF

STATE, zip code

5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION

COURTHOUSE,
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.

Garrett County Courthouse

Liber #:

Folio #:

STREET & NUMBER

Third and Alder Streets

CITY, TOWN

Oakland

STATE

Maryland 21550

6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE

None

DATE

__FEDERAL __STATE __COUNTY __LOCAL

DEPOSITORY FOR
SURVEY RECORDS

CITY, TOWN

STATE

7 DESCRIPTION

G-I-B-032

CONDITION		CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE
<input type="checkbox"/> EXCELLENT	<input type="checkbox"/> DETERIORATED	<input type="checkbox"/> UNALTERED	<input type="checkbox"/> ORIGINAL SITE
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GOOD	<input type="checkbox"/> RUINS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ALTERED	<input type="checkbox"/> MOVED DATE _____
<input type="checkbox"/> FAIR	<input type="checkbox"/> UNEXPOSED		

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

This frame, stud constructed house is situated in a hilly, wooded area and faces west. It is a three bay by one bay, two story house in an ell configuration. One story shed additions meet in the the corner of the rear (east) elevation and the ell of the house. A single story enclosed shed addition covers the facade.

An exterior brick chimney is located on the rear of the ell addition. One over one sash windows light the house. The house rests on a low, cut stone foundation. The house is covered on all elevations, and on the roof, with asphalt shingles. The original siding is lapped weather-board.

There is a small frame shed behind and to the north of the house. The barn is a frame, gambrel roof barn, consisting of one mow and threshing floor. It was constructed in 1911 for horses by Olin D. Robinson, after a patented design by Arthur Murphy, both local inhabitants.

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW			
<input type="checkbox"/> PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNITY PLANNING	<input type="checkbox"/> LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> RELIGION
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> CONSERVATION	<input type="checkbox"/> LAW	<input type="checkbox"/> SCIENCE
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> ECONOMICS	<input type="checkbox"/> LITERATURE	<input type="checkbox"/> SCULPTURE
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> EDUCATION	<input type="checkbox"/> MILITARY	<input type="checkbox"/> SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> ART	<input type="checkbox"/> ENGINEERING	<input type="checkbox"/> MUSIC	<input type="checkbox"/> THEATER
<input type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCE	<input type="checkbox"/> EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> PHILOSOPHY	<input type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNICATIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRY	<input type="checkbox"/> POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (SPECIFY)
		<input type="checkbox"/> INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES	1903	BUILDER/ARCHITECT	Oscar McKenzie
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STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

This house is an example of a common western Maryland type. Houses of this general configuration, a rectangular main block and rear kitchen wing, were constructed in Garrett County from the late nineteenth through the early twentieth centuries.

The house was built by farmer Oscar McKenzie in 1903. The McKenzie barn was built in 1911 as a horse barn. It was designed to withstand high winds, by Arthur Murphy, who held a patent for this design. According to the present occupant, A.L. McKenzie, there are three Murphy designed barns still extant in the area, one being the Ray Crowe barn (G-I-B-123). Olin D. Robinson, in the local timber business, constructed the barn.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Interview with A.L. McKenzie, December 4, 1980.

