MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST WORKSHEET

NOMINATION FORM
for the
NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES, NATIONAL PARKS SERVICE

1. NAME
   COMMON: Patapsco Female Institute
   AND/OR HISTORICAL: same

2. LOCATION
   STREET AND NUMBER: Church Road
   CITY OR TOWN: Ellicott City
   STATE: Md. 21043

3. CLASSIFICATION
   CATEGORY (Check One)
   DISTRICT Building
   SITE Structure
   OBJECT

   OWNERSHIP
   PUBLIC Public
   PRIVATE Private
   BATH Bath

   PUBLIC ACQUISITION
   IN PROCESS In Process
   BEING CONSIDERED Being Considered

   STATUS
   OCCUPIED Occupied
   UNOCCUPIED Unoccupied
   PRESERVATION WORK in progress

   ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBLIC
   YES: Restricted
   NO: Unrestricted

   PRESENT USE (Check One or More as Appropriate)
   AGRICULTURAL
   COMMERCIAL
   EDUCATIONAL
   ENTERTAINMENT
   GOVERNMENT
   INDUSTRIAL
   MILITARY
   MUSEUM
   PRIVATE RESIDENCE
   RELIGIOUS
   SCIENTIFIC
   TRANSPORTATION
   OTHER (Specify) Unoccupied Ruin

4. OWNER OF PROPERTY
   OWNER'S NAME: Howard County
   STREET AND NUMBER: Court House
   CITY OR TOWN: Ellicott City
   STATE: Md. 21043

5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION
   COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC:
   COURT HOUSE
   STREET AND NUMBER: Court Ave.
   CITY OR TOWN: Ellicott City
   STATE: Md. 21043

   TITLE REFERENCE OF CURRENT DEED (BOOK & PG. #)

6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS
   TITLE OF SURVEY:
   DATE OF SURVEY:
   DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS:
   STREET AND NUMBER:
   CITY OR TOWN: STATE: 
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CONDITION</th>
<th>□ Excellent □ Good □ Fair □ Deteriorated □ Ruins □ Unexposed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>□ Altered □ Unaltered</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>□ Moved □ Original Site</td>
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</table>

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance.
The ruins of the Patapsco Female Institute are quite magnificent. The Greek Revival building designed by architect Robert Cary Long, Jr. and built by Charles Timanus is of cut and dressed rare yellow tinted granite quarried locally. The four columns under the great portico still remain though they are in constant danger from the elements. The building is but a shell—all interior wooden parts having been removed by a previous owner so that the walls are open to attacks from weather and vandals as well as the ravishes of time. Some local effort was made in 1968 by the Friends of the Patapsco Institute Inc. to restore the building but the project was abandoned due to a lack of interest by the public. Since then the County has tried several times to demolish the building—at one time there were attempts to build the People's Court Bldg. on the site but the idea did not succeed and the Friends have thwarted all attempts at demolition.

The original Greek Revival structure was changed only slightly from Long's original plans when a chapel wing was added (designed by N. C. Starkwether) in 1856 and dormers over the portico were added to accommodate the students' dormitory area.

The roof was of tin and two large cisterns atop the roof held water for the school's needs.

When built the entire 57-room structure cost little more than $12,000. The chapel wing added $4,600 to the building.
Charles Timanus has been given credit for the building since Mr. Long left the job in disgust over a dispute with the building committee. The trustees, it seems, wished a cupola on top of the building—an item which Mr. Long found incompatible with his Greek Revival design.

The original grounds were beautifully landscaped with boxwood, day lilies, iris, wysteria, and many magnificent trees. Under the direction of the Friends the grounds were enclosed with a Page Fence and some attempt was made to clear the honeysuckle and debris but little has been done in the past few years.
### 8. SIGNIFICANCE

#### PERIOD (Check One or More as Appropriate)
- [ ] Pre-Columbian
- [ ] 16th Century
- [ ] 18th Century
- [x] 19th Century
- [ ] 20th Century

#### SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicable and Known)

#### AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Check One or More as Appropriate)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Aboriginal</th>
<th>Prehistoric</th>
<th>Historic</th>
<th>Agriculture</th>
<th>Architecture</th>
<th>Art</th>
<th>Commerce</th>
<th>Communications</th>
<th>Conservation</th>
<th>Education</th>
<th>Engineering</th>
<th>Industry</th>
<th>Invention</th>
<th>Landscape</th>
<th>Literature</th>
<th>Military</th>
<th>Music</th>
<th>Political</th>
<th>Religion/Philosophy</th>
<th>Social/Humanitarian</th>
<th>Theater</th>
<th>Transportation</th>
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#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE
The Patapsco Female Institute, a 'select' finishing school for well-bred young ladies, was officially open January 1, 1837. Designed by the well-known Maryland architect, Robert Cary Long, Jr., in the Greek Revival style of the period, the Institute was built high above Ellicott City of rare yellow tinted granite donated by the Ellicott brothers. The land upon which it stands was also donated by the Ellicotts.

Among its famous alumnae was the daughter of Jefferson Davis, Winnie Davis, and the mother of the Duchess of Windsor. Thomas Jefferson's great grand daughter, Miss Sally Randolph, was headmistress of the school.

The Institute was the second school of its type for young ladies established in the country. It was originally supported by private contributions as well as state grants and was at first required to 'educate eight poorgirls, free of charge' for which it was to be paid eight hundred dollars per year out of the treasury of the State of Maryland. This idea was suggested by George Ellicott and was conceivably the forerunner of today's state scholarship program.

Governor Thomas Watkins Ligon, 33rd governor of Maryland, served as its president after his retirement from public service in 1857.

Following the Civil War, the Institute's reputation gradually diminished and it closed its doors as a school in
In that year, it was purchased by a Mr. James E. Tyson and turned into a summer hotel. In 1905, Miss Lilly Tyson bought the Institute and renamed it "Berg Alnwick" after Alnwick Castle, the ancestral home of the Tyson family in England.

In 1917, it was fitted out as a 50 bed hospital for use by returning wounded World War I veterans. The institute in the 1930's was known as the "Hill Top Theatre" and was the scene of a number of summer theatre productions directed by the well known local artist and actor Don Swann.

The last owner of the Institute to actually live in it was the late Mrs. Manola Brennan who bought it in the early 1940's and willed it upon her death to her daughter. The daughter, in turn, sold it in 1958 to Dr. James Whisman.

Dr. James Whisman's efforts to continue to use the building as a nursing home were thwarted by the County Building Inspector's insistence that it was a fire trap and that all wooden parts had to be removed. Dr. Whisman then sold the contents of the building (paneled walls, flooring, mantels, shutters, etc.) to a wrecking contractor and the building was gutted and reduced to its present condition.

When Dr. Whisman died in 1965, he deeded it to his alma mater, the University of Cincinnati, from whom the County Commissioners purchased it in 1966.
In 1966 the 'Friends of the Patapsco Institute' incorporated through public subscription, to restore the building as a civic and cultural center. Because of public apathy the project was unsuccessful though the Friends did succeed in fencing the area against vandals and have so far stopped the county from clearing the ruins from the site.
**9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES**

- E.C. Bicentennial Journal, vol. 1 no. 1, Sec. 8, 1972, E.C. Times
- Schofield Map of Ellicott City, 1857, Key.

**10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>CORNER</th>
<th>LATITUDE</th>
<th>LONGITUDE</th>
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<td>SW</td>
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**APPROXIMATE ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY:** 8 acres

**Acreage Justification:**

*Original acreage*

**LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STATE</th>
<th>COUNTY</th>
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**FORM PREPARED BY**

- **NAME AND TITLE:** Jean O. Hanlon, v. pres., NEC
- **ORGANIZATION:** Historic Ellicott City, Inc.
- **STREET AND NUMBER:** 2416 McKenzie Rd.
- **CITY OR TOWN:** Ellicott City
- **STATE:** Md. 21043
- **DATE:** 1/72

**State Liaison Officer Review:** (Office Use Only)

**Significance of this property is:**

National [ ] State [ ] Local [ ]

**Signature**
Patapsco Female Institute is a huge Greek Revival building set upon the top of a hill above Ellicott City. It was designed by Robert Cary Long, Jr. and built in 1837 as a finishing school for "well bred young ladies". The interior materials are stored. The main portion of the structure has a center door below a Greek arch, flanked by a window on each side. To reach the main door it is necessary to climb up a long flight of granite steps to a Doric portico. This central portion of the Institute including the portico is covered by a Mansard roof. Set back from the plane of the main facade is a wing on each side, each of which is two stories above a full basement, two bays long and four bays deep, with a pilaster at the outer corner extending above the line of the lowpitch hipped roof.

Set back still farther is a third granite wing on the west side, five bays long and three bays deep. The windows of the first floor are elongated and semicircular arches. It may have been a chapel. Lintels above the other windows throughout the building are of a single block of granite. Traces of woodwork remain in the rubble within.

(see reverse side)
National Trust for Historic Preservation

"Preservation News", August, 1907, announced the 'Friends of the Patapsco Institute' are undertaking restoration of building.
School closed - 1891. Later used as Hotel.
Hospital in 1917 for war veterans.
Summer theater productions in the 1930's.

National Trust Preservation News, Garvey letter, Oct. 4, 1965
The Railroad Hotel can be located in this etching, dated cir. 1840.
Lithography of Main Street, dated cir. 1832, shows location of yet to be constructed Railroad Hotel.
HO-60
Patapsco Female Institute (Patapsco Heights Hotel)
3655 Church Road, Ellicott City
Sanborn Maps

1887

PATAPSCO FEMALE INSTITUTE
PRINT, STORY - LIGHTS, CHERRY OIL.

1910

PATAPSCO HEIGHTS HOTEL
CLOSED IN WINTER.
LIGHTS ELECTRIC. NO HEAT.
RECK NOT SUPPLIED OR PUMP
FREEZING FROM DECEMBER MISTS.
HO-60
Patapsco Female Institute (Patapsco Heights Hotel)
3655 Church Road, Ellicott City
Ellicott City quad 1953, Photorevised 1966 and 1974

Tax Map 25, Parcel 212
National Web Map Service 6" Orthophoto Map, c. 2010
HO-60
Patapsco Female Institute (Patapsco Heights Hotel)
3655 Church Road, Ellicott City
Photos by Jennifer K. Cosham, 11/28/2012
South elevation

South elevation

Southeast elevation
J. Hamilton
3/1975

PITAPSCO FEM. INST. CSE
**PROPERTY PHOTOGRAPH FORM**

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<th>1. NAME</th>
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<td>DATE OF PHOTO: FEB 1975</td>
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<td>SE side (front)</td>
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<tr>
<td>(Bldg. Ruins in Center of Photo)</td>
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J. Hannan
2/1975
FEM. PAT. INST.
N.W. SIDE
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