

WI-11
Dashiell House
Cox's Corner vicinity (Site)
Private

c. 1730-40

Commonly known as the Dashiell house, this story-and-a-half Flemish bond brick dwelling was one of a series of houses erected by the Dashiell family along Wetipquin Creek during the second quarter of the eighteenth century. The three-bay, single-pile dwelling was particularly noteworthy for its glazed brick decoration on the gable end, which consisted of a carefully laid checkerboard pattern on the first floor and a center diamond of glazed brick framed by diagonally set headers in a repeating zig-zag design distinguishing the gable end. The glazed brickwork of the Dashiell house is similar to the elaborate glazed brick diaper pattern that remains at the Beauchamp house south of Westover in Somerset County. Occupied until the 1950s, the Dashiell house fell into disrepair after its last occupant, Amos Dashiell, died. Eventually the eighteenth century bricks were salvaged and used for restoration work at Pemberton Hall.

The construction of the Flemish bond house is estimated to date during the second quarter of the eighteenth century; either by planter James Dashiell III (d. 1737) or by his son James, who died in 1758. The land on which the house was located was part of a large plantation assembled by James Dashiell II (b. 1660-1708), who acquired tracts of land known as "Meeches" Wright," and "Meeches Desert" through his father James' will executed in 1697. James Dashiell I (1634-1697) acquired both tracts from patentee John Meech of Anne Arundel County in the late 1660s.

James Dashiell II bequeathed to his eldest son James in his 1708 will,

five hundred and fifty Acres of Land being in three several pattens (sic). The first being Meeches Wright Containing three hundred acres...the second called Meeches Desert and containing two hundred acres the third called Wolf Trap Ridg containing fifty acres and my Dwelling plantation where I now live...and I likewise give to my son James Dashiell My Sloop with Sayles and rigan, ancors, and cables

James Dashiell III died in 1758 without heirs and true to his father's intentions, the Wetipquin Creek land was inherited by his brother, Jesse Dashiell, who owned the property until the time of the American Revolution. In his will of 1778 he divided his lands between his two sons, James & Benjamin. The western half of the plantation, improved by the story-and-a-half brick house went to James Dashiell (1740-1796), who left his portion of the family land to his son James Whithier Dashiell at his death. At the time of the 1798 Federal Direct tax assessment, the plantation was listed under James Whithear (sic) Dashiell's ownership, but the property was occupied by a tenant, George Robertson. The main plantation property was described as

Situated on the Head of Tipquin Creek a Dwelling House of Brick One Story
35 by 18 feet Nothing Done inside with 4 windows 54 by 28 Ins. 4 ditto
44 by 28 Ins. Kitchen 16 by 14 feet, Smoke House 10 by 10 feet Milk House
8 by 8 feet

The plantation house and domestic outbuildings and 80 perches of land were valued at \$350. The plantation encompassed 350 acres, and the tax assessor valued the land at \$4 per acre or \$1400. The phrase "nothing done inside" suggests that the interiors were not finished with raised paneling, and this reference probably explains why the house was fitted later with early nineteenth century Federal woodwork. The "Meeches Desert" and

“Meeches Right” plantation lands passed to James Whithier Dashiell’s three sons, John Jay, James Alfred, and Benjamin Dashiell. Benjamin and his wife sold his interest to his other two brothers in 1838, and James A. Dashiell transferred his undivided moiety in the family land to John Jay three years later. Family tenure in the plantation was maintained by John Jay Dashiell until February 1865.

During the second half of the nineteenth century the John Jay Dashiell farm, as it was commonly called, was owned by James H. Elliott, who passed the farm to wife Missouri E. Elliott through his will of 1882. Elliott family ownership of the farm lasted until 1908. Members of the Dashiell family reacquired the the farm in 1910 with a purchase executed by Amos and Emma T. Dashiell.

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

1. Name (indicate preferred name)

historic Dashiell House

and/or common

2. Location

street & number North side of Head of Creek Road not for publication

city, town Cox's Corner vicinity of congressional district First

state Maryland county Wicomico

3. Classification

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use	
<input type="checkbox"/> district	<input type="checkbox"/> public	<input type="checkbox"/> occupied	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> museum
<input type="checkbox"/> building(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private	<input type="checkbox"/> unoccupied	<input type="checkbox"/> commercial	<input type="checkbox"/> park
<input type="checkbox"/> structure	<input type="checkbox"/> both	<input type="checkbox"/> work in progress	<input type="checkbox"/> educational	<input type="checkbox"/> private residence
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> site	Public Acquisition	Accessible	<input type="checkbox"/> entertainment	<input type="checkbox"/> religious
<input type="checkbox"/> object	<input type="checkbox"/> in process	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> yes: restricted	<input type="checkbox"/> government	<input type="checkbox"/> scientific
	<input type="checkbox"/> being considered	<input type="checkbox"/> yes: unrestricted	<input type="checkbox"/> industrial	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> not applicable	<input type="checkbox"/> no	<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> other: none

4. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name

street & number telephone no.:

city, town state and zip code

5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Wicomico County Clerk of Court liber

street & number Wicomico County Courthouse folio

city, town Salisbury state MD 21801

6. Representation in Existing Historical Surveys

title Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties

date 1970 federal state county local

pository for survey records Maryland Historical Trust

city, town Crownsville state MD 21032

7. Description

Survey No. WI-11

Condition		Check one	Check one	
<input type="checkbox"/> excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> deteriorated	<input type="checkbox"/> unaltered	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> original site	
<input type="checkbox"/> good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ruins	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> altered	<input type="checkbox"/> moved	date of move _____
<input type="checkbox"/> fair	<input type="checkbox"/> unexposed			

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

Historically known as the Dashiell house, this second quarter of the eighteenth century brick house formerly stood on the north side of Head of Creek Road approximately a mile east of Cox's Corner, Wicomico County, Maryland. The story-and-a-half brick house faced south with the gable roof oriented on an east/west axis.

Dating from two distinct periods, the story-and-a-half, three-bay brick house was built around 1740-50, while a two-story, three-bay side hall/parlor frame addition was erected around 1820. The Flemish bond brick dwelling had been given an exterior coat of stucco, which by the 1970s had flaked off partially exposing the decorative glazed header brickwork. Before the house was salvaged for its materials, careful drawings were executed of the glazed header brickwork that included a highly elaborate display of checkerboard and diagonal zigzag patterning. Centered in the top of one gable end was a solid lozenge of glazed bricks. The wood shingled gable roof had a steep pitch of approximately 45 degrees. The frame addition was covered by a plain weatherboard siding, most of which had been covered with asbestos shingles during the mid twentieth century. The roof had a medium to low pitch.

The south elevation of the eighteenth century brick house was marked by three window openings when photographed in 1974 by Orlando Wooten. The window frames were executed with narrow, plain surrounds of nineteenth century date. Due to the coat of stucco it is difficult to determine the original fenestration but it probably had a centrally placed door. The base of the roof was finished with a plain boxed cornice. Piercing the gable roof were two gable roofed dormers filled with six-over-six sash windows and sided with diagonal boards.

The gable end was partially covered with stucco as well, and a pair of window openings pierced the first floor. An interior end brick chimney pierced the roofline. The east gable end was covered entirely by the two-story side hall/parlor mid nineteenth century addition. In order to continue using the interior end brick chimney on the east gable, its height was increased so that it rose above the taller two-story frame addition.

The interior of the eighteenth century house had been remodeled during the nineteenth century according to descriptions of Federal woodwork that had survived until the 1970s.

The two-story, mid nineteenth century east end addition was defined on its south wall by a side entrance fixed in the left (west) bay, while the other two openings were filled with nine-over-six sash windows. The second floor was lighted by three evenly spaced six-over-six sash. Finishing the base of the roof was a boxed cornice. The gable ends were flush and trimmed with a plain bargeboard. A small four-pane window opening flanked the chimney stack. Rising through the east gable end was an interior end brick chimney finished with a corbeled cap. The interior finishes were described as distinctive to the early nineteenth century with herringbone reeding featured in the parlor mantel.

8. Significance

Period	Areas of Significance—Check and justify below			
<input type="checkbox"/> prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology-prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> archeology-historic	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> sculpture
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> social/humanitarian
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> music	<input type="checkbox"/> theater
<input type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government	<input type="checkbox"/> other (specify)
		<input type="checkbox"/> invention		

Specific dates	Builder/Architect
check: Applicable Criteria: <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D	
and/or	
Applicable Exception: <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F <input type="checkbox"/> G	
Level of Significance: <input type="checkbox"/> national <input type="checkbox"/> state <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> local	

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

Commonly known as the Dashiell house, this story-and-half Flemish bond brick dwelling was one of a series of houses erected by the Dashiell family along Wetipquin Creek during the second quarter of the eighteenth century. The three-bay, single-pile dwelling was particularly noteworthy for its glazed brick decoration on the gable end, which consisted of a carefully laid checkerboard pattern on the first floor and a center diamond of glazed bricks framed by a diagonally set headers in a repeating zig-zag design. The glazed brickwork of the Dashiell house is similar to the elaborate glazed brick diaper pattern that remains at the Beauchamp house south of Westover in Somerset County. Occupied until the 1950s, the house fell into disrepair after its last occupant, Amos Dashiell, died. Eventually the eighteenth century bricks were salvaged and used for restoration work at Pemberton Hall.

The site is archeologically significant as a known location of an early eighteenth century dwelling built in an elaborate manner. The property qualifies for listing in *Category A*, which identifies sites of high architectural and/or historical significance.

The construction of the Flemish bond house is estimated to date during the second quarter of the eighteenth century; either by planter James Dashiell III (d. 1737) or his son James, who died in 1758.(1) The land on which the house was located was part of a large plantation assembled by James Dashiell II (b. c. 1660-1708), who acquired tracts of land known as "Meeches Wright," and "Meeches Desert" through his father James' will executed in 1697.(2) James Dashiell I (1634-1697) acquired both tracts from patentee John Meech of Anne Arundel County in the late 1660s.(3)

James Dashiell II bequeath to his eldest son James in his 1708 will,

five hundred and fifty Acres of Land being in three several pattens (sic). The first being Meeches Wright Containing three hundred acres...the second called Meeches Desert and containing two hundred acres the third called Wolf Trap Ridg containing fifty acres and my Dwelling plantation where I now Live....and I likewise give to my son James Dashiell My Sloop with Sayles and rigan, ancors and cables (4)

(Continued)

9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey No. WI-11

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of nominated property _____

Quadrangle name _____

Quadrangle scale _____

UTM References do NOT complete UTM references

A

Zone	Easting			Northing					

B

Zone	Easting			Northing					

C

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

D

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

E

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F

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G

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

H

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Verbal boundary description and justification

List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries

state	code	county	code
-------	------	--------	------

state	code	county	code
-------	------	--------	------

11. Form Prepared By

name/title Paul B. Touart, Architectural Historian

organization Private Consultant

date 7/29/96

street & number P. O. Box 5

telephone 410-651-1094

city or town Westover

state Maryland 21871

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust
Shaw House
21 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
(301) 269-2438

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
DHCP/DHCD
100 COMMUNITY PLACE
CROWNSVILLE, MD 21032-2511
#114700

8.1 SIGNIFICANCE

Dashiell House, WI-11

Cox's Corner vicinity, Wicomico County, Maryland

James Dashiell III died in 1758 without heirs and true to his father's intentions, the Wetipquin Creek land was inherited by his brother, Jesse Dashiell, who owned the property until the time of the American Revolution. In his will of 1778 he divided his lands between his two sons, James & Benjamin.(5) The western half of the plantation, improved by the story-and-a-half brick house went to James Dashiell (1740-1796), who left his portion of the family land to his son James Whithier Dashiell at his death.(6) At the time of the 1798 Federal Direct tax assessment, the plantation was listed under James Whithear (sic) Dashiell's ownership, but the property was occupied by a tenant, George Robertson. The main plantation property was described as

Situated on the Head of Tipquin Creek a Dwelling House of Brick One Story
35 by 18 feet Nothing Done inside with 4 windows 54 by 28 Ins. 4 ditto
44 by 28 Ins. Kitchen 16 by 14 feet, Smoke House 10 by 10 feet Milk House
8 by 8 feet

The plantation house and domestic outbuildings and 80 perches of land were valued at \$350.(7) The plantation encompassed 350 acres, and the tax assessor valued the land at \$4 per acre or \$1400.(8) The phrase "nothing done inside" suggests that the interiors were not finished with raised paneling, and this reference probably explains why the house was fitted later with early nineteenth century Federal woodwork. The "Meeches Desert" and "Meeches Right" plantation lands passed to James Whithier Dashiell's three sons, John Jay, James Alfred, and Benjamin Dashiell. Benjamin and his wife sold his interest to his other two brothers in 1838 (9), and James A. Dashiell transferred his undivided moiety in the family land to John Jay three years later.(10) Family tenure in the plantation was maintained by John Jay Dashiell until February 1865.(11)

During the second half of the nineteenth century the John Jay Dashiell farm, as it was commonly called, was owned by James H. Elliott, who passed the farm to wife Missouri E. Elliott through his will of 1882.(12) Elliott family ownership of the farm lasted until 1908.(13) Members of the Dashiell family reacquired the the farm in 1910 with a purchase executed by Amos and Emma T. Dashiell.(14)

FOOTNOTES

1 Dashiell, Benjamin J. *Dashiell Family Record*, Baltimore: The Sun Printing Office, 1928.

8.3 SIGNIFICANCE

Dashiell House, WI-11

Cox's Corner vicinity (Site)

FOOTNOTES (Continued)

2 Dryden, Ruth T. *Land Records of Wicomico County, Maryland, 1666-1810.*

Westminster, Maryland: Family Line Publications, 1992, pp. 267-68.

3 *Ibid.*

4 Somerset County Will Book, EB 5/115, Written 2/16/1708/9, Proved 3/14/1708, Somerset County Courthouse.

5 Somerset County Will Book, EB 1/81, Written 4/16/1773, Proved 6/25/1778, Somerset County Courthouse.

6 Somerset County Will Book, EB 17/471, Written 9/18/1795, Proved 2/9/1796, Somerset County Courthouse.

7 Federal Direct Tax Assessment, 1798, Nanticoke Hundred, James Whithear Dashiell, Particular List of Dwelling Houses, Delmarva Research Center of History and Culture, Salisbury State University.

8 Federal Direct Tax Assessment, 1798, Nanticoke Hundred, James Whithear Dashiell, Particular List of Lands, Delmarva Research Center of History and Culture, Salisbury State University.

9 Somerset County Land Record, GH 385, 1/18/1838, Somerset County Courthouse.

10 Somerset County Land Record, AH 125, 12/14/1841, Somerset County Courthouse.

11 Somerset County Land Record, LW 8/574, 2/27/1865, Somerset County Courthouse.

12 Wicomico County Will Book, ELW 1/49, Written 7/8/1882, Proved 8/3/1882, Wicomico County Courthouse.

13 Wicomico County Land Record, EAT 57/117, 1/16/1908, Wicomico County Courthouse.

14 Wicomico County Land Record, 71/237, 12/14/1910, Wicomico County Courthouse.

WI-11
Dashiell House
Cox's Corner vicinity (site)
Chain of title

436/339 Emma T. Dashiell, et al. Heirs of Amos Dashiell

to

8/14/1957 W. Oscar and Annie E. Dashiell

100 acres

71/237 Moses Nichols
Annie T. Dashiell

to

12/14/1910 Amos Dashiell
Emma T. Dashiell

EAT 57/117 Daniel J. Elliott
Lottie E. Elliott

to

1/16/1908 Moses Nichols

\$2,000

JTT 29/198 William T. Elliott

to

4/6/1901 Daniel J. Elliott

WI-11
Dashiell House
Cox's Corner vicinity (site)
Chain of title continued

Page 2

Will Book
ELW 1/49

Last Will and Testament of James H. Elliott

to

Written
7/8/1882
Proved
8/3/1882

William T. Elliott

Item I give to my children that my wife M. E. Elliott
now has or may have by me one half of the
farm on Wetipquin Creek known as the White
farm and all the farm known as the John J.
Dashiell farm

Wicomico Chancery
SPT 4/152

1872

Somerset County
Land Record
LW 8/574

John J. Dashiell (d. 11/19/1865)
Mary Ann Dashiell

to

2/27/1865

John Ware Dougherty

\$8,000 "Discovery," "Meeches Desert," "Meeches
Right," "Locust Ridge"

WI-11
Dashiell House
Cox's Corner vicinity (site)
Chain of title continued

Page 3

AH 125

James A. Dashiell

to

12/14/1841

John Jay Dashiell

All of his the said James A. Dashiell's undivided moiety of the following tracts, "Discovery," "Meeches Desert," "Meeches Right," "Locust Ridge." 402 3/8 acres

GH 385

Benjamin Dashiell
Charlotte Dashiell

to

1/18/1838

John Jay Dashiell
James A. Dashiell
(Note: John Jay Dashiell, James Alfred Dashiell, and Benjamin Dashiell were sons of James Whithier Dashiell, Dashiell Family Genealogy, Volume 1, p. 113.

1798 Federal Direct Tax Assessment, Nanticoke Hundred, Particular List of Dwellings

Owner-James Whithear Dashiell
Occupant-George Robertson

Situated on the Head of Tipquin Creek a Dwelling House of Brick One Story 35 by 18 feet Nothing Done inside with 4 windows 54 by 28 Ins. 4 ditto 44 by 28 Ins. Kitchen 16 by 14 feet Smoke House 10 by 10 feet Milk House 8 by 8 feet Erected on 80 perches of land & Valued at \$350

1798 Land Assessment, Owner-James Whithear Dashiell
Occupant-George Robertson

Situated on the Head of Tipquin Creek a parcel of Land Containing 350 acres Valued at \$4 per acre \$1400

WI-11
Dashiell House
Cox's Corner vicinity (site)
Chain of title continued

Page 4

Somerset County
Will Book
EB 17/471

Last Will and Testament of James Dashiell (1740-1796)

to

Written
9/18/1795
Proved
2/9/1796

I give and bequeath to my son, James Whithear Dashiell
(minor)

to son, Benjamin Dashiell

to son, Jesse Dashiell (executor)

to son, John Evans Dashiell

EB 1/81

Last Will and Testament of Jesse Dashiell

to

Written
4/16/1773
Proved
6/25/1778

James Dashiell

"As to the division lines of all my lands that I hold up toward
the head of the Creek between my son James & Benjamin

unto my son James Dashiell....all the west norwest end of
my land agreeable to the corses above mentioned

to my son Benjamin Dashiell....all the eastermost ends of
all my land agreeable to the division....

WI-11
Dashiell House
Cox's Corner vicinity (site)
Chain of title continued

EB 9/196

Last Will and Testament of James Dashiell

to

Written
5/16/1736
Proved
4/25/1737

To son James (died 1758)

I give and bequeath unto my son James Dashiell....part of two Tracts of Land the one called Meeches Right the other Meeches Desert begining oat the Mouth of a Gutt that divides the Land of John Hopkins from mine....in the case that James should die without issue Lawfully begotten as before then the above device shall be the right of Jesse Dashiell

To son Winder Dashiell 50 acres of Wolf Trap Ridge

EB 5/115

Last Will and Testament of James Dashiell (born c. 1660,
died 1708)

to

Written
2/16/1708/9
Proved
3/14/1708

James Dashiell

unto my Eldest son James Dashiell five hundred and fifty Acres of Land being in three several pattens (sic). The first being Meeches Wright Containing three hundred acres...the second called Meeches Desert and containing two hundred acres the third called Wolf Trap Ridg containing fifty acres and my Dwelling plantation where I now Live....and Incase my son James will hold fifty acres of land called Wolf Trap Ridg that he pay unto my son Christopher Dashiell the full sum of Fifteen hundred pounds of Tobacco and I likewise give to my son James Dashiell My Sloop with Sayles and rigan, ancors and cables

TYASKIN

Dist. No. 3
WICOMICO CO.



- ### TYASKIN DISTRICT BUSINESS REFER- ENCES.
- W. J. CATLIN, M. D.**, Physician and Surgeon. All calls promptly attended to. Res. and Office at Belgrade Farm. P. O., Tyaskin, Md.
 - W. D. HEATH**, Dealer in Groceries, Hardware, Tobacco, Linens, &c. Tyaskin, Md.
 - NOAH J. TILGHMAN**, Proprietor of "Tyaskin Mills," Manufacturer of Corn-meal, Hominy, and all kinds of Lumber. Custom work done in sawing and grinding.
 - J. E. B. KORNER**, Owner of the fine Sloop "James Wesley." All kinds of freighting done to and from any point on the "Chesapeake Bay," or its tributaries. Especial Attention to the purchase and freighting of Owners. Res. and P. O., Tyaskin, Md.
 - J. W. WINGATE**, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Caps, Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Ready-made clothing, Confectionery, Wines, Whiskies, Brandy and Rum, and all articles usually kept in a first class country store, at Whitehaven.

- WARE WINRIGHT**, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Notions, &c., and all goods usually kept in a country store. Whitehaven P. O.
- W. G. & J. Q. TILGHMAN**, Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Cutlery, Tobacco, Cigars, Notions, &c. Tyaskin, Md.
- JOHN WILLING AND CO.** Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Notions and all articles usually kept in a country store. Nanticoke P. O.
- B. A. LANGRALL**, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, and all articles usually kept in a first class country store. Store near M. E. Church, Nanticoke Point.
- JNO. TURNER AND SON**, Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Boots, Shoes, &c. Nanticoke, Md.
- J. A. CONAWAY**, Physician and Surgeon. Office and Res. near M. E. Church, Nanticoke Point.
- J. E. ELLIOTT**, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Ready-made clothing, Extracts, Patent Medicines, Notions, and all goods usually kept in a first class country store. Store at Green Hill.



WI-11
Dashiell House (SITE)
Wetipquin, Maryland Quadrangle
1983



Dash.elle House - WI

WI - 11

5 16 9



Dashielle House - WI

WI - 11

ms 3/68



Deshelle House (detail) Wi

WI - 11

MD. HISTORICAL TRUST
BOX 1704
ANNAPOLIS, MD. 21404

Nicomico 1969

MICHAEL BOURNE