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY _____

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE	COUNTY
STATE	COUNTY

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

Donna Ware, Historian

ORGANIZATION

Maryland Historical Trust/Bureau of Mines

DATE

May, 1982

STREET & NUMBER

Shaw House, 21 State Circle

TELEPHONE

301-269-2438

CITY OR TOWN

Annapolis

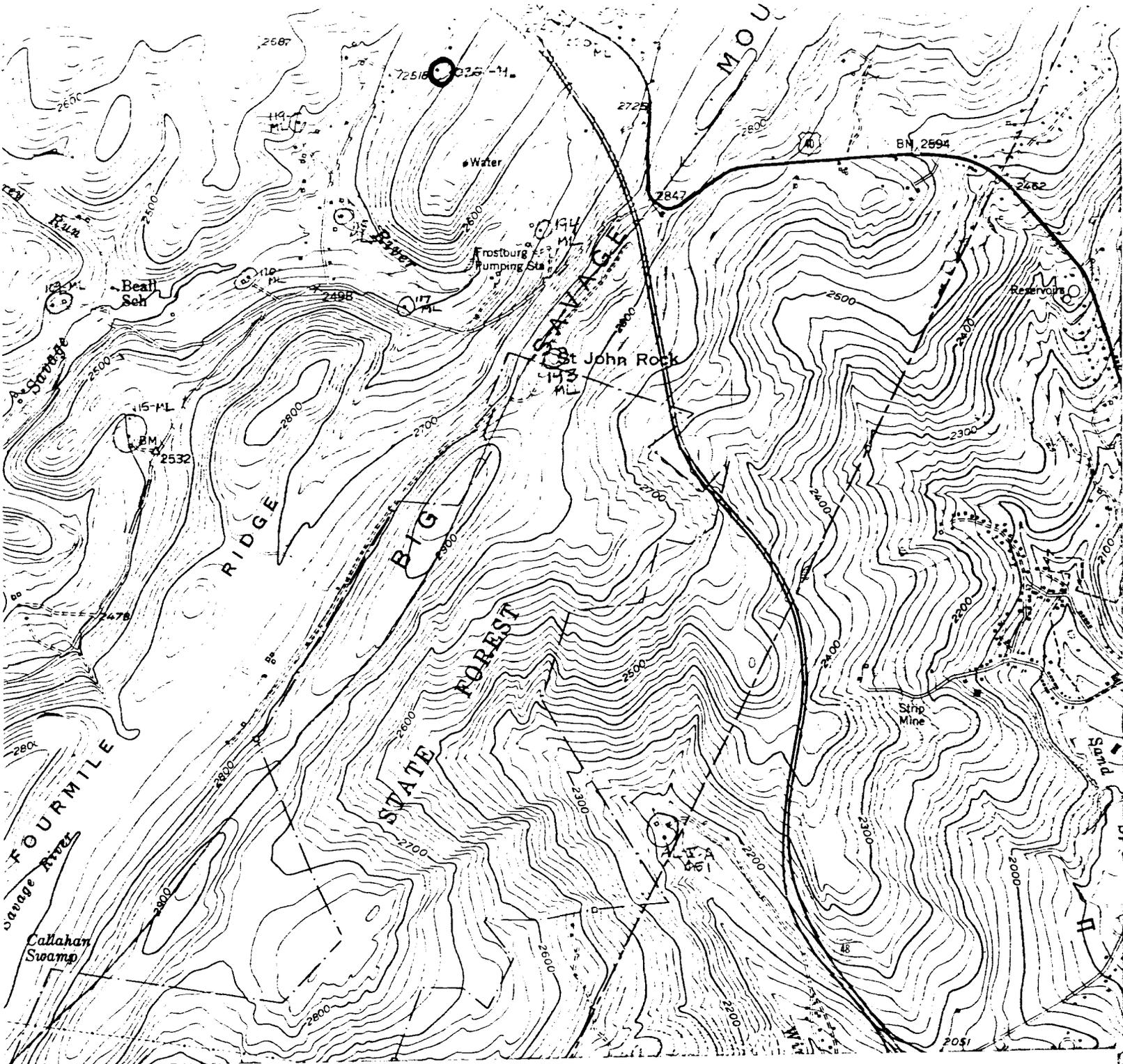
STATE

Maryland 21401

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust
The Shaw House, 21 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
(301) 267-1438



Frostburg; MD:PA
USGS 7.5 Minute Series
Scale 1:24,000
1949; photorevised 1974

G-I-B-032
A.L. McKenzie House & Barn
Beall School Road
approx. 3/10 mile south of Rt. 48.



G-I-B-032

A. L. McKenzie Hs. & Barn

Garrett Co., MD

Donna Ware 12/4/80

S gable end



G-I-B-032

A. L. McKenzie Hs. & Barn

Garrett Co., MD

Donna Ware 12/4/80

Facade, W elev.



G-I-B-032

A. L. McKenzie Hs. & Barn

Garrett Co., MD

Donna Ware 12/4/80

Barn: E. elev & N. gable end