This report describes a salvage archeology project conducted in 1981 at Notley Hall (18ST75). The work was undertaken in order to examine areas slated (at the time) to be disturbed by construction related to the restoration of the Hall. In so doing, a persistent local tradition which holds that the Hall is a survivor of a larger, older structure was also tested.

Research Potential:

Based on the 1981 research at 18ST75, Upper Notley appears to be a significant archeological resource. Intact features and artifact deposits were encountered in situ with diagnostic materials. The research results were useful in answer questions about the site's history and the construction details of Notley Hall. Though the foundation remnants of the earlier dwelling at 18ST75 appear to have been capped during the construction that followed the 1981 work, it is conceivable that outbuildings or other cultural deposits may be present in the fields surrounding the site. 18ST75 should continue to be considered a significant archeological resource